The Bombay Gazette.

No 6,566.—New Series. BOMBAY :—SATURDAY, MARCH 2, 1867. Annual Subscription in advance...Rupees Fifty-Two.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For a year in advance, delivered in Town	Rs.	64
including postage	„	72
For half a year in advance, delivered in Town	„	28
including postage	„	38
For three months advance, delivered in Town	„	16
including postage	„	21 0
For one month, delivered in Town	„	5 0
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Single Copy for Cash	„	0 4
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For Ten lines and under

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second Ditto	„ 2 8
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LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	7 As. per line.
Second Ditto	4 „
Third and succeeding	2 „ „

In the Native languages double the above.

Domestic Occurrences. Each...Rupee 1.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The charge for notifying a Domestic Occurrence is One Rupee.

BENGAL.

BIRTH.

WORGAN—February 18th, at Purneah, the wife of J. B. Worgan, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, of a daughter.

SHIPPING.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited), under mail contract with Government, despatch Steamers twice a month from Bombay to the Persian Gulf, touching at Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, and Bussorah on the following dates:—

Leave Bombay	3rd & 17th		Leave Bussorah	19th &	2nd
„ Muscat	8th	22nd	„ Bushire	23rd	6th
„ B. Abbas	11th	25th	„ Linga	25th	9th
„ Linga	12th	26th	„ B. Abbas	28th	11th
„ Bushire	16th	30th	„ Muscat	29th	12th
Arrive Bussorah	17th	31st	Arrive Bombay	2nd	16th

The Steam Ship "EUPHRATES," 750 tons, 140 H. P., Commander R. TAUNTON, will be despatched as above on the 4th March.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

Interchanging Cargo at Kurrachee by the first available Steamer to and from Sukkur, Mooltan, Lahore and Umritsur, with the Oriental Inland Steam Company's Steamers.)

THE British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited), under contract with Government, despatch a Steamer with mails, passengers, and cargo to Kurrachee twelve hours after arrival of the P. and O. Company's Mail steamers from Suez.

DATES OF DEPARTURE.

From Bombay usually about.................. 11th and 25th.

„ Kurrachee on .... 10th and 25th.

The Steam Ship "PUNJAUB," 1,040 tons, 250 H. P. Commander CHARLES DAY, will be despatched as above twelve hours after the arrival of the next Overland Mail.

N. B.—When the English Mail arrives betwixt 6 P. M. and 6 A. M., the Kurrachee Steamer sails punctually twelve hours after, but when it arrives betwixt 6 A. M. and 6 P. M. it is despatched at 7 the following morning; this is to avoid Passengers embarking at night. When the sailing time falls upon a Sunday, the Steamer is despatched at 7 A. M. on the Monday morning.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

(Interchanging by the Steamer of the First, Passengers and Cargo at Galle to and from Singapore, Saigon, Batavia, Hongkong, Shanghai, and Yokohama.)

THE British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited), under contract with Government, despatch Steamers as above twice a month, with Mails, Passengers, and Cargo, on the following dates:—

Leave Bombay	1 &	15	Leave Calcutta	1 &	15
„ Carwar	2	16	„ Bimlipatam	4	18
„ Mangalore	3	17	„ Vizagapatam	4	18
„ Cannanore	4	18	„ Coconada	5	19
„ Calicut	4	18	„ Madras	9	23
„ Cochin	5	19	„ Negapatam	10	24
„ Tuticorin	..	..	„ Galle	13	
„ Colombo	..	20	„ Colombo	..	27
„ Galle	7		„ Tuticorin	..	28
„ Negapatam	12	24	„ Cochin	15	29
„ Madras	13	27	„ Calicut	16	30
„ Coconada	15	29	„ Cannanore	17	1
„ Vizagapatam	16	30	„ Mangalore	18	1
„ Bimlipatam	16	30	„ Carwar	18	2
Arrive Calcutta	19	3	Arrive Bombay	20	4

The Steam Ship "ARABIA," 1040 tons, 250 H. P., Commander J. J. BATTLETON will be despatched as above, at noon on 15th March.

The Steamers leaving Calcutta and Bombay on the 15th of the month, call at Tuticorin and Colombo, and the Steamers of the 1st at Galle, as above, interchanging Passengers and Cargo with the French Company's Steamers.

This route is the most expeditious and economical for passengers for the Neilgherrie district, Bangalore and Madras, who can land at Beypore, and proceed from thence by rail.

Passengers for Calcutta can take the same route, picking up the steamer at Madras.

Passengers for Rangoon, Akyab, or Moulmein can proceed by the Steamers of the 15th, and tranship to the Rangoon Mail Steamer which leaves Madras on the 3rd.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM FERRIES (under contract with Government).—The FERRY BOATS of the Bombay Coast and River Steam Navigation Company (Limited) will ply across the Harbour daily, stopping at the undermentioned Bunders:—

Departure from Carnac Bunder to	Oorun.	Oolwa.	Mandwa.	Karunja.	Dhurumtur.
	FARES.				
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
First Class	2 0	3 0	2 0	2 0	3 0
Second Class	0 8	0 12	0 8	0 8	0 12
Third Class	0 4	0 6	0 4	0 4	0 6

The Steam Ferry Boats will on and after the 18th January run as follows until further notice:—

From Carnac Bunder, the Dhurrumtur Ferry will leave every morning at 8 A. M., and the Oolwa Ferry at 9 A. M.

From Dhurumtur and Oolwa every afternoon at 1 P. M.

First Class Season Tickets available for either Ferry for a period of Six months are issued at Rs. 50.

J. A. SHEPHERD, Manager.

Apollo Street, Bombay, 28th October 1866.

N. B.—Passengers' Tickets can be obtained at the "Chowk" in Carnac Bunder.

BOMBAY COAST AND RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

THE Bombay Coast and River Steam Navigation Company (Limited) will, until further notice, despatch Steamers ONCE A WEEK to and from the MALABAR COAST calling at the intermediate Ports, on the following days:—

DOWN STEAMERS.		UP STEAMERS.	
Bombay ......Dep.	Saturday.	Cochin.........Dep.	Saturday.
Rutnagherry. „	Sunday.	Beypore ...... „	Sunday.
Vingorla...... „	Sunday.	Calicut ...... „	Sunday.
Goa........... „	Monday.	Tellicherry ... „	Monday.
Carwar .... „	Monday.	Cannanore ... „	Monday.
Compta .... „	Monday.	Mangalore ... „	Tuesday.
Mangalore .... „	Tuesday.	Compta ...... „	Wednesday.
Cannanore .... „	Wednesday.	Carwar ...... „	Wednesday.
Tellicherry .. „	Wednesday.	Goa .... „	Wednesday.
Calicut ...... „	Wednesday.	Vingorla ..... „	Thursday.
Beypore ...... „	Wednesday.	Rutnagherry. „	Thursday.
Cochin ......Arr.	Thursday.	Bombay ......Arr.	Friday.

The Steamer "LORD ELPHINSTONE" will be despatched according to the above table on SATURDAY, the 2nd proximo.

J. A. SHEPHERD, Manager.

Apollo Street, 1st January 1867.

STEAM TO ADEN, HODEIDAH, JEDDAH & SUEZ.

THE BOMBAY COAST AND RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED) will despatch their Steam Ship "SIR BARTLE FRERE" as above on the 9th instant.

For Freight or Passage (natives only) apply [illegible] SHEPHERD, Manager.

Sassoon Buil[illegible] 7 Apollo Street, 1st March 1867.

FOR HAVRE.

THE "STAR OF THE NORTH," Captain RAWLE, to leave the end of March, has excellent accommodation for a few First and Second Class Passengers. Apply to

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.

FOR LONDON VIA KURRACHEE.

(Under engagement to H. M.'s Government.)

To sail about 1st proximo.

THE new Clipper Ship "DILAWUR," A. 1, 14 years at Lloyds, 1,306 Tons register, JAMES H BAILLIE, R. N. R., Commander, will be despatched as above.

This Vessel has very superior accommodation for Passengers. For further particulars, apply to

W. NICOL & Co., Agents Ship *Dilawur*.

Bombay, 19th February 1867.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo, per Ship "REVENUE," arrived from London, are requested to despatch Boats at once to take delivery, otherwise the same will be landed by the Captain at the risk and expense of the concerned.

BLACKWELL & Co.,

Agents for the ship *Revenue*.

Bombay, 27th February 1867.

WE beg to announce that we have commenced Business from the 20th inst. as AUCTIONEERS and GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS, and trust by a strict attention to the interests of Constituents to merit and obtain a fair share of public favour.

WEEKLY SALES on WEDNESDAYS at 1 P. M.—for any goods offering.

Special and liberal arrangements entered into with Gentlemen proceeding to England or otherwise breaking up their Establishments.

BAZONJEE & NUSSERWANJEE.

10 Sassoon's Buildings, Elphinstone Circle.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the Terms of the AGREEMENT made between the Government of India and the Bank of Bomay, the business connected with the PUBLIC DEBT payable in this Presidency, hitherto conducted in the Loan Branch of this Office, will be transferred to the Bank of Bombay on the 1st proximo.

C. E. CHAPMAN,

Deputy Accountant General.

Accountant Genl.'s Office, Loan Dept., 26th Feb. 1867.

FROM and after the 1st PROXIMO the Bank of Bombay will be prepared to make PAYMENT of Interest, Enfacement of Promissory Notes, and transact all business connected with the PUBLIC DEBT payble in this Presidency.

By order of the Board of Directors,

JOHN STUART,

Se[illegible]ry and Treasurer.

Bank of Bombay, 2[illegible] [illegible]867.

SHIPPING.

OVERLAND FREIGHT ROUTE.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ AND LIVERPOOL.

THE Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company (Limited) will despatch steamers to Suez about the 5th and 20th of each month calling at Aden. Returning steamers will leave Suez about the 5th and 20th of every month. Through Bills of Lading to Liverpool (by steamer from Alexandria) will be granted by the undersigned, and from Liverpool to Bombay by the Company's Agent in England.

RATES OF FARES TO SUEZ.

First Class..................£45 } Exclusive of Wines.

Second Class.................£25 }

For Freight or Passage apply to Messrs. Tod, Kennard & Co., 11, Rumford Street, Liverpool; Messrs. Tod, Rathbone & Co., Alexandria; or the undersigned at Bombay.

The S. S. "YAMUNA," 1,300 tons, Captain MORISON, will be despatched on the 5th March next.

STEARNS, HOBART & Co.,

Treasurers and Managers.

STEAM TO TRIESTE.

THE Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company (Limited) under arrangements entered into with the Australian Lloyd's Steam Navigation Company, book Passengers and Cargo through to Trieste:—

For Passengers.

First Class..............£ 64 10 0 } Including Railway

Second Class.............£ 37 5 0 } Transit thro' Egypt.

For further particulars and rates of freight apply to

STEARNS, HOBART & CO.,

Treasurers and Managers.

Bombay, 3rd August 1866.

"OVERLAND PASSENGERS" should procure their requirements at Apollo House. BADHAM'S.

NOTICES.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the FRIENDLY MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY of Bombay, will be held at the Office of the Secretaries, on TUESDAY, the 5th March next, at 3 o'clock, when the following SPECIAL RESOLUTION will be proposed:—"That the Company be wound up voluntarily."

CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.,

Bombay, 27th February 1867. Secretaries.

THE BRUNTON'S PATENT PRESS Co. CALCUTTA (LIMITED).—NOTICE is hereby given that all SHARES on which the unpaid Calls, with Interest at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, from due date, shall not have been paid on the 1st March 1867, will be absolutely forfeited for the benefit of the Company, in terms of the Articles of Association.

By order of the Directors,

SCHOENE, KILBURN & Co.,

Calcutta, 13th Feb. 1867. Secretaries and Treasurers.

THE FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION OF INDIA and CHINA (LIMITED) is prepared to receive APPLICATIONS for LOANS on the MORTGAGE of LAND and HOUSE PROPERTY in Bombay.

DEPOSITS

Received on the following terms –

For 12 months' .... 6 per cent.

6 months' .... 5 per cent.

By order of the Board,

Bombay, 1st Jan. 867. JOHN SMITH, Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Ld.)—A DIVIDEND for the half year ending 31st December last, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, and a bonus of 1 per cent for the half year, being equal to 8 per cent per annum, or Rs. 5 per Share, will be payable on or after SATURDAY the 2nd March to Proprietors registered in the Books of the Bank on 20th February.

By order of the Board of Directors,

JAMES WINDRAM, Agent.

Bombay, 28th February 1867.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has established a BULLOCK TRAIN from Khundwa to Mhow and Indore for the last four months to receive and deliver Goods to and fro.

Information regarding this will be had at the Office of Messrs. BALKRISHNA SITARAM & Co., Ramwady, Kalbadavie Road, and at the Shop of Jaitmul Panalall near Moombadavie, opposite the Police Chowkey.

NUNDLALL DOONGAJEE,

Agent to Roopchund Peerchund.

Bombay, 26th February 1867.

BANK OF HINDUSTAN, CHINA, AND JAPAN, LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION).—All persons claiming to be CREDITORS [illegible] Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan (Limited) a[illegible]red on or before SATURDAY, the 30th day of Marc[illegible], to send their NAMES and ADDRESSES and the PARTICULARS of their DEBTS or CLAIMS to the un[illegible]gned, Liquidators of the said Bank, addressed to [illegible] Liquidators to the care of the Manager of the Branch [illegible] the said Bank at Bombay, or, in default thereof, th[illegible]aid Liquidators will proceed to distribute the Assets [illegible] the said Bank, having regard only to the Claims of which they shall then have had notice.—Dated this 26th day of January 1867.

W. F. ALLEN, }

J. R. ENGLEDUE, } Liquidators.

GEO. MACNAIR, }

D. CHADWICK, }

ASHURST MORRIS & Co.,

6, Old Jewey, London E. C.,

Solicitors for the Liquidators.

NOTICE.—CAPTAINS and AGENTS are respectfully informed that LENAHAN'S IRON WORKS are in full operation at the Victoria Bunder, next to the Gun Carriage Factory, Colaba. Ships' Boats can come alongside the Works, whereby a saving of about 20 per cent. may be reckoned on, as no Coolies or Carts are required to convey work to and from the interior of the Town as has been the practice hitherto, while the Charges will be found as moderate as those of other Workshops in Bombay. Orders for every description of wood work executed also.

OVERLAND CHEESE, BACON, AND HAM.—The late Cattle Plague having subsided, we are enabled to reduce the price of the above as under:—

Albert and Double Gloster Cheese, weighing from 30 to 40 lbs. each, (*suitable for Messes*)...	...at	Rs. 1 4 per lb.
Chedder, Berkeley, Somerset and Pine, varying from 7 to 12 lbs.	...at	„ 1 4 „
Stilton, from 9 to 12 lbs...	...at	„ 1 6 „
Wiltshire Bacon in cut...	...at	„ 1 4 „
York and Wiltshire Hams...	...at	„ 1 4 „

These are imported in canvass with Sugar and Salt.

TREACHER & Co. (Limited).

RE SULAMON MOHIDEENA, AN INSOLVENT.—Consignees of Cargo per Ship "GLENCOY," from Mauritius, are hereby requested to take delivery of their respective Cargos as they come to hand, otherwise the same will be landed at their risk and expense. Freight to be paid to the undersigned.

HENRY GAMBLE,

Duly constituted Attorney of the Official Assignee of Calcutta.

Bombay, 14th February 1867.

LICENSE TAX.—Those persons who are liable to pay the LICENSE TAX, but have not yet taken out LICENSES, are reminded that they will soon incur the risk of prosecution in the Police Courts.

One half the fine inflicted on a defaulter will be paid by the Commissioner to the person on whose information the conviction was obtained.

By order,

H. B. VICCAJI,

Assistant Municipal Commissioner.

Assistant Municipal Commissioner's Office, 26th February 1867.

લાઈશનશ ટાકશ.

જે શખશો લાઇશનશ ટાકશ ભરવાને યોગીઅછે પણ તે લોકોએ હજી શુધી લાઇશનશ કડાવેઆં નથી તેવાં લોકો ને શુચના કરવામાં આવેચ કે તેવો ઊપર પોલીશ કોરટમાં જલદીથી ફરીઆદી કરવામાં આવશે.

જે શખશની ખબર ઊપરથી તકશીર શાબેત થઇ દંડ થશે તે શખશને તે દંડની અરધી રકમ કમીશનર આપશે.

કમીશનરનાં હોકમથી,

હોરમજી બાપુજી વીકાજી,

આશીશટંટ મીઉનીશીપાલ કમીશનર.

આશીશટંટ મીઉનીશીપાલ કમીશનરની હાફીશ, તા० ૨૬ મી ફેબરવારી ૧૮૬૭.

लायसेन्स ट्याक्स.

ज्या लोकांस लायसेन्स घेणे जरूर असुन अध्यापि त्याणीं आपले लायसन्स काढले नाहींत त्यास सुचविले जाते कीं त्यांजवर कायद्या प्रमाणें पोलिस कोर्टांत फिर्यादि करण्याचा प्रसंग येईल.

गुन्हेगारास झालेल्या दंडा पैकीं निम्मे रक्कम ज्या मनुश्याचे खबरे वरून गुन्हा सावित झाला असेल त्याजला कमिशनर साहेब यांजकडुन मिळण्यांत येईल.

हुकमावरून,

येच. बि. विकाजी,

आसिष्टंट कमिशनर.

आसिष्टंट कमिशनरची कचेरी, ता० २६ फेबुआरी सन १८६७.

NOTICES.

PUNCH IN INDIA, No. V., for March—CONTRIBUTORS for the next number are requested to forward their MSS at once.

PUNCH IN INDIA can be obtained *In Bombay*—At Messrs. THACKER, VINING & Co., Rampart Row, and Messrs. CHESSON & WOODHALL, No. 10, Hummum Street.

In Poona—At Messrs. ROGERS & Co., 23, Civil Lines.

In London—At Mr. G. STREET, 30 Cornhill.

THE PRINCE OF WALES PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED).—NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, Rampart Row West, on THURSDAY the 7th March at 3 P. M., to receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet for the half year ending 31st December 1866, and to appoint Directors and Auditors for the ensuing year.

The Transfer book will be closed from 1st to 7th March, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,

Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 28th February 1867.

THE ROYAL HOTEL.—The Proprietors of the above Hotel beg to announce that they have reopened this well known and commodious building in No. 2 Tamarind Lane, Meadow Street, Fort, for the accommodation of Gentlemen whose Offices and place of business are in the Fort, as well for the Inhabitants of Bombay generally.

The Proprietors, therefore, while they offer this great desideratum to the Public, engage to guarantee that every attention shall be paid to the comforts and convenience of those who may patronize them. The Proprietors solicit a renewal of that support from the Public which they formerly enjoyed.

NATIONAL HOTEL.—The PROPRIETORS of the above Hotel beg to announce that they have opened this Hotel for the accommodation of the public. The Hotel is fitted up and furnished in a most complete manner, and no expense has been spared to render it the most commodious and comfortable establishment. The Bed Rooms and Sitting Room are replete with every convenience, and the strictest regard is paid to cleanliness throughout the premises.

The Wines, Liquors, and Beers are of the very best description.

Tiffins are always ready between the hours of 12 and 4 daily, and Gentlemen and Ladies can be accommodated with Dinners and Suppers either in the Dining Hall or Private Rooms.

A first class Billiard is also provided.

No. 5, Forbes Street, Fort.

COMMERCIAL BANK CORPORATION OF INDIA AND THE EAST (IN LIQUIDATION).—A DIVIDEND of TEN SHILLINGS in the POUND having been declared by the OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR of this, Bank, Creditors in the China Loan and holders of Drafts are hereby informed that the above Dividend in respect of their Claims is payable in London on and after 19th instant. Creditors who have not already sent Powers of Attorney are requested to apply at the Bank's Office for forms of same to enable their representatives in London to draw their Dividends. Creditors who have not Agents in London to act for them are requested to apply personally at the Bank's Office here, where arrangements can be made for collecting their Dividends.

Claims of Local Depositors will most probably be settled here, of which further Notice will be given. In the meantime those whose claims do not exceed Rs. 500, can receive payment in full.

A. J. HUNTER,

J. BEATTIE,

Official Liquidators Bombay Branch, and Attorneys for William Hopkins Holyland, Official Liquidator for the Court of Chancery.

Bombay, 11th February 1867.

BY the Ice Ship "HENRY BUCK," from Boston

Ice.

200 Barrels Apples, } To arrive in February.

200 Cases Kerosein Oil, }

For Sale by C. W. SMITH,

Agent for the Tudor Company.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.—Established 1710.—The undersigned are prepared to grant Insurance, against loss by fire on buildings and their contents in Bombay and the Mofussil, at current rates.

PEEL, CASSELS & Co., Agents.

2nd April 1866.

AGRA BANK (LIMITED).—The Bank with the sanction of the Court of Chancery will resume the business formerly carried on by the Agra and Masterman's Bank (Limited) on the First day of March next.

W. H. PEILE, Manager.

Bombay, 25th February 1867.

AGRA AND MASTERMAN'S BANK, L[illegible]MITED, (IN LIQUIDATION).—The SECOND DIVIDEND of 25 per cent. on Registered Claims exceeding Rupees 1,000 with Interest on the First and Second Dividends will be payable by the Agra Bank (Limited) on and after the First day of March next.

Promissory Notes of the Agra Bank (Limited) for the balance of Claims will be deliverable at the same time.

W. H. PEILE, Manager Agra Bank (Ld.)

Bombay, 25th February 1867.

AGRA AND MASTERMAN'S BANK, LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION).—The balance, with interest of Registered Claims not exceeding Rupees 1,000, will be payable by the Agra Bank (Limited) on and after the First day of March next.

W. H. PEILE, Manager Agra Bank (Ld.)

Bombay, 25th February 1867.

THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.—CAPITAL £1,000,000 STERLING.—The undersigned have been appointed Agents, and are prepared to accept risks on behalf of the above Company. W. NICOL & Co.

Bombay, 15th December 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Bombay AUXILIARY of the CHURCH MISSIONARY SOCIETY will be held on THURSDAY, the 7th March, in the large Hall of the Robert Money Institution at 8 o'clock P. M. The Bishop of Bombay will preside.

T. K. WEATHERHEAD, S. C. L., Secretary.

IN the matter of Act XXVIII. of 1865, and of the Estate of SOONDERJEE NANJEE & Co. of Bombay, and NANJEE JEYCURN & Co. of Calcutta.—All DEBTORS to this ESTATE are hereby required forthwith to pay to the undersigned the amount of their DEBTS: and all CREDITORS are requested at once to send in their CLAIMS accompanied with Vouchers.

F. A. SPENCER,

T. F. PUNNETT,

ગોપાલદાશ માધવદાશ,

Trustees to the Estate.

No. 6 Rampart Row, 27th February 1867.

In the Press

A COLLECTION

OF ALL THE

SPEECHES AND ADDRESSES

DELIVERED BY

H. E. SIR BARTLE FRERE, G.C.S.I., K.C.B.

ON DIFFERENT OCCASIONS,

From 1862 down to the present day.

☞ Subscribers' names registered at the *Bombay City Press*, 51 Kalbadavie.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN WONDERS

MAMMOTH PAVILION, ESPLANADE,

OPPOSIT TO BIBLE DEPOSITORY,

THIS EVENING, SATURDAY, 2nd MARCH.

A GRAND CHANGE OF PERFORMANCE.

FOR THE FIRST TIME

MIRACULOUS POLANDERIC FEATS OF

ATLAS.

FOR THE FIRST TIME

THE SWUNGSEIL,

A DARING AND INTREPID AERIAL FLIGHT.

FOR THE FIRST TIME

THE MAGIC BARS,

A BEAUTIFUL AND GRACEFUL ACT OF GYMNASTIC SKILL IN THE AIR.

FOR THE FIRST TIME

THREE DROMEOES.

A COMIC LAUGHABLE AND INTERESTING SCENE.

PROFESSOR FULLER,

THE CHAMPION SKATER OF THE WORLD,

AS LORD DUNDREARY.

THE MYSTERIOUS AND MIRACULOUS FEAT OF

WALKING ON THE CEILING WITH THE HEAD DOWNWARDS,

NEVER BEFORE WITNESSED IN INDIA.

FOR THE FIRST TIME

A COMIC CHINESE PAS DE TROIS.

For further particulars see Programme of the day.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

First Class............Rs. 5 | Second Class...Rs. 3

Third Class ....Re. 1

Children under ten years half price to First and Second Class only.

Tickets to be had at the Box Office, Mammoth Pavilion, Esplanade, from 10 A. M.

A number of Private Boxes fitted for the express accommodation of Families, admitting five, Rs. 20.

Doors open at 7½, Performance to commence at 8½.

N.B.—Professor Fuller is prepared to give Private Lessons on Skating.—Six Lessons Rs. 20.

For further particulars enquire at the Mammoth Pavilion.

NOTICES.

NOW READY.

THE ABRIDGED EDITION

OF THE

BOMBAY CALENDAR AND DIRECTORY FOR 1867.

PRICE, Rs. 1-8, BY POST Rs. 1-12.

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[illegible]

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[illegible] Calendar can be sent by post to any part of [illegible]our Annas, IF PREPAID. If sent Bearing, [illegible] charge will range according to distance. The [illegible] cannot undertake to prepay the Postage, [illegible]revious remittance is made or Stamps to the [illegible]necessary be furnished.

[illegible] disappointment orders should be given immediately.

Bombay Gazette Office, Fort, 7th Jan. 1867.

PURE WATER.—TRAVELLERS should supply themselves with the "PATENT MOULDED CARBON FILTER," adapted for the pocket, which will effectually secure them from Cholera, Dysentery, Fever, and other diseases engendered by drinking impure water.

A selection of Filters for domestic use always on hand.

TREACHER & Co. (LIMITED),

Bombay, Byculla, and Poona.

"COCONADAS."—Just received a very superior batch of the following:—"Burmahs," "Trichinopoly Muster," "Queen's," "Short Coringas," "French Muster," and the "new Havanna-shaped Cigar." Apply to

ROGERS & Co.

POONA WATER WORKS.—NOTICE is hereby given that SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Office of the Municipality up to THURSDAY, the 7th March, for the construction of MASONRY CISTERNS, involving Excavation, coursed Rubble Masonry, Cut-stone Face Work, solid Cut-stone Work, Cut-stone Pavement, and Iron Fountains. Also, for laying best English Cast Iron Pipes of 4, 3, 2½, and 2 inches bore, thickness 3/8ths of an inch, complete, with the necessary T. Bends, Elbows, with Fire Plugs to suit the above Pipes. Also, Stand Pipes fixed complete with lead Pipes branching off the Main Pipes.

For particulars apply to the Executive Engineer, Mr. NASSERWANJEE CHANDABHOY, at the Office in Shookurwar Peit.

A. T. ETHERIDGE, Major,

Vice-President Municipality, Chairman Managing Committee.

Municipal Commissioner's Office, Poona, 21st February 1867.

FIFTH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE RIFLE ASSOCIATION OF WESTERN INDIA.

TUESDAY, FIRST DAY, 19TH FEBRUARY 1867.

1. *The Gold Medal of the Association.*—To be shot for by Members only (any position) with Rifles of any description or make (excluding all Rifles fitted with hair triggers or telescopic sights). Five shots each at 600 and 800 yards. Entrance 10 Rupees.

2. *A Sweepstakes* with Rupees 50 from the fund, for all comers. 5 shots each at 400 yards, in any position. Entrance Rupees 5. The winner to receive two-thirds of the donation and entrances; the second the balance, and the third to save his stakes.

THURSDAY, SECOND DAY, 21ST FEBRUARY.

1. *The Challenge Cup of the Association.*—To be shot for by Members only (Hythe position). Five shots each at 400 yards. Entrance Rupees 10, to be won twice consecutively before becoming the property of the winner.

2 *Enfield Rifles Sweepstakes.*—For all comers (Hythe position). 3 G. Mohurs from the Fund. Entrance Rs. 5. Four shots each at 200, 500, and 600 yards. Members of the Association only will be supplied with Rifles. Ammunition to be supplied on the ground. Winner to take two-thirds, and second the balance, third save his stake.

SATURDAY, THIRD DAY, 23RD FEBRUARY.

1. *A Silver Medal of the Association.* Entrance Rupees 5. To be given to the highest score, made under the following conditions:—*Distance*—About 120 yards. *Rifles*—Any muzzle-loader, double or single barrelled; to be loaded from the flask. *Time*—Five minutes for single barrels, four minutes for double barrels; to commence at the first shot. Competitors to come loaded, *but not capped*, to the firing point; at the word "Commence" to cap and fire; after each pair of shots to carry his rifle, ammunition, rod, and everything he makes use of in firing, round a post 50 yards off, loading when he likes, but not *capping* until he arrives at the firing point. No assistance in loading or firing to be given by any person to the competitors. *Competitors to enter as often as they wish on payment of an entrance Fee of 5 Rupees.*

2. Time permitting, *a Sweepstakes.* All comers. Any Rifles. 2 Goldmohurs from the fund. Entrance 5 Rupees. Five shots each at 100 yards, standing.

MONDAY, FOURTH DAY, 25TH FEBRUARY.

A Silver Medal of the National Rifle Association.—To be shot for by Members of the Rifle Association of Western India only. Five shots each at 200, 500, and 600 yards. None other than the Government Long Enfield Rifles, and Ammunition, supplied on the ground, to be used. Entrance Rupees 10. This entitles the Winner to compete for H. R. H. the Prince of Wales' £100 prize at Wimbledon this year. Any competitor failing to score 11 points in the aggregate, at 200 and 500 yards' range, shall be excluded from the further competition at 600 yards.

Prizeman's Cup, value Rs. 150.—To be shot for by non-winners of Prizes (who are Members of the Association) at this or any previous meeting. Five shots each at 600 and 800 yards. Any Rifles, any position. Entrance Rs. 5. There must be six entries at least, or the Cup will be withheld.

WEDNESDAY, FIFTH DAY, 27TH FEBRUARY.

The Enfield Rifle Sweepstakes—with Rupees 30 added from the Fund. Open to all Comers. To be shot for only with Government Long Enfield 1853, (vide General Hay's definition published in the Bye Laws) at 300 and 500 yards. 3 shots each in Hythe position. Entrance for N. C. Officers and Marksmen of H. M.'s Regiments Rs. 2, for Privates Re. 1 each, for all others Rs. 5. The Winner to receive two-thirds of the donation and entrances; the 2nd one-third, and the 3rd to save his entrance.

SATURDAY, SIXTH DAY, 2ND MARCH.

A Silver Cup, value Rupees 200. All Comers, 4 shots each at 300, 600 and 800 yards. Any Rifle, any position. Entrance Rupees 10.

Another Match will probably be shot for on this day; the particulars of which will be given hereafter.

HENRY GAMBLE,

Di[illegible] Rifle Association of Western India.

Bomba[illegible] 30th January 1867.

NOTICES.

SOMETHING NEW!—THE DIVAN EXCHANGE, No. 5 APOLLO STREET, kept by a White Man and his White Assistants.

To meet a want long felt in Bombay, this Establishment has recently been opened for the benefit of the Public and its Proprietor, and combines

AN AMERICAN RESTAURANT,

AN ICE CREAM SALOON, with

AN ENGLISH COFFEE HOUSE,

where neatness, cleanliness, and wholesomeness are main features.

The Rooms are commodious and centrally located, convenient for both

TRAVELLERS & RESIDENTS,

who can obtain on application properly cooked and tastefully served BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, SUPPERS, and other LIGHT REFRESHMENTS, such as Cold Meats, Fresh Oysters, Sandwiches, Bread and Cheese, &c. &c., together with AMERICAN DRINKS of all descriptions.

SHERBET,

DRAUGHT ALE } or Arf and Arf,

DRAUGHT PORTER }

DRAUGHT CIDER,

DRAUGHT SODA-WATER from Frozen Vaults and Snowey Fountains,

ICE CREAMS, CAKES, FRUIT, and CONFECTIONERY, and many other requisites and conveniences, including STAMPS, best AMERICAN TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

The House is supplied with Local and Foreign Papers.

Tickets to places of Amusement and information respecting the arrival and departure of Trains and Steamers may also be obtained.

Open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted

SORABJEE and NOWROJEE NANABHOY ESTATE.—CREDITORS of the above Firm are hereby requested to lodge their CLAIMS, accompanied by the relative Vouchers, with the Trustees; and DEBTORS to the Estate are requested to pay the amount of their DEBTS forthwith to Mr. A. C. MOORE, at the Office of the Trustees, Apollo House, Fort.

ROWLAND HAMILTON, }

J. A. J. SHAW, } Trustees.

CURSONDASS NENSEE, }

Bombay, 7th July 1686.

LETTERS BARS,—graduated for English and Inland Postage;—the most convenient instrument for determining amount of Postal Rates for Letters ever introduced.

TREACHER & Co. (LIMITED),

Bombay, Byculla, and Poona.

THE undersigned is prepared to purchase, press, and ship, or simply to press and ship COTTON at the port of Coconada. R. TOWLE.

Applications can be made to Messrs. TOWLE & Co., Coconada, or Messrs. ARBUTHNOT & Co., Madras.

BYCULLA OIL MILLS.—Raw Linseed Oil Rs. 2-5, Boiled Linseed Oil Rs. 2-9 per Imperial Gallon, delivered at the Mills. Quantities under 50 Gallons charged extra.

At ROGERS & Co.'s Works, Byculla.

NOTICE.—The INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. ELIAS DAVID SASSOON in our Firm here, and in our Branch Firms of David Sassoon Sons & Co. of China, CEASES from THIS DATE.

DAVID SASSOON & Co.

Forbes Street, Bombay, 1st January 1867.

NOTICE.—Mr. REUBEN DAVID SASSOON is admitted from THIS DATE a partner in our FIRM, which, henceforward, will consist of Mr. ABDULLAH DAVID SASSOON & Mr. REUBEN DAVID SASSOON.

DAVID SASSOON & Co.

Forbes Street, Bombay, 1st January 1867.

NOTICE.—With reference to the above, I hereby give NOTICE that I have established myself as a MERCHANT from THIS DAY.

E. D. SASSOON.

Bombay, 1st January 1867.

WOOD VIOLET PERFUME.—The original and unquestionably the finest is Breidenbach's, possessing the real scent of the hedgerow favourite. TREACHER & Co. (LIMITED),

Bombay, Byculla, and Poona.

NOTICE.—LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION (with the Will annexed) of WELLINGTON ROSE, late a Lieutenant in the 25th Regiment of Bombay Native Infantry, deceased, having been granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to the Honorable GEORGE FOGGO and JAMES ALEXANDER FORBES, Esquires, all persons indebted to the deceased's Estate, or having Property of his in their hands, are requested to pay the Debts, or hand the Property to the Administrators. And NOTICE is hereby given to all Creditors of the deceased, and persons having any Claim on his Estate, that unless they establish their Debts or Claims within one month from the date of this Advertisement the Assets will be handed over by the Administrators to CATHERINE ROSE, Widow, the Mother and Administratrix, in England (with the Will annexed) of the said WELLINGTON ROSE, deceased, and one of the residing Legatees named in his said Will.

ACLAND, PRENTIS, AND BISHOP,

Solicitors to the Administrators.

Bombay, 8th February 1867.

NOTICE.—LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION (with the Exemplification of the Probate of the last Will and Testament annexed) of the Estate and Effects of JAMES MORISON, formerly in the service of the Honorable East India Company, on their Madras establishment, but late of the Great Western Hotel, Paddington, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire, a Colonel on the Retired List of Her Majesty's Indian Army, deceased, having been granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to the Honorable GEORGE FOGGO and JAMES ALEXANDER FORBES, Esquires, all persons indebted to the deceased's Estate or having Property of his in their hands are requested to pay the Debts or hand the Property to the Administrators. And NOTICE is hereby given to all Creditors of the deceased, and persons having any Claim on his Estate, that unless they establish their Debts or Claims within one month from the date of this Advertisement the Assets will be handed over by the Administrators to MARIA MORISON, Widow, the relect of the said Testator, and to JOHN ELPHINSTON, Esquire, the Executors of the Will of the said JAMES MORISON, deceased.

ACLAND, PRENTIS, & BISHOP,

Solicitors to the Administrators.

Bombay, 8th February 1867.

THE BOMBAY COMMISSION AGENCY AND BANKING CORPORATION, LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION).—NOTICE is hereby given that the SECOND DISTRIBUTION of ASSETS of the above Corporation will be made by the Liquidators, at the rate of RUPEES TWO and ANNAS EIGHT (Rs. 2-8 ans.) per SHARE on or after the 5th proximo, at the OFFICE of the Corporation, No. 1 Oak Lane.

RAGHUNATH RAMCHUNDRA, }

TEMOOLJEE PESTONJEE, } Liquidators.

RAGHUNATH DAMODHUR, }

Bombay, 20th February 1867.

VIEGAS PATENT SLIP AND FOUNDRY COMPANY (LIMITED).—NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the VIEGAS PATENT SLIP and FOUNDRY COMPANY (LIMITED) will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 6 Bombay Green, on MONDAY the Fourth day of March 1867, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when with the view to an immediate return of Rupees One Hundred per Share out of the Capital of the Company to the Shareholders, and of a further return so soon as other Capital of the Company can be realized, the following Special Resolutions will be proposed:—

1st. That the Company be wound up voluntarily.

2nd. That Messrs. Pestonjee Nowrojee Pochajee, A. Viegas, and Sorabjee Frommurze be appointed Liquidators without any remuneration.

3rd. that the Liquidators have authority to transfer and sell the immoveable Property, Fixtures, Machinery, Plant, Stock-in-Trade, the sum of Rs. 55,000 in cash, and the business and good-will of the Company to the Viegas Slip Company (Limited), and to receive in compensation for such Transfer and Sale 3,000 fully paid up Shares of the nominal value of Rs. 250 each in such last mentioned Company.

By order of the Board of Directors,

ORABJEE, FROMMURZE, Secretary.

Bombay, 22d February 1867.

CARNAC IRON WORKS.—FRASER AND MILLER, (late Chief Engineers in P. & O. Co.,) beg to intimate they have OPENED the above Establishment on Carnac Bunder as ENGINEERS, MILL WRIGHTS, BOILER MAKERS, and GENERAL SMITHS, and are prepared to undertake the Repairs and Erection of all classes of Machinery.

Ship Captains will find the Carnac Iron Work very convenient from its close proximity to the Harbour.

Boats can come alongside at any state of the tide.

Carnac Bunder, 17th February 1867.

ARGYLL COLLEGE,

52 NOTTING HILL SQUARE,

AND

3 CLIFTON TERRACE, NOTTING HILL, LONDON.

Principal—Mr. Wm. D. Harvey, F. R. G. S.,

Assisted by eminent Professors and efficient Resident Masters.

Classics	Mr. Wm. D. Harvey, F. R. G. S. Mr. Daniel Munro, M. A.
Mathematics	Mr. Allan Connal, M. A.
French	Mons H. Dupont, P. A. Mons H. A de Joannis, M. A.
German	Dr. Hermann. Herr Bernhard Heymann.
English Composition, History, Geography, &c.	Mr. C. Sutton. Mr. Daniel Munro, M. A.
Drawing	Mr. H. Wright, Certificated Master in Art.

Piano, Singing, Part Singing, Elocution, and Drilling, by Messrs. Heinrich Bohrer, W. Wilkinson, G. Benson, Wm. Carter, Arthur J. Bell, and H. Munday.

This College offers to Parents and Guardians of youth, resident in Ind[illegible] [illegible]me in England, com[illegible] [illegible]tion.

Pupils are r[illegible]

Arrangemen[illegible] the vacations.

Pupils are [illegible]idge Local Examina[illegible]

Reference i[illegible]

[illegible]

Prospectus[illegible] at the *Bombay G*[illegible]

NOTICES.

NEW GOODS.—Messrs. WATSON & Co. beg to announce the arrival of a large assortment of the newest goods, in their various departments.

The latest styles in Parisian Bonnets—and also in Straw and Crinoline, untrimmed.

Richly embroidered Drap de France Mantles, Paletots, and Jackets, rich Lyons Silks in all the new colours.

New French Muslins, Cambrics, Lamas, Alpacas, Mohairs, in all the fashionable styles; also Warm Dresses and Skirts for ladies going home.

Plain and Striped Winceys, Wool Tartans, French Merinoes, Woolen, Cotton, Thread, and Silk Hosiery, NEW KID GLOVES and French Boots and Shoes of every kind.

WEDDING, MOURNING, MILLINERY, and DRESS-MAKING orders, generally, promptly executed.

In the Gentlemen's Department a large stock has just been opened of New Trouserings of the very latest fashions PURCHASED OF THE MANUFACTURERS; also new Silk Shirtings fine, soft, all Wool, Silk and Wool, and Cashmere Flannels and Tweeds for Shirts, Pyjamas, Sleeping and Travelling Suits.

J. & W. WATSON & Co.,—Military Tailors, Bombay.

SELLING OFF.—The undersigned begs to notify that he is selling his present STOCK of BOOTS, SHOES, &c., for CASH only, at a reduction of 20 per cent to make room for a large supply daily expected.

R. PARTRIDGE.

GREAT AUSTRALIAN CIRCUS.

At the Corner of the Esplanade, opposite Church Gate Street, Fort.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT,

SATURDAY, 2nd MARCH 1867.

Remember the following Artists are with this Establishment:—

MADAME LEON,

MADAME AIREY,

MADAME STEVENS,

PROFESSOR STEVENS,

MASTER W. O'DALE STEVENS,

MASTER CHARLES STEVENS,

YOUNG HERBERT,

PAUL FISHER,

MONS. BOURDETTE,

AND

WALTER AIREY,

THE CELEBRATED CLOWN AND JESTER.

REDUCED PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

First Class	Rs. 4
Second Class	„ 2
Third Class, standing	„ 1

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.—GENERAL ALTERATION OF TRAINS.—On and after MONDAY next, the 4th proximo, the undermentioned ALTERATION OF TRAINS will take place:—

Trains now leaving	For	Will leave on and after 4th March 1867.	Will arrive at
Bombay at 2-30 P. M.	Poona	This Train will be discontinued	This Train will be discontinued.
Bombay at 8-0 P. M.	Nagpoor and Khundwah	Bombay at 8-30 P. M.	Khundwah at 7-30 P. M. & Nagpoor at 5-0 A. M. daily.
Bombay at 10-0 P. M.	Sholapoor	Bombay at 3-0 P. M.	Sholapoor at 10-15 P. M. daily.
Bombay at 7-0 A. M.	Khundwah and Nagpoor	Bombay at 7-0 A. M.	Khundwah at 12-40 P. M. & Nagpoor at 5-0 P. M. daily.
Sholapoor at 12-15 P. M.	Bombay	Sholapoor at 12-15 P. M.	Bombay at 7-0 A. M. daily.
Khundwah at 8-15 A. M. and Nagpoor at 1-10 A. M.	Bombay	Khundwah at 7-0 A. M. and Nagpoor at 9-30 P. M.	Bombay at 6-0 A. M. daily.
Khundwah at 10-40 A. M. and Nagpoor at 5-45 P. M.	Bombay	Khundwah at 2-0 P. M. and Nagpoor at 9-0 A. M.	Bombay at 10-30 P. M. daily.

An additional Train will be run from Bombay to Kurjut on SATURDAYS only, leaving Bombay at 2-30 P. M. and arriving at Kurjut at 5-25 P. M.; and from Kurjut to Bombay on MONDAY mornings only, leaving Kurjut at 7-20 A. M. and reaching Bombay at 10-15 A. M., calling at Narel at 8-0 A. M.

The 10-0 P. M. Mixed Train from Bombay to Sholapoor on SATURDAY the 3rd March 1867 will not be run.

The Trains between Bombay and Mahim and Bombay and Callian will remain as at present.

For further particulars see Company's Public Time Sheets exhibited at Stations and Time Bill Books, which can be had at all the principal Stations on the Line.

E. W. KEILY, Jr.,

General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 27th February 1867.

TO SMOKERS.—Fresh arrival of real and choice MANILLA CIGARS and CHEROOTS at Rs. 38 per 1,000. Apply to ROGERS, COHEN & Co.

SILK DRESSES FOR MORNING AND EVENING WEAR—PATTERNS POST FREE.—J. SWEET & Co. have just received per Overland Steamer a Parcel of the above (in all the new colours). Full Dress Rs. 45 upwards. Also Rich Moire Antiques from Rs. 85.

An assortment of Black French Lace Squares, from Rs. 14 to 18; ditto Rotondes Rs. 17 to 22.

Inspection of the above respectfully solicited.

8, Church Street, Bombay.

THE ONLY COMPLETE CHEAP EDITION.

BYRON'S POETICAL WORKS, Pearl Edition, Fcap. 8vo. cloth. Rs. 2-8.

THACKER, VINING & Co.

CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS' SONGS, with Music, containing 145 Songs and Choruses, with full vocal parts and accompaniment. 4to cloth, gilt edges, Rs. 7-8. THACKER, VINING & Co.

PICTURES OF LIFE AND CHARACTER, from the collection of Punch by *John Leech*, Fourseries, bound in two handsome volumes. Half morocco Rs. 45.

*** These contain almost the whole of the humorous social sketches contributed to Punch during many years by *John Leech*, and to which it owes much of its success.

An evening party is hardly complete without them, as the amusement they produce is inexhaustible.

THACKER, VINING & Co.

LYELL'S (Sir Charles) PRINCIPLES OF GEOLOGY, or the modern changes of the earth and its inhabitants, considered as illustrative of Geology. Two volumes. Volume 1 now ready. Rs. 12.

THACKER, VINING & Co.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY, by Profe[illegible] T. Ansted, M.A. An important and intere[illegible] Rs. 9. THACK[illegible]

BRAITHWAITE'S [illegible] DICINE. Volume 54. [illegible]

LETTS'S DIARIES [illegible]—The following num[illegible] lish Prices to clear out the[illegible] Nos. 2H, 3, 3B, 4, quart[illegible] Nos. 8, 9, 10, 11, octavo[illegible] Rampart Row. TH[illegible]

ST. ANDREW[illegible]

THACKER, V[illegible]

A Catalogue of CHEAP PUBL[illegible] selection of New and Standard, w[illegible] lications, reduced to English Price[illegible] cation. THACK[illegible]

Rampart Row.

ST. ANDREW'S LIB[illegible]

THACKER, VINING, [illegible]

NOTICE.—Messrs. THACK[illegible] & Co. beg to notify to the Frien[illegible] their Establishment that a PICTURE [illegible] MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENT is n[illegible] FIRST FLOOR of the premises in Ra[illegible] which they are invited to pass a leisure h[illegible] Pictures and Portfolios.

The LIBRARY, consisting of a vast colle[illegible] and STANDARD BOOKS, POPULAR [illegible] LIGHT LITERATURE, and all the best C[illegible] LICATIONS of the day remains on the [illegible]

A list of NEWSPAPERS and PERIODICA[illegible] terms for supply of the same may be had on appli[illegible]

Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, [illegible]

DECCAN COTTON CLEANING [illegible] PANY (IN LIQUIDATION).—FOR PRI[illegible] SALE, the GINNING MACHINERY and FACTO[illegible] belonging to the above Company at Julgaum, Khamgaum, and Budnaira.

Particulars can be obtained and offers received at 27, Meadow Street.

FAVRE, LEUBA & Co.,

BOMBAY AND LOCLE (SWITZERLAND).

WATCH-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, &c. &c.,

Remington's Building, Elphinstone Circle.

Gold Pri[illegible] were awarded to their Swiss head firm for highly finished Watches at the International Exhibitions of New York; London in 1851; Paris in 1855; Be[illegible] (Switzerland) in 1857; Porto (Portugal) in 1865.

An exten[illegible] and well selected Stock is now on view at their lately [illegible] premises, and consists of the following:—

Beautifu[illegible] Gold and Silver Watches of all descriptions, sizes, and f[illegible] for Ladies and Gentlemen, manufactured expressly [illegible] climates and keeping correct time.

Superior [illegible]ewellery of great variety, as Bracelets, Brooches, [illegible]cklace, Guard and Albert Chains, Earrings, Scarf and F[illegible]nger Rings, Lockets, Seals, Sleeve Links, Shirt Studs, Sole[illegible] Buttons, Breast-pins, &c. &c.

English [illegible] American, and French Clocks; Palanbuia and Alarm C[illegible] Musical Boxes; Silver-plated Ware: Bronze and [illegible] Ornaments; Mechanical Toys; Stereoscopes and [illegible] Views for ditto; Pocket Knives of every description [illegible] Tortoise shell and Pearl Handles; Cheroot Cases; M[illegible] Pipes and Cigar Holders; Card Cases; Silver and [illegible] Sandal, Morocco and Ivory Portmonnae; [illegible] and [illegible] Companions; Morocco Travelling [illegible] Photographic Albums a[illegible] Superior Paris Perfumery [illegible] Driving Whips, Walking S[illegible] Ocular Glasses; Oil [illegible] of all kinds; Rif[illegible] and an im[illegible] Musical Boxes, &c. &c.

[illegible] fro[illegible] promptly attended to.

NOTICES.

A MOST BEAUTIFUL SELECTION OF CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHIC Copies of the best Works, of the best Masters, just received per Overland Steamer.

Rampart Row, Bombay. SOUNDY & Co.

SEASON 1866-7.—We beg to intimate that we are now opening our new season's stock of BROADWOOD & SONS, and our much admired SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTES, made expressly for INDIA, and guaranteed to withstand the effects of the climate.

Catalogues free on application.

Rampart Row, 1st Nov. 1866. SOUNDY & Co.

THE ECONOMICAL PATENT METAL ICE BOX; length 16 inches; breadth 13 inches; height 28 inches. Price Rs. 45, Cash.

Manufactured specially to our order, of double Galvanised Iron, painted and grained, with Drip Pan complete.

It is calculated that it economises the Ice by one half, and half-a-dozen full sized bottles, or a dozen soda-water bottles, can be cooled without disturbing the ice, and cold water placed in a glazed tank in the centre of the ice can be drawn off by means of a Tap.

Rampart Row, Bombay. SOUNDY & Co.

THE NEW INDIAN AND OVERLAND POSTAGE WEIGHER.—FOR INDIAN AND ENGLISH POSTAGE. *Weighing up to 4 tolas Indian, and up to 2 ounces English.* This useful article is made of the best white German Silver. By an ingenious contrivance it is equally suitable for determining weights, both *Indian and English*. It is contained in a small case, which can be carried in a waistcoat pocket, and is warranted to be correct. Price Rs. 4.

SOUNDY & Co.

CONTINUOUS ICE MACHINES.—For the manufacture of pure, untainted Ice.

The Patentees have introduced such improvements in the solidity of the Apparatus, that it may now be pronounced *perfect in every respect.*

The Boiler is now made in solid Galvanised Iron, and for all practical purposes is indestructible.

The principle in Physics "that any matter passing from its liquid to its aeriform state, has the power of borrowing the heat from surrounding bodies," is in this Machine so admirably brought into practice, that an intense cold many degrees below the freezing point of Fahrenheit is produced in the block of pure Ice made by this improved Apparatus.

The only expense connected with the production of Ice is about half an anna for each operation, producing about four pounds of Ice, as no chemicals are required.

Price complete in two cases, with instructions, Rs.

Size of case 1.—Length 2 feet 10 inches, breadth 2 feet 4 inches, depth 14 inches.

Size of case 2—Length 2 feet, breadth 14 inches, depth

A smaller size for making about 2lbs. of Ice at each operation Rs. 175 are daily expected to arrive.

Full instructions for working the Machine supplied to

The only expense incurred in each operation is about half an anna for fuel, wood, charcoal being preferable.

Constituents are respectfully informed that CASH must accompany all orders. SOUNDY & Co.

7 and 8, Rampart Row, Bombay.

TUMBLER, CLARET GLASS, WINE GLASS, and CUP COVERS of GERMAN SILVER, richly electro silvered, in Plain and Fluted Patterns.

Each Pattern is manufactured in three sizes, and each article is fitted with an under rim to prevent the Cover from slipping off.

First, or Large size—For Tumblers, Rummers, Breakfast Cups, Squat Champagne Glasses, &c. &c.

Second, or Medium size—For Claret Glasses, Ale Glasses, Long Champagne Glasses, Tea Cups, &c. &c.

Third, or Small size—For Wine Glasses, Liquor Glasses, Coffee Cups, &c. &c.

Price of the Plain Pattern.

First size, Rs. 2-4 each. Second size, Rs. 1-12. Third size, Rs. 1.

Price of the Fluted Pattern.

First size, Rs. 2-8 each. Second size, Rs. 2. Third size, Rs. 1-4.

7 & 8 Rampart Row. SOUNDY & Co.

TOOL CHESTS.—Strong polished Oak Carpenters' TOOL CHESTS, fitted with strong Brass Handles and Lock and Key, the Tools all of the best Sheffield Steel.

No. 1 size with 2 Drawers.—Rs. 70—containing

2 Saws.	2 Planes.	1 Mallet.
6 Chisels.	4 Gouges.	1 Guage.
1 Compass (winged.)	1 Draw Knife.	1 Glue Pot and Brush.
	3 Turn Screws.	
1 Oil Stone.	2 Hammers.	4 Files.
1 Square.	2 Spoke Shaves.	1 Axe.
1 Auger.	1 Bed Wrench.	6 Brad Awls.
1 Saw set.	1 Chalk line and Reel.	3 Punches.
1 Rule.		1 Pincers.
2 Pliers.	6 Gimlets.	1 Marking Awl.

FURNITURE.

No. 2 size with 1 Drawer—Rs. 50—containing

2 Saws.	1 Axe.	2 Hammers.
1 Rule.	1 Mallet.	1 Pincers.
6 Gimlets.	6 Brad Awls.	6 Chisels.
4 Gouges.	4 Files.	1 Oil Stone.
2 Punches.	1 Marking Awl.	3 Turn Screws.
1 Saw set.	2 Spoke Shaves.	1 Square.
1 Pliers.	1 Compass.	1 Plane.
1 Guage.	1 Glue Pot and Brush.	1 Draw Knife.
1 Cutting Punch.		

FURNITURE.

Terms—Cash with orders.

7 & 8 Rampart Row. SOUNDY & Co.

TO SMOKERS.—FOR SALE, choice MANILLA CIGARS and CHEROOTS at Rs. 38 per 1,000.

TRICHINOPOLY, No. I............ „ 10 do.

Do. No. II............ „ 8 do.

ROGERS, COHEN & Co.

No. 7, Forbes Street.

DWYER & Co., MESS AND GENERAL AGENTS, No. 1 Sassoon's Buildings, Elphinstone Circle.

DWYER & Co. beg to inform Constituents, and the Public generally, that they have OPENED in the above line of business. Every description of Mess and Domestic Stores, Wines, Liqueurs, Ale, and Miscellaneous Articles supplied at the lowest possible rates. In addition to the ordinary business of Domestic and Miscellaneous Supplies they are prepared to execute Orders for Hardware, Timber-logs, Scantlings, &c., and from the large experience of their General Manager, Mr. JOHN DWYER, in this line of business, they hope to give [illegible] satisfaction.

The great advantage [illegible] will be admitted by Mofussil Customers;—[illegible] their o[illegible] with a single house possessing the requisite qualification, and the great saving in time, [illegible]

EAST INDIA PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED).—This Company is prepared either to half press or full press COTTON at their stations, Julgaum and Sholapore, and to obtain for such Cotton IMMEDIATE DESPATCH by Rail.

ALEX. C. BRICE & Co.,

Secretaries and Treasurers.

[illegible] March 1866.

[illegible] S. [illegible] our Firm, [illegible] has therefore [illegible] from this date. The [illegible] under its present name.

[illegible]RJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

[illegible] 1867.

[illegible] English Gentleman, who has [illegible]blished twenty years in France, where he [illegible] connexion, and who speaks the French, [illegible] Dutch languages, is willing to offer his [illegible] and experience to a European or Native Gentle[illegible] desirous to proceed to the Paris Exhibition. Address Office of the *Bombay Gazette*, initials "D. Z."

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).—NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of this Bank will be CLOSED from 20th instant to 2nd March next, both days inclusive, previous to payment of the Dividend.

By order,

J. WINDRAM, Agent.

Bombay, 18th February 1867.

AGRI-HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY OF WESTERN INDIA.—The Public are informed that ANNUALS and PERENNIALS are for SALE at the VICTORIA GARDENS at ONE RUPEE a Pot.

Creepers of sorts at one Rupee each.

Common Annuals at 3 Rupees a dozen, and Roots, without pots, of Petunia and Coreopses at one Rupee a dozen.

Detailed Lists may be seen either at the Gardens, or at the Office, Town Hall.

F. BROUGHTON, Surgeon Major,

Offg. Honorary Secretary.

Town Hall, 18th Feb. 1867.

AKBAR COTTON PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

અકબાર કાટન પરેશ કુમપની (લીમીટેડ.)

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at its Office, No. 7 Church Street, on TUESDAY the 12th proximo, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of confirming the Resolution passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company held on the 21st instant, viz.

That the Firm for the time being of Messrs. Ewart, Latham & Co., Merchants of Bombay, be appointed Secretaries and Treasurers of the Company in place of Messrs. Muncherjee Jamsetjee & Sons, resigned; and that their remuneration be the same as was received by the said Muncherjee Jamsetjee & Sons.

By order of the Board of Directors,

HEARN, CLEVELAND, & PEILE,

Attorneys to the said Company.

Bombay, 22nd February 1867.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE SHARE MARKET.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

MARKET extremely flat. No business done.

BOMBAY DAILY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

EXCHANGE.

On.	Terms.	Rates.
London Banks	4 months' sight	1s. 11 13/16d.
Do. Credits	4 Do. do.	2s. 0d.
Do. Documents	4 Do. do.	2s. 0¼d.
Calcutta	At sight	99½.
Do.	30 days' sight	99.
Do.	60 Do. do.	98¼.
Madras	30 Do. do.	1 dis.
China	Demand	220 nominal.
China House Bills	60 days sight	217.

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns each	Rs. 10-8-0.
Bank of England Notes	10-4
Spanish Dollars	225
Carolus	226
Mexican Dollars	220
German Crowns	210
Five-Franc Pieces	223
Bar Silver	108-8-0
Gold Leaf	16-10
Bar Gold 10 oz English	15-0

DAILY COTTON MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, 1ST MARCH.

The Cotton Market closed as under to-day:—

OLD.	PER CANDY.
Dharwar Sawginned	260 to 270
Dholera Bhownuggur	220 to 235
Surat Broach	220 to 230
Oomrawuttee Akote	220 to 230
Khandeish Barsee	170 to 190
Compta	260 to 265
Vingorla	250 to 255
Veeraval	150 to 180
NEW.	
Oomrawuttee Akote	260 to 270
Khandeish Barsee	230 to 235
Dholera Bhownuggur	260 to 270
Hingunghaut	285 to 290
Broach	260 to 270
Veeraval	240 to 242

Ready Sales............ 200 Candies.
For Future Delivery... 100 Candies.
Market dull.

MILITARY.

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 1.

Holmested, Assistant Surgeon M., 8th Regiment N. I., on duty, from Seroor.
Dangerfield, Major G., Royal Artillery, on duty, from Nagpore.
Barry, Major G. F., 2nd Battalion 1st Foot, to join, from England.
Ketchen, Lieutenant, 22nd Regiment N. I., on leave, from Poona.
Mackenzie, Captain C., Madras Staff Corps, on leave, from Secunderabad.

DEPARTURES.—MARCH 1.

LaTouche, Captain C., Staff Corps, on duty, to Ahmedabad.
Holmested, Assistant Surgeon M., 8th Regiment N. I., to rejoin, to Ahmedabad.
Acton, Major C., 51st Light Cavalry, to England.
Davison, Major, Chief Inspector of Musketry, on duty, to Poona.
Wodehouse, Lieutenant C., Staff Corps, on duty, to Ahmedabad.
Speedy, Surgeon R., M. D., 45th Foot, on medical certificate, to Europe.
Shaw, Colonel R., on sick leave, to England.

GARRISON ORDER.

BY BRIGADIER GENERAL RUSSELL.

Bombay, Friday, 1st March.

The Barrack Master will take the monthly inspection of the barracks, hospitals, lines and stores, &c., in possession of corps in the following order:—Khandalla at 4 P. M., on the 1st; Colaba Sanitarium at 7 A. M., on the 3rd; 4th (King's Own) Royal Regiment barracks, at 7 A. M., on the 4th; 4th (King's Own) and Officers quarters, at 10 A. M., on the 6th; 21st Regiment N. I., at 7 A. M., on the 7th; 25th Regiment N. L. I., at 7 A. M., on the 8th; detachment 13th Regiment N. I., at 8 A. M., on the 8th; 3rd Regiment N. I., at 4 P. M., on the 9th; and Esplanade Sanitarium at 11 A. M., on the 10th March.

ARMY GENERAL ORDERS.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adjutant General's Office, Poona, 27th February 1867.

FURLOUGHS, LEAVE OF ABSENCE, &c.

Lieutenant J. R. J. Dewar, E Brigade R. H. A., from 1st March to 1st September, to Meerut and the Hill North Deyrah, on private affairs.

Lieutenant A. D. Broughton, 96th Foot, from date of departure to 30 days, to proceed to Mahableshwur, on medical certificate.

Ensign C. A. Cothcart, 109th Foot, from date of departure to 20 days, to proceed to Bombay, on medical certificate, preparatory to obtaining a final certificate to Europe.

RETIREMENT.

The Commander-in-Chief in India has been pleased to accept the retirement from the service by the sale of his Commission of Ensign F. W. L. Cassidy, 96th Foot, dated 18th February 1867.

TRANSFERS.

Ensign Stoddart, 103rd Foot, a probationer for the Staff Corps, in the cavalry branch of the service is transferred to the Infantry Branch, and appointed wing subaltern 3rd Regiment N. I. Ensign Stoddart, will travel at the public expense.

PASSED EXAMINATION.

The undermentioned officer and non-commissioned officer are reported to have passed the required examination in Hindoostanee by the lower standard:—

Lieutenant H. M. E. Brunker, 26th Foot, and School Master R. E. Walter, 26th Foot.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

Bombay Castle, 27th February 1867.

PROMOTIONS, APPOINTMENTS, &c.

Lieutenant G. A. Atkinson, Bombay Staff Corps, has been appointed to act as Political Agent at Muscat during the absence of Lieutenant Colonel Disbrowe on leave.

Mr. C. McIver is appointed Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police at Kurrachee until further orders.

Lieutenant G. B. Simpson to be Acting Superintendent of Police in Sind, vice Captain C. M. Griffith.

Lieutenant Simpson will be appointed to Hydrabad or Shikarpoor as the Commissioner may decide.

Mr. F. F. Arbuthnot, Sub-Collector of Sholapoor, is invested with powers of a Magistrate in the Poona District, and with power to hear appeals from decisions in criminal cases tried in the districts under his revenue charge by officers exercising powers less than those of a Magistrate.

Mr. Arbuthnot is also authorized to grant Licenses under Section 7 of Act XXXI. of 1860 (An Act relating to the manufacture, importation, and sale of Arms and Ammunition, and for regulating the right to keep and use the same, and to give power of disarming in certain cases) in the Sholapoor Division of the Poona District.

Mr. Manockjee Cowasjee Entee, Officiating District Deputy Collector in the Punch Mahals, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class and with powers to commit cases to the Sessions, in those districts.

Mr. [illegible]

[illegible] ler, [illegible]

Mr. Cow[illegible] Bhooj.

Mr. Alexander [illegible] Agent at Rajcote.

Mr. Jamsetjee Dorabjee [illegible] Agent at Baroda.

Colonel M. K. Kennedy, R.E., ha[illegible] resumed charge of his appointment a[illegible] vernment in the Public Works and Railwa[illegible] on the 23rd February 1867.

Assistant Surgeon Wellington Gray, M.B., [illegible] in the appointment of Curator of the Museu[illegible] Grant Medical College from the 10th October last.

License to solemnize marriages under the provision[illegible] Act V. of 1865 is hereby given to the Rev. Robe[illegible] Angus, Minister and Missionary of the Free Church at Poona.

FURLOUGHS, LEAVE OF ABSENCE, &c.

Major W. H. Shortt, Superintendent of Police, Poona, is allowed leave of absence for one month, to enable him to obtain a final sick certificate to England.

Mr. R. West, Acting Judge and Session Judge of Canara, is allowed an extension for a period of thirteen days, from the 4th proximo, of the privilege leave of absence granted to him in Government Notification of 13th instant.

Mr. A. R. Grant, C. S., is allowed sick leave for a period of six months with effect from the 15th September 1866, the date on which he was relieved of the duties of Judge and Session Judge of Ahmedabad.

Mr. G. H. Johns, Second Assistant to the Collector of Surat, is allowed six months leave of absence to proceed to England on private affairs from 14th May 1867.

The Rev. G. L. Allen, Chaplain of Belgaum Fort, has been granted privilege leave for three months, from the 4th proximo.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVAL.

FEB.
18 Punjaub (s) ....Day ....Suez, Feb. 13.

DEPARTURES.

MARCH.
1 Salsette (s) ....Parish ......Aden and Suez.
India (s) ....Templeton .. Coast and Calcutta.

The British ship *Pontiac*, H. Finlay, bound to Liverpool, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The British ship *William Ritson*, for Hongkong, began to load yesterday.

BENGAL.

ARRIVALS—February 22nd, ships *Clutha*, *Fathe Shah Allum*, *Mandalay*, and *J. Montgomery*.
DEPARTURES—February 22nd, ships *Holly Clifton*, *Serampore*, *Childwall Abbey*, and *Conflict*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR HONGKONG.

THE Clipper Barque "JOHN AND MARY," Captain GEARY, to leave about the 8th of March. For Freight apply to DADY DORABJEE & Co.,
No. 7, Hummum Street, Fort.

TO BE LET, from the commencement of next month, a convenient BUNGALOW, situated in the best part of Malabar Hill. For particulars apply to Mr. A. C. MOORE, at the office of the Trustees of Messrs. S. & N. Nanabhoy, Apollo House, Fort.

FOR SALE.—The property of a Gentleman who has no further use for them.
A Mail Phæton and Pair of Well-bred Australian Horses and Harness complete. Rs. 2,500.
A large double-seated Brougham by Laurie and Marner (nearly new). Rs. 1,800.
A Miniature Brougham by McNaught and Smith, in good order. Rs. 800.
The above can be seen on application to Messrs. RUSTOMJEE EDULJEE and Co., Auctioneers, Meadow Street, Fort.

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.—An elegant Electro-plated DINNER SERVICE, consisting of:—
1-20 inch Venison or meat Dish with cover.
1 Set of (4) side dishes.
1 Set of Warmers for same, with top Plates.
1 Soup Tureen.
1 Sauce Bowl.
Invoice cost Rs. 898 as. 12. To be sold, on Commission, for Rs. 650, net cash.
TREACHER & Co. (LIMITED),
Rampart Row, Bombay.

In the matter of Act X. of 1866 and the BOMBAY OIL WORKS COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS of the BOMBAY OIL WORKS COMPANY (LIMITED).—We beg to inform you that by virtue and in exercise of the Powers conferred on us by the above Act, we have this day made a CALL of Rupees 150 per Share on the Capital of this Company to be paid into our account at the Bank of Bombay on or before the Fifteenth day of March next.—
We are, Sir, your obedient Servants,
THOMAS HENRY GILBERT, ARDASEER FRAMJEE MOOS, } Liquidators.
Bombay, 28th February 1867.

FOR SALE.—TERMS CASH TO CLOSE ACCOUNT.—At very reduced rates, viz—
Guesler's Champagne and Moselle in quarts and pints at Rs. 36 per case.
Jule's Mumm's Champagne and Moselle in quarts and pints at Rs. 32 per case.
Jacquesson's Champagne in quarts and pints at Rs. 22 per case.
Stell Burgundy at Rs. 20 per dozen
„ Hock 20 do.
Superior Madeira 24 do.
Apply to
POCHAJEE FRAMJEE & Co.
24, Apollo Street.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.—ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of Act XXVIII. of 1865 of the Legislative Council of India, and in the matter of NAVALCHUND NANCHUND an Insolvent.

PURSUANT to an order made this day by the Hon'ble Sir CHARLES SARGENT, the CREDITORS upon this Estate (who have not yet done so) are required to send to Mr. PAUL EDWARD BENDIR, at his Office, in Elphinstone Circle Particulars of their CLAIMS on or before THURSDAY, the 14th day of March, instant, or in default they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution of assets that may be made—Dated this 1st day of March 1867.
MACFARLANE AND GREEN,
Solicitors for Trustees.

☞ GO AND SEE HINDOO WOMEN ACTING ON AN INDIAN STAGE!

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.

THE POONA HINDOO FEMALE DRAMATIC CORPS.
SIXTH GRAND REPRESENTATION.

ON SATURDAY, THE 2ND MARCH 1867
when will be presented the most astonishing comedy o
CHITRA RATHA KRIDA.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Box	Rs. 3
Stalls	„ 2
Pit	„ 1

Does open at 8, and the performance to commence at 8½ P. M. Tickets to be had at the Box Office, Theatre, Grant Road.
N.B.—DON'T MISS THE OPPORTUNITY.

THE
"BOMBAY SATURDAY REVIEW"
IS
Published every Saturday afternoon at six o'clock.

THE
"BOMBAY SATURDAY REVIEW"
OF THIS AFTERNOON
WILL CONTAIN:

LEADING ARTICLES:—
1. Indian Foreign Policy.
2. The Root of the Evil.
3. Officers Grievances.
4. Miracles.

THE WEEK.
LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.
LATEST TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION, EUROPEAN AND INDIAN.
COMMENTS ON THE WEEK,
WITH ALL
THE COMMERCIAL, SHIPPING & MILITARY NEWS OF THE WEEK.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Post Edition...Rs. 23	4	per Annum (in advance).
„ 2	8	per Month.
Town Edition.. „ 20	0	per Annum (in advance).
„ 2	0	per Month.

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	Rs.	
Five lines and under	4	0
Sixth and succeeding lines, each	0	6

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રેલવેનાં ઈશતેશનો ઊપર જાહેર ખબર.

"મુંબઈ ગેઝેટ" ના માલેકે ગરેટ ઇનડીઅન પેનીનશુલા રેલવે કંપની અને મુંબઈ, વરોડા, અને સેનતરલ ઈનડીઆ રેલવે કંપની એઓની પાશેથી (બીજા કેટલાએક હકોમાં) આ બંને રેલવે કંપનીનાં ઈશતેશના ઊપર જાહેર ખબર પરસીધ કરવા માટેનો હક તેણે એખલાએ પતે લીધો છે. જે ઊપરથી તે બંને [illegible]ઈ પણ લાઈન ઊપર જેઓ ચેતવણી, જા- [illegible] અથવા પલેકારડો ચોહોડવા માંગતા [illegible]વાને તે તઈઆર છે. [illegible] માણમાં હોઅ ઈઆ [illegible] હોઅ તોપણ ચોહોડા- [illegible] જાહેર ખબર પરસીધ [illegible] એછે કે તે ઇડીનાઈટેડ [illegible] ઊપર, નાના કે મોટા, [illegible] જાહેર ખબરનો મોટો [illegible] ઇગલ ડના લોકોમાં [illegible] હાંણ ખાતાંની કંપણીઓ, [illegible] ધંધાદારી, અને બીજાઓ [illegible] નો બાબદ પરજાની જાણમાં [illegible] તેઓ શધલાઓ રેલવેનાં ઈશ- [illegible] ખબર છપાવવાનાં હકની કીમત [illegible] વે હેવી પરકારે જાહેર ખબર છ- [illegible] મ નહી કીમતી થાઈ પડે તે વીશે [illegible] જર આવતું નથી. આકમણ હીન- [illegible] મોહોટી લાઈનો ઊપર ગાંમડી [illegible] આવજાવ મોહોટા અને વધતા થાએ [illegible] ગાંમડી વેપારી, ધંધાદારો, અને બીજા [illegible] નાં જોઆમાં આવશે કે તે લોકોની [illegible] જાહેર ખબર છાપવાનો હક મલીઓ છે) [illegible] લમ પડશનુ કે તેઓનો રોજગાર વધારવા મા[illegible] જાહેર ખબર રેલવેનાં ઈશતેશનો ઊપર મારવાથી લોભકારીક થાઇ પડશે. શરૂથી છેલા પતરક ઊપરથી જોઆમાં આવેછે કે મુંબઈ, વરોડા, અને મધઅમ હીનદુસથાનની રેલવેનો મારફતે તારીખ ૧૭ મી નવેમબરના આખરથાતાં અઠવાડીઆમાં ૨૬,૦૮૭ ઊતારૂઓનો આવજાવ થઓ હતો: અને તારીખ ૨૫ મી નવેમબરના આખરથાતાં અઠવાડીઆમાં ગરેટ ઇનડીઅન પેનીન શુલા રેલવેની મારફતે ૫૭,૦૫૨ ઊતારૂઓનો આવજાવ થાઓ હાતો.

જાહેર ખબર પરસીધ કરતારાઓનાં "શેરત" (સંભાદ) પરમાણે પલેકારડો "મુંબઈ ગેઝેટ" છાપખાંનાં મધે છાપી આપવામાં આવશે.

જાહેર ખબર છપાવનારાઓ બંને લાઈનોમાંના જે જે ઈશતેશનો ઊપર પલેકારડો ચોહોડવા માંગશે તાહાં ચોડાવામાં આવશે, અને તેઓ રાજી થાએ તટલી મુદતવેર જાહેર ખબર છાપશે. જાહેર ખબર છપાવનારાઓને માટે તે નવો મારગ જાહેરાતમા આણવામાં આવીઓ છે તે છુટથી તેઓ વાપરે તેલામાટે ભાવ ઘણો મધીઅમ મુકરર કરવામાં આવીઓ છે.

જાહેર ખબરની શરત "મુંબઈ ગેઝેટ" છાપાખાનાંના માનેજરને મલવાથી જણાશે.

"મુંબઈ ગેઝેટ" પરેશ, તારીખ ૨ જી જાનેવારી ૧૮૬૭.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS.
THE INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE

FOR MARCH,
WILL BE PUBLISHED ON MONDAY.
PRICE—EIGHT ANNAS.

GAZETTE STEAM PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Proprietor of the BOMBAY GAZETTE, having made large additions to the Stock in Trade, is prepared to execute all kinds of Typographic and Lithographic Printing with the greatest despatch.
Show Boards designed in Colours and Gold, and adapted for exhibition at Railway Stations.
Ball Programmes of the newest designs.
Bills of Lading.
Bills of Exchange.
Bankers' and Merchants' Cheques.
Circulars and every description of Commercial and other Printing.
Plans, Maps, &c., Lithographed in as many colours as may be required.
Account Books of all kinds Printed, Paged, Ruled, and Bound.
Advertisements received for Indian Travellers' Guide.
Contracts entered into for advertising at the Railway Stations of the G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I. Railways.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

Parties who have contracted with the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette Press* for the privilege of placing placards at the Stations of the G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I. Railway Companies, are requested to forward their Placards to the Manager *Bombay Gazette Press* that arrangements may be completed for having the same suspended at the Stations agreed upon.

A number of Placards has been already received but are delayed until others in course of preparation have been sent in.

Bombay Gazette Press, 7th January 1867.

WANTED, a good NATIVE CLERK, well up in Accounts to go to Berar. Salary Rs. 50 a month. Apply to "T. K" at the Office of this Paper.
Bombay, 1st March 1867.

WANTED, an experienced MANAGING CLERK for the Office of a Solicitor. None need apply but those accustomed to the business. Good Salary will be offered. Apply to "A. B." at the Office of this Paper.

CENTRAL INDIA FINANCIAL CORPORATION (LIMITED).—NOTICE is hereby given that the time for REGISTERING and TRANSFERRING the SHARES of this Corporation is extended to the 15th March.
M. ROONAN, KESHOWRAO BHASKERJEE, } Liquidators.
Bombay, 1st March 1867.

HORSES! HORSES!! HORSES!!!—NESSERWANJEE MANOCKJEE SONS begs most respectfully to inform their Customers and Public in general that they have received fresh batches of superior ARAB and PERSIAN HORSES. There are amongst them Racers, Hunters and Chargers. The horses are well worth the inspection of the public.
Byculla Stable, 1st March 1867.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo per Ship "AVABHOY," H. H. HOLLAND, Master, from Calcutta, are hereby requested to send off Boats for their respective Goods as they come to hand otherwise the same will be landed at the risk and expense of the concerned.
Captain Holland will not be responsible for contents and condition of any package after leaving the ship's deck.
J. P. CORNFORTH & Co., Agents,
Bruce Lane, Bombay, 1st March.

EAST INDIA PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED).—The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Offices of the Secretaries and Treasurers, 27 Meadow Street, THIS DAY at 12 o'clock, to receive the Report of the Directors, pass the Accounts, and transact all other business that may be brought before the Meeting.
By order,
ALEX. C. BRICE & Co.,
Secretaries & Treasurers.
27 Meadow Street, Bombay, 2nd March 1867.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF THE GOSPEL OAK GALVANISED IRON.—(CORRUGATED SHEETS).—In consequence of an extension of the Works and a great economy in cost of production, a *very important reduction* of price, dating from 1st March 1867, is made, and this favourite Brand will now be found to compete on more equal terms of price with the commoner qualities in the market. Established in 1842, and is the oldest manufacture of Galvanised Iron in England. Obtained the *only* Prize Medal in the Trade at the Great Exhibition of 1862.
Gospel Oak Offices,
74, King William Street, London, E.C.

CHESSON & WOODHALL'S LIBRARY,
No. 10, HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY,
AND
No. 1, EAST STREET, POONA.

NEW AND OTHER BOOKS

RECEIVED BY THE STEAMER "OTTAWA."	Rs.	A.
The Dublin Review for January 1867	4	8
The Quarterly Review Ditto	4	8
Edinburgh Medical Journal, Jan. and Feb.	3	0
The Zoologist, Ditto	1	8
The Dublin University Magazine, Ditto	3	8
Bentley's Miscellany, Ditto	3	12
Colburn's United Service Magazine, Ditto	5	4
Fraser's Magazine, Ditto	3	12
The Art Journal, Ditto	3	12
Temple Bar, Ditto	1	8
Civil Engineer and Architect's Journal, January	1	8
Freemason's Magazine and Masonic Mirror, January	1	8
The Cornhill Magazine for February	0	8
Hart's Quarterly Army List, for January	8	0
Lyra Elegantiarum. By F. Locker	5	4
Cust's Lives of the Warriors of the 17th century, 2 vols	12	0
New America, 2 vols. By W. H. Dixon	22	8
Carleton's Traits & Stories of the Irish Peasantry, 2 vols	8	0
Our Father's Business. By Dr. T. Guthrie	2	12
The Clever Woman of the Family	4	8
All the Year Round, vol. 16	4	4
Cumming's The Sounding of the Last Trumpet	8	12
Tales of all countries. By A. Trollope	3	12
Englishwoman's Domestic Magazine, vol. II. N. S.	5	12
Supplement of Patterns &c. to ditto	0	8
Adcock's Engineer's Pocket Book—1867	4	8
Scott's Rob Roy	0	8
Weal's Engineer and Contractor's Pocket Book for 1867	4	8
Hoppus's Timber Measurer	2	12
London Journal, vol. 44—July to Dec. '67	4	8
Reynolds' Miscellany, vol. 38. Ditto	3	0
Book of Common Prayer—limp, small	2	8
CHURCH SERVICES of all sizes—in ivory, velvet, and morocco bindings, in cases. (The handsomest assortment ever imported in Bombay. Prices varying from Rs. 7½ up to	40	0
Official Royal Navy List for Jan. '67	[illegible]	0
Forbes's Hindostanee and English and v. v. Dictionary	31	8
Hannay and Dietrichsen's Almanac for 1867	0	8
Instructor for the Flute	0	12
French and English and v. v. Dictionary	2	4
French, Italian, and German Vocabularies, each	1	4
Vieyra's Portuguese Dictionary	6	12
——— Grammar	5	4
Weale's Greek Grammar	0	12
The Nautical Almanac for 1868	2	8
Weale's Latin English and v. v. Dictionary	2	12
——— French ditto ditto	2	0
Illustrated London Drawing Book. By J. S. Burn	1	8
——— Architectural ditto ditto	1	8
Swinburne's Notes on Poems and Reviews	0	12
——— Poems and Ballads	6	12
Weale's Law of Contracts. By Gibbons	0	12
——— Well-sinking and boring	0	12
Baker's The Albert Nyanza, 2 vols	21	0
Sims's Clinical Notes on Uterine Surgery	15	12
New Infantry Drill—pocket edn	0	12
Army Equipment—Artillery, Part II	3	12
Carlile's Manual of Freemasonry	2	12
Mackay's Lexicon of Freemasonry	3	12
Farnham's Masonic Sheet Almanac—1867	1	0
——— Pocket Book 1867.—Rs. 2 and	3	0
Book of Family Prayers. By Revds. Garbett and Martin	5	12
Fletcher's Book of Family Prayers	21	0
The War Eagle; or the Scourge of the Mohawks	0	8
The Niche in the Wall: a tale of terror	0	8
The Fire Demon: a tale of terror	0	8
The Queen of the Rangers: a tale of Indian Life	0	8
The Black Monk's Curse: a tale of Justice	0	8
The Pirate-Hunter; a Story of the Ocean	0	8
The Ocean Love-Chase: or the Shell-Hunter	0	8
The Midnight Queen: a tale of the Plague	0	8
Henry Morgan; or the Knight of the Black Flag	0	8
Taylor on Evidence. 2 vols	52	8
SWAN QUILLS AND STEEL PENS.		
Swan Quills, medium quality. Per bundle of 25	5	0
——— very superior Ditto	8	0
Gillott's Magnum Bonum Steel Pens, broad, medium, and fine points. Per box of one dozen	1	4
——— Mapping Pens. Per card of one dozen	1	8
——— Crow Quills. Ditto	1	8
Perry's Mapping Pens. Per Card of half dozen	1	4
Mitchell's J. Pens. Per box of one gross	2	0
Law Pens. Per Box ditto	2	0
ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS.		
Home News. Jan. 26 and Feb. 4	1	0
Illust. London News. (5 papers). Jan. 5 to Feb. 2	8	0
Punch (5 papers). Ditto	1	12
Naval & Mily. Gazette. Jan. 19 & 26 & Feb. 2	1	12
Army & Navy Gazette (5 papers). All Jan., & Feb. 2	3	0
The Economist (5 papers). Ditto	3	0
The Field (5 papers). Ditto	3	0
News of the World. Feb. 3	0	6
Public Opinion. Feb. 2	0	8
The Spectator. Jan. 5 & 12	1	0
PIANOFORTE MUSIC.		
GALLOP.—The Night Bell. By J. P. Clarke	1	8
——— The Harum Scarum. By Jas. Cassidy	1	8
——— Dixie's Land. By C. Coote, Jun	1	8
——— The Mabel. By D. Godfrey	1	8
QUADRILLE.—The Bonnie Dundee. By C. D'Albert	2	0
——— The Topsey. By C. D'Albert	1	8
SONG.—Her Bright Smile Haunts me still. By Carpenter	1	8
——— There is no Love like a Mother's	1	4
——— Kathleen Mavourneen. By Mrs. Crawford	1	4
——— Dixie's Land (Buckley's Serenaders)	1	0
——— Beautiful Isle of the Sea. By G. Cooper	1	8
——— Sweet Spirit hear my Prayer. By E. Fitzball	1	8
——— Beautiful Star in Heaven so Bright	1	0
——— The Guards'. By H. B. Farnie	1	8
——— Mabel. By H. Farnie	1	8
——— Hilda. By J. E. Carpenter	1	8
——— The Young Recruit. By Kucken	1	4
COMIC SONG.—The Royal Baby. By H. Sydney	1	8
——— The Lay of the Lobster. By C. L. Blanchard	1	8
——— Adventures of Ye Lorde Tom Noddy	1	8
——— [illegible]ia Anna Maria Jane Matilda	1	4
——— [illegible]tiful Young Widow Brown	1	4
——— [illegible]am Jam Jerusalem. By Mackney	1	4
——— [illegible]t Murphy. By C. H. French	1	4
——— Barney O'Brien's Account of the Opening of the International Exhibition 1862	1	4
——— Bitter Beer. By H. Copeland	1	8
——— She Gently Press'd my Hand	1	4
——— The Yankee Fix	1	4

1st March, 1867. CHESSON & WOODHALL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHIVARATRI FAIR, ELEPHANTA.—Steamers "RUSTOM" and "ROSE" will leave Carnac Bunder at 10 A. M. on MONDAY, March 4th, 1867, for ELEPHANTA, returning same day at sunset. Fare there and back—1st Class Rs. 1, 2nd Class 8 ans.
Tickets to be had on board the Steamers.

NOTICE is hereby given that my Brother RUTTONJEE DOSSABHOY was admitted a PARTNER in the AUCTION BRANCH of my Establishment on 1st September 1866. The Firm will hereafter be carried on under the name and style of BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY & Co. BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY.
Bombay, 28th February 1867.

ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY.
THACKER, VINING & Co.

NEW AND STANDARD BOOKS TO HAND PER "OTTAWA" AND "DELHI."	Rs.	
Elster's Folly. By Mrs. H. Wood	4	8
Lady Adelaide's Oath. By Mrs. H. Wood, 3 vols	24	0
Dixon's (Hepworth) New America (since the War), 2 vols 8vo.	22	8
Keene's (H. G.) Sketch of the History of the Mogul Empire	6	12
Sedgfield's Photographs of the Thames. *Richmond to Chiefden*	8	0
Studies in Conduct: Essays from the *Saturday Review*	5	12
Noad's Student Text Book of Electricity	8	0
Cooleys (A. G.) The Pill Book	1	8
Merrett's Land and Engineering Surveying	9	0
Simin's Principles and Practice of Levelling	6	8
Argasy 1866. Vols 1 and 2 *bound together*	5	12
All Year Round, vol. 16, July to December 1866	4	0
Once a Week vol. 2 new *series* Do do	5	12
Cornhill Magazine vol. for July to December 1866	5	12
London Society Do do	7	8
Dempsey's Examples of Iron Roof—2vol of *plates*	24	0
White's Rural Architecture Designs for Villas	34	8
Ferguson's Modern Styles of Architecture	24	0
Maltons Illustrated Drill	9	0
Baillys Turf Guide, *Winter edition*	1	12
Cricketers Hand Book By "Bat"	1	0
Royal Naval Song Book with Music	2	0
Up and Down the London Streets, by Mark Lemon	9	0
Thring's Law of Joint Stock Companies	12	0
Byles on Bills of Exchange	18	0
Davidson's Concise Precedents in Conveyancing	10	0
Addison on Wrongs and Remedies	25	0
Collett on Tarts	8	0
Lee's Law of Shipping	9	8
Smith's Legal Forms in Common use	2	12
Arnot's Elements of Physics. 2 vols	16	0
Procter's Hand-book of the Stars	3	12
Thomas' Modern Practice of Photography	1	0
Towler's Treatise on Photography	7	8
Walsh's Domestic Medicine and Surgery	8	0
Fairbairn's Useful Information for Engineers 3rd Series	8	0
Nystrom's Mechanic's and Engineers Pocket Book	5	12
Ecce Deus (a reply to Ecce Homo)	8	0
Owen Meredith's Poems	4	8
Goschen's Theory of Foreign Exchanges	3	12
Alford's How to study the New Testament	2	12
Slang Dictionary	5	0
Galton's Art of Travel	5	12
Up the Country. 2 vols	15	0
Lady of La Garaye. By the Hon. Mrs. Norton	3	8
The London Banks, Credit, Finance, & Discount Companies	1	0
Young Englishman. vol. 4 with plates	4	8
Lady Lisle. By Miss Braddon	4	8
Scott's Poetical Works. *Globe Edition*	2	8
Natural History Picture Book—*Mammalia*	3	12

Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING & Co.

POSTAL NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAIL.

THE Extra Overland Mail, per P. and O. Company's Steamer *Malta*, will be closed on—March, at 9 A. M. An after-packet will be kept open on payment of the usual fee of 8 annas (which must be prepaid by stamps) until 10 o'clock A.M.

Registered letters will be received until 6 P.M. of the previous day.

EXTRA OVERLAND MAILS.—The P. & O. Company having intimated their intention of running extra steamers (non-contract) to Suez, commencing in January, alternating with the regular mail service, it is notified for general information that mails will be made up at the Bombay Post Office for Great Britain and the Continent of Europe, &c. on the following dates at 9 A.M. An after packet will be kept open for late letters until 10 A.M. The steamer will start from Mazagon Bunder at 1 P.M. punctually, not from the Apollo Pier anchorage:—

March........... 6th } April 20th
Ditto .... 20th } May................ 4th
April .... 3rd }

The rates of postage are the same as those by the regular contract Overland mails.

As the extra steamers are timed to arrive at Suez one day before the Calcutta steamer, in order to ensure the mails being taken on to Marseilles and Southampton, the service will be a service for *all* India four times a month. The weekly steamers *to* India are expected to arrive in Bombay on the following dates:—

March .... 7th } April 4th
Ditto .... 22nd }

MAILS FOR KURRACHEE AND SCINDE.

MAILS for Kurrachee and Scinde, per Steamer *Kurrachee*, will be closed twelve hours after the arrival of the Overland Mail.

CHANGES IN MAIL TRAINS.

IN consequence of the alterations in the departure and arrival of the Mail Trains on the lines of the G. I. P. Railway, the following changes will take place on and after the 15th October 1866, in the hours of closing and issuing of mails at the General Post Office:—

DESPATCH OF MAILS.

	Letters Papers.	After Packet.
For Post Towns on the N. E. line of the G. I. P. Railway, *i. e.*, for Khandeish, Malwa, Berar, Central Provinces, N. W. Provinces, Bengal and Punjab	6 P. M.	7 P. M.
Do. on the S. E. line of the G. I. P. Railway, *i. e.* for Poona, the Deccan, S. M. Country and Madras Presidency		
Do. on the S. E. line of the G. I. P. Railway as far as Poona	8 A. M.	....
Do. on the B. B. & C. I. Railway, *i. e.* for Post Offices on the Railway line, Guzerat, Scinde, Kattiawar and Kutch	4 A. M.	5 A. M.
Do. on the ditto [illegible] Post towns [illegible] of Tarrapore, Oon[illegible] gaum, [illegible]aun, Balda, Pardee, B[illegible] Umora, Gundavee, and Surat	[illegible]	[illegible]

Registered letters and Banghy Parcels for despatch will be received except on Sundays, from 7 A. M. [illegible] 12 (noon) to 6 P. M.

DELIVERY OF MAILS.

Three deliveries will be made of the [illegible] which will include the Mails below mentioned, which received [illegible]

First Delivery at 9 A. M.—Mails from the Baroda [illegible] Guzerat, Scinde, Kattiawar, [illegible] and Local Mails.

Second Delivery at 11 A. M.—Mails from Madras South, also from Calcutta, Bengal, N. W. Provinces, [illegible] from the S. E. and N. E. lines [illegible]

Third Delivery at 2 P. M.—Local Letters and Box Mails received after the 2nd Delivery.

The Mails that reach the Post Office after the issue of 3rd or 3 P. M. Delivery will not be issued the same evening, but Letters and papers may be had on application at the Post Office until 5 P. M. and not later.

THE NEW POSTAL RATES.

LETTERS.

	¼ Tolah	½ Tolah	1 Tolah
Not exceeding	¼ Tolah	½ Tolah	1 Tolah
Postage	6 Pie	1 Anna	2 annas

And One Anna for every half Tolah or fraction of a half Tolah beyond.

NEWSPAPERS.

Not exceeding 10 Tolahs .... One Anna.
Above 10 and not exceeding 20 Tolahs .... Two Annas.
And One Anna for every ten Tolahs or fraction of ten Tolahs beyond.

BANGHY PARCELS.

[illegible]

"PUNCH IN INDIA."
NO. IV VOL. II.
IS NOW READY.

ILLUSTRATIONS.

CARTOON—Our Artist's Sketch of the [illegible] trip.
HALF SHEET—[illegible]
QUARTER SHEET—Our Sentimental Contributor.
D. P. W.
Cause and Effect.
Cupid and Valentine: another d Vignettes.

LATEST DATES RECEIVED.

ADEN	Feb. 21	LAHORE	Feb. 16
AGRA	Feb. 21	LONDON	Feb. 4
ALLAHABAD	Feb. 20	MAURITIUS	Sept. 18
AUSTRALIA	Dec. 28	MADRAS	Feb. 21
ALEXANDRIA	Feb. 3	MALTA	Feb. 7
BANGALORE	Feb. 20	MEERUT	Feb. 19
CALCUTTA	Feb. 23	OOTACAMUND	Feb. 23
CAPE	Dec. 15	OUDH	Feb. 23
CEYLON	Jan. 31	PENANG	Jan. 24
FRANCE	Jan. 19	PUNJAUB	Feb. 16
HONGKONG	Jan. 15	SUEZ	Feb. 13
KURRACHEE	Feb. 20	SINGAPORE	Jan. 22

The Bombay Gazette.

SATURDAY, MARCH 2, 1867.

AT the meeting of the Legislative Council on Thursday, Mr. B. H. Ellis offered an explanation of the circumstances attending the introduction into the Charter of 1863 for the Bank of Bombay of the objectionable clause permitting the Directors to make advances on shares of all "public companies." As we said the other day, our own impression is that this clause did not really work all the mischief that is popularly attributed to it: for, even if it had not been inserted in the Charter, the Directors would still have had the power of making large advances on the personal security of men known to be leading speculators in the Share Market; and it was the wanton and shameful abuse of this power which really ruined the Bank. The clause sanctioning loans on the shares of public companies of every description was only, we believe, taken advantage of for the purpose of obtaining some kind of collateral security for the personal loans which, if there had been no such clause in existence, would have been recklessly granted without any collateral securites at all. The mistake committed by the Bombay Government was in lending its influence to maintain the reputation of the clique of speculators of whom Mr. Premchund Roychund was the guiding spirit, and who, secure in the favour of society here, elected themselves and their friends to seats at the Board of Direction, and gambled away the money entrusted to their charge. The Government Servants who were Directors, and who ought at least to have protested against the conduct of their colleagues instead of tamely following them in their evil courses, might fairly plead in excuse for this neglect of Government itself, which, in spite of warnings, persisted in encouraging the people of Bombay to look upon the speculative Directors as models of commercial morality and public virtue. Still, if it had been true, as was commonly supposed, that the clause in question was deliberately and with malice aforethought introduced into the Charter by Mr. Robertson, the Government Servant who had charge of the Bill, with the view of enabling the Bank to undertake a thoroughly speculative business, it is obvious that the Government itself would have been directly responsible for all the scandalous disasters that have happened. Mr. Ellis' explanation or apology, at all events, relieves the public mind on this point, and shews that one of the chief officers of the Bombay Government in 1863 was not, so far as the Bank of Bombay is concerned, the chief agent in carrying out the plans of men who wished to use the money deposited in the State Bank for their own private gain. Mr. Ellis shewed that Mr. Robertson himself was not responsible for the remarkable diversity between the Charter of the Bombay Bank and the Charters of the Banks of the other two Presidencies. It appears that the draft of the Bill was framed by the lawyers of the Bank and that the whole Bill was referred to the Advocate General, the Government of India, and the Secretary of State before it was submitted to the Legislative Council of Bombay. This statement satisfactorily clears Mr. Robertson's character, but at the same time it does not entirely do away with the suspicion that the clause enabling the Directors to make loans on the shares of all public companies was introduced accidentally, as it were, and without any foresight on the part of any one concerned in framing the Bill of the purposes for which that clause might be made available. It is generally supposed that lawyers who prepare Bills have a clear understanding of the meaning of the clauses they introduce. It is absurd to suppose that the lawyers of the Bank would have slipped in this clause without previous consultation with the Bank Directors and Secretary and in perfect innocence of the mischievous significance of the change these few words would be likely to effect. Further, the history of the clause given by Mr. Ellis proves that the members of the Legislative Council of 1863, which included amongst its members that able amateur financier, Sir William Mansfield, as well as the leaders of the mercantile community of the day were one and all profoundly ignorant of the principles on which alone a safe Banking business can be conducted. The Secretary of State and the Government of India no doubt made a very cursory inspection of the Bombay Charter, leaving such a purely local matter to be settled by the discretion of the Bombay Government itself and its Council. The inconsiderate act of the Council in making the Bill law shews plainly how little qualified they were to establish in this presidency a Bank justly entitled to the confidence of the public.

And this brings out the point which we think is the moral of all the disasters that have befallen Bombay—that the joint stock principle cannot be worked as freely and successfully as in England. In England the management of joint stock companies is generally controlled by that large class of retired men of business who invest their money in such concerns, and whose leisure allows them to devote a large share of attention to their proper working. This is the case even with private companies; but if we look at the Bank of England which is generally supposed to have been the model chosen for imitation by the founders of the Bank of Bombay, we find that its Board of Directors is composed of wealthy merchants and bankers, most of whom are not engaged day after day in the active duties of their private business, and who besides are not, as a body of Directors, liable to sudden and violent changes, but remain practically one and the same corporation for a long term of years. We believe that a Director has to serve fourteen years on the Board before he can become a Deputy Governor. He then serves two years as Deputy Governor and two years as Governor, so that a majority of the Board always consists of men of long experience in the administration of the Bank's affairs and pledged to carry out a fixed line of policy. In Bombay, on the other hand, as soon as a man retires from business—we speak of Europeans only, for every one seems to have abandoned the notion of having a native Board of Directors for the Bank of Bombay—he retires from the country also, and the consequence is that it rarely happens for a Director of the Bank of Bombay to keep his seat for more than twelve months together. The average time probably does not exceed three or four months. It is clearly a very hazardous experiment to entrust the management of a great public Bank to such a shifting and uncertain body as this; and our own opinion is that, so far at least as Bombay is concerned, the attempt to regulate the commercial affairs of the Presidency by means of a Joint Stock State Bank is never likely to be attended with any remarkable success.

A TELEGRAM was yesterday received by Government, dated 25th ultimo, from Colonel Kemball, Political Agent and Consul at Bagdad, stating that the Sublime Porte has, at the instance of Lord Lyons, removed the embargo on the exportation of Arabian horses.

IN the telegram giving the heads of the Ministerial Reform Bill or Resolutions there is evidently a mistake with regard to the occupancy franchise in counties. This already stands at £50, and the Ministry propose to reduce it to either £30 or £20, probably the latter. There seems to be every probability that the measure which Mr. Disraeli has forced upon his colleagues will be accepted by the House of Commons and the country.

THE *Indian Daily News* hears that the Government of Bombay, at the instance of the Director of Public Instruction there, has submitted to the Government of India a proposition to classify the educational officers at that Presidency, and to increase their pay, as has been done in Bengal. The local Government has also proposed to equalise the pay of the head masters of the several district high schools at an increased expense of about 1,200 Rs. a month, and to convert several aided schools into purely Government institutions. The whole scheme has been submitted to the Secretary of State for approval, while the proposition for equalising the pay of the head masters of the high schools has been sanctioned by the Governor-General in Council.

THE *Englishman* says:—The Nizam, while preferring a claim to a portion of Mysore, demanded also that Berar should be restored to him. The Viceroy, we hear, has negatived both proposals.

THE same:—The surveying party under Captain Luard, R. E., has commenced the examination of the Burmese frontier, with a view to discover a line for railway communication between Rangoon and Yunan.

THE same:—The Governor General and Lord Napier, paid an unexpected visit yesterday morning to the Medical College Hospital. They were shewn over the building by the Principal, Dr. Ewart. Sir John Lawrence went through the whole of the medical and surgical wards of the Hospital. His Excellency talked freely with many of the patients, Mahomedans, Hindoo, and Europeans, in their respective languages. He also witnessed an operation performed by Dr. Fayrer. Lord Napier did not converse much with individual patients, but his questions, having reference to hospital architecture and administration, showed that he took an interest in the accommodation, comfort, and welfare of the sick treated in the Medical College Hospital. His Lordship also inspected the lying-in-wards of the Hospital. Immediately it became known that such distinguished visitors were in the hospital, the students attending the hospital practice congregated in great numbers in the train of their Excellencies, as they moved leisurely through the wards, and from bed to bed. It was observable how much Sir John felt the importance of such a gathering of native intellects, ardently pursuing the study of physic, in a country where, in 1835, no such thing existed but in name. He must have felt that all this advance in medical education, marked by the presence of upwards of 600 students in the Medical College Hospital, had been accomplished within the short space of 33 years, or within the period of his own connection with India. And when he surveyed the oil paintings of Henry Goodeve and [illegible]vining, in the Council Room, and recollected that the present Medical College and Hospital, with its offshoots at Agra and Lahore, owed its very existence and success to the Bengal Medical Service, he must have felt how ill-judged it was in the Home Government to reduce and degrade that service, which has done so much for Government, and the diffusion of medical education in India. We think Sir John should make it his duty to insist upon the restoration of a Head to the Medical Department at each of the three Presidencies. And we may be pardoned for pointing out that his visit to the Medical College Hospital, which extended over a period of upwards of two hours, ought to convince His Excellency that there are *Civil*, as well as *Military* reasons, which might justify him in urging the re-institution of a Director General-ship at the head of each of the three Medical Services of Bombay, Madras, and Bengal.

THE *Pioneer* hears, on somewhat reliable authority, that Mr. Edward Clive Bayley, Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, will succeed Sir George Yule at Hyderabad.

DISEMBARKATION OF THE NEW GOVERNOR.

THE Right Hon'ble W. Seymour Fitzgerald, as we stated in our impression of yesterday, arrived in Bombay shortly after 12 o'clock on Thursday night, by the B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Punjab*, he did not, however, land until 10 o'clock yesterday morning.

Arrangements had been made some days previously to receive the Governor elect in a manner befitting his rank and position. At an early hour in the morning Major Godfrey Clerk, Military Secretary to the Governor; Colonel Kennedy, Secretary to Government Public Works Department; Mr. Wedderburn Secretary to Government; Captain Young, Superintendent of Marine; Mr. Hamilton Maxwell and Mr. W. Gordon, representing the B. I. S. N. Co. and other gentlemen proceeded on board the *Punjab* at an early hour.

Shortly before the hour appointed the whole of the native troops in garrison turned out and were marched towards the Apollo Bunder. The 21st Regiment (Marine Battalion) formed the guard of honour, consisting of 100 men with regimental color, drums and fifes under the command of a European officer. The other troops, detachment of the 13th N. I., Marine Battalion and 25th N. I., forming a street from the head of the Bunder extending for several hundred yards along the old Esplanade road.

A few minutes before 10 o'clock the *Punjab*, which had been lying at anchor outside the Dolphin light, steamed up to her moorings abreast of the Bunder and immediately afterwards the new Governor with Captain Fitzgerald, Military Secretary and Mrs. Fitzgerald, Captain Graham, Aide-de-Camp; Captain Filgate, Private Secretary; and Mrs. Filgate and Mr. M. Fitzgerald stepped into the Master Attendant's barge, which was immediately rowed to the landing place on the north side of the pier. As the right honourable gentleman ascended the steps, the guard of honour, which was drawn up on the pier at the top of the landing-place facing to the north, presented arms and the guns on the Battery thundered forth the usual salute. Mr. Fitzgerald who, notwithstanding the scorching sun, took off his hat and gracefully acknowledged the same; on his reaching the top of the stairs he was received by Brigadier General Russell, Brigade Major Bacon, Major Shewell, Assistant Quarter Master General and other officers. The right honourable gentleman and Mrs. Fitzgerald got into a carriage which was in attendance with four horses, and drove off preceded by two outriders of the Governor's body guard, ten more troopers following in the rear. As they proceeded along the bunder the Europeans doffed their hats and the natives salaamed, which salutation was gracefully acknowledged by Mr. Fitzgerald. As the party passed by each corps the troops presented arms and the band of the 25th N. I. struck up "God save the Queen."

The carriages drove on to Government House, Parell, where Sir Bartle Frere received his successor.

We believe that Mr. Fitzgerald will be sworn in as Governor [illegible] President of the Council on Tuesday next, [illegible] which date he will assume office, and that Sir Bartle and Lady Frere and family will em[illegible] for Europe on board the P. & O. Co.'s extra ma[illegible] steamer *Malta* on the following morning.

LATEST NEWS.

REUTER'S TELEGRAM.

By Direct Overland Telegraph.

AMERICA.

LONDON, 25TH FEB, NOON.

General Nelson and Lieutenant Braud have been committed for trial at the next quarter sessions.

Advices from Washington state that the Judiciary Committee has decided not to report in favour of the impeachment of President Johnson.

The King of Prussia has opened the North German Parliament.

The Emperor of Austria has published a Rescript, proclaiming the Hungarian Ministry.

LONDON, 25TH FEB., AFTERNOON.

The House of Representatives at Washington has abolished the internal *Tad* (? Tax) on cotton.

Government has decided to form a regiment of Beloochees for service in Hongkong.

The Liverpool Cotton Market to-day opened quiet and finally closed quiet and unchanged. Fair Dhollera 11½d.

THE REFORM QUESTION.

LONDON, 26TH FEB., MORNING.

The discussion on the Government resolutions on the Reform question commenced in the House of Commons last night.

Government proposes four new Franchises:—one Educational; a second for depositors of £30 in the Savings Bank; a third for owners of £50 in funded property; and a fourth for all who pay twenty shillings of direct taxes.

The Borough Franchise to be reduced to a £6 rating qualification and the counties to £20, which with the new [illegible] is estimated will add four hundred thousand to the existing number of voters.

Lancaster, Totness, Yarmouth and Reigate are to be disfranchised for bribery, and all boroughs with a population under seven thousand are also to be disfranchised.

The total seats disposable will thus be thirty, fourteen of which it is proposed should be given to new boroughs, fifteen to counties, and one to the London University.

Government has been strongly urged to withdraw their resolutions and at once to introduce their Reform Bill.

Mr. Gladstone made a speech very conciliatory in tone.

The Debate was adjourned to Thursday the 28th.

LONDON, 26TH FEB., AFTERNOON.

The following names appear in the Obituary of the week:—Major G. H. Dickinson and Colonel Kerr.

The Liverpool Cotton Market to-day closed very dull.

Fair Dhollera 11½d.

The Manchester Market to-day closed with prices lower.

7lb. Shirtings	10s. 6d.
8½lb. „	12s. 7½d.
40s Twist	1s. 6½d.

(By Indian Telegraph.)

CALCUTTA, 1ST MARCH.

Govt. paper. { Fours 12. Fives 5¼ per cent. Fives & half 10½ per cent. }
Exchange, 1s. 11½d.
Freight, dead weight, 10s. to £1 5s.
Jute, £2 10s.
Seeds, £2 10s.
Shirtings Rs. 7-4.
Madapollams, Rs. 3½.
Mule Twist, 8 as.
Market for Piece Goods, quiet.
Market for Twist, better.

MUSSUNDOM, 1st March.

Her Majesty's Gunboat *Hugh Rose* sailed.

BOMBAY.

THE "INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE for March will be published on Monday morning next.

MR. H. E. LEEKE, Second Magistrate of Police is expected here by the second mail of this month

MAJOR HENDERSON proceeded to Poona yesterday to assume charge of his new appointment there.

IT is stated that the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tucker will not proceed on circuit to the Deccan till the arrival of Mr. Justice Warden from Guzerat.

MR. GRANT, of the Bombay Civil Service, Judge and Session Judge of Ahmedabad, is allowed leave of absence for six months to proceed to England.

A TELEGRAM received by Government from the Director Indo-European line yesterday reports the line right to Constantinople, but the Persian line interrupted.

THE B. C. & R. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Sir Bartle Frere* was hauled into the Government dock yesterday, and H. M.'s S. S. *May Frere* hauled out.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Viceroy and Governor General in Council has recognized Mr. Robert Brown Mackay as Consul for Denmark, at Calcutta.

WE understand that Mr. J. F. Hore, First Judge of the Small Cause Court (who is now on leave) is not to retire, but will return to Bombay after the expiration of the leave granted to him.

THE cases disposed of by the acting Second Magistrate of Police yesterday at the Mazagon Police Court possessed of no public interest. In the course of the afternoon His Worship disposed of a number of municipal cases.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s S. S. *India*, Captain J. Templeton, sailed yesterday for the Malabar Coast and Calcutta with the following passengers:—
For Calicut—Mr. T. Carmichael; Mr. R. H. Butterworth; and Mr. W. Borwtey.

IT is believed that the case of *Veerbaee vs. Hormusjee Framjee* for the restitution of conjugal rights, which is at present pending in the Parsee Chief Matrimonial Court, will yet last for more than four days, as there are a number of witnesses on both sides; the defendant has already subpœned more than one hundred witnesses.

THE B. L. and S. Co. intend to run steamers on Monday next to Elephanta and back, to enable persons so desirous to visit the island, as it will be "Shivaratri" fair day. The steamers are to leave the Carnac Bunder at 10 A. M. returning at sunset the same evening. The fares there and back being 1st class one rupee and 2nd class eight annas.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Ellis has accepted the office of Vice-President in connection with the David Sassoon Reformatory. We have been requested to state that the superintendent of the institution will be glad to receive requisitions from public departments, contractors and others for the services of trained artisans.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s S. S. *Emeu*, Captain W. H. G. Hockins, which leaves this morning for China, &c., carries 1,477 chests of Malwa opium and the following passengers:—
For Galle—Mr. A. W. Ord.
For Hongkong—Mr. E. D. Balt, Mr. Hajee Abdool Nothan, Mr. Heerjeebhoy Pestonjee, and Mr. Beejain Mahomed.

THE monthly meeting of the Directors of the Bombay Mechanics' Institution was held in their rooms over the Dockyard Gate on Thursday, the 28th ultimo at 5 P. M.

Present.—Mr. R. Proctor Sims in the chair; Messrs. P. McArthur and Alex. R. Terry, C. E.

Members elected.—Messrs. Robert Armstrong; G. Badham; H. Child; Hugh Dunsmuir; H. T. Eaton; J. H. Hepworth; H. Kruse; J. Maulton; Alfred Shore; Mr. Sinclair; James Sullivan; James Thompson; John Watson; Captain W. G. Stretton; Major Eales; G. A. Laughton; and Lieut. W. Marshall.

Re-admitted.—Mr. D. Black.

Withdrawn—Messrs. F. P. F. Brett; H. Whitrow; G. G. H. West; and D. H. Wormald.

THE following vessels have been either spoken or passed at sea:—A steamer supposed to be the *Surat*, from Southampton for Bombay, Dec. 12; *Dromedary* brigantine-rigged, steamer from Liverpool for Bombay, 56 days, with paddles unshipped, Nov. 21, lat. 23·53 S., long. 26·30 W.; *M. C. Ray* from Bristol for Bombay, Jan. 8, lat. 23 N., long. 22 W.; *Peveril of the Peak* from London for Bombay, Dec. 12, lat. 7 N., long. 21·30 W.; *Africa* from Hamburg for Bombay, Nov. 28, lat. 22 S., long. 29 W.; *Aaron Brown* from Liverpool for Bombay, Jan. 1[illegible], lat. 49 N., long. 10 W.; *Confidence* from London for Bombay, 52 days, lat. 29·31 S., long. 26·24 W.; *Lauretta* from Clyde for Bombay, 28 days, Dec. 19, lat. 4 N., long. 26 W.; *Lepanto* ship from London for Bombay, 21 days, Jan. 9, lat. 28·39 N., long. 18·21 W.; *Sea King* from Liverpool for Bombay, Jan. 8, lat. 19 N., long. 20 W.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH.—Latest dates of telegrams received during the last 24 hours ending at 8 P.M. yesterday were as follows:—
From United Kingdom 23rd, 26th and 27th Feb.
From Continent of Europe 26th and 27th Feb.
The time occupied in the transmission of messages from Kurrachee to Bombay during the same period ranged from 18 hours 54 minutes to 3 hours 3 minutes, communication being reported perfect.

The time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay from 8 P.M. of 28th Feb. to 8 P.M. of the 1st March were as follows:—

To Bombay	*Max.*		*Min.*	
From Calcutta via Agra	8	42	4	39
„ Calcutta via Madras	16	50	14	21
„ Madras	14	6	0	0

NELLPALLY, 28TH.—Office closed.
CALINGAPATAM, 1ST.—Office closed.
VIZIANAGRAM, 28TH, 12 P.M.—Office closed.
KURRACHEE, 1ST, 11-55 A.M.—Direct line right to Constantinople. Persian line interrupted.
BOMBAY, 1ST, 2-15 P. M.—Very imperfect communication with Poona.

PROCEEDINGS of a meeting of the representatives of the Native East India Houses, in London, held at the office of Messrs. Jamsedjee Pallonjee Brothers & Co., of 21, Great St. Helens, on Wednesday the 30th January 1867, at half-past 2 o'clock in the [illegible]

Mr. Dadabhoy Nowrowjee presided on the occasion, having been proposed to the chair by Mr. Jamshedjee Pallonjee and seconded by Mr. G. R. Goldin.

The object of the meeting was to consider certain suggestions (hereinafter mentioned) arising out of increased risk of the houses in consequence of the somewhat altered state of affairs in the mercantile world, owing to extraordinary fluctuations of late in the prices of the principal of the staple commodities of the import and export. The suggestions are as follows:—

I. That the commission on sales and purchases of all staple* goods hitherto charged 2½ per cent. to be increased to 3½ per cent. except in case of consignments not drawn against when 2½ per cent. is to be considered a fair rate of commission.

II. That if the amount of bills drawn against a certain shipment exceeds the gross amount of proceeds realized,—commission at 3½ per cent. to be charged in the amount of the bills, instead of on the proceeds.

III. That no cash discount to be allowed to constituents for purchases made on their account, and only trade discount to be allowed. But if remittance accompany the order, the indentor should be allowed cash discount as well.

IV. That on all purchase orders a deposit of at least from 20 to 25 per cent. should be made to the indentor.

V. That commission at 5 per cent to be charged on execution of machinery orders and other purchase orders for sundries, haberdashery, hardware, provision, &c., &c.

After discussing each of the above questions, it was resolved and carried unanimously, that the native East India Houses to communicate to their respective agents and constituents abroad, intimating the wishes of these firms to adopt concurrently the above hinted alterations in their terms of business, and referring the same to the consideration of those to whom the suggestions may concern.

After a vote of thanks to the Chairman, the meeting dispersed.

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* Among staple goods are included cotton, wool and general East India and China produce; also piece goods, yarn, metals, &c.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 June, 2017

A MEETING of the shareholders of the Indian Peninsula, London, and China Bank (Limited) was held at the offices of the Bank yesterday afternoon, Mr. Ardaseer Hormusjee Wadia in the chair. On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. Damodhur Heerjee, the resolution passed at a recent meeting, to the effect that the Bank should be wound up voluntarily, was unanimously confirmed. Mr. Beyts proposed—"That Mr. Charles Iggulden, Mr. P. E. Bendir, and Mr. Alexander Thomson be appointed liquidators; that the first named shall continue to receive his present scale of remuneration and be entitled to no other remuneration; that the other liquidators receive between them a commission of 2 per cent. on the assets realised; and that the Chairman be requested to give the liquidators his advice and assistance during the liquidation." Mr. Jehanghir Rustomjee Mody considered that there ought to be a native gentleman amongst the liquidators, and proposed that Mr. Hormusjee Pestonjee Framjee should be elected in place of one of the European gentlemen who had been named. One or two other native gentlemen were proposed but ultimately the resolution which Mr. Beyts had moved—and which was seconded by Mr. Nusserwanjee Ardaseer—was carried. It was further resolved, on the motion of Mr. Beyts, seconded by Mr. Nusserwanjee Ardaseer, "That the liquidators appointed be vested with all the powers of compromise which are authorised to be granted by section 174 of the Indian Companies Act of 1866." There was a good deal of excited talk, chiefly in the vernacular, in the course of the proceedings, but nothing of any consequence was elicited. The meeting separated after a vote of thanks had been passed to the Chairman.

EXECUTION OF THE FOUR EUROPEAN MURDERERS.

[The following appeared in a special edition of the *Bombay Gazette* published at midday yesterday :—]

James Wilson, *alias* Manoel Ignacio Da Hartatica, George Apostale, *alias* Themistocles Patas, George Nicolas, *alias* Nicalao Gambetti, Joseph Peters, *alias* Antonio Giacometti (who had been convicted of having murdered certain Marwarrees in a house in Khojah Street on the 9th December last) were hanged this morning in front of the County Jail, according to the sentence passed upon them by Mr. Justice Westropp at the last Criminal Sessions. The preparations may be said to have commenced at 2 o'clock A.M., for at that hour the western gate of the jail was opened to admit the Engineer's men, who were duly counted and who then proceeded to erect the scaffold. At 3 A.M. the Criminal gate was opened and admitted the Rev. Father Ciampi, Vicar of the Roman Catholic Cathedral, and the Rev. Father Polly, his assistant, both of whom had been unremitting in their attentions to the prisoners.

The condemned men had been frequently visited during their imprisonment by gentlemen interested in them,—in particular by Mr. A. C. Gumpert, the Austrian Consul, whose attentions appeared to please them, and with whom they shook hands this morning in bidding him farewell. From the date of their condemnation till yesterday the prisoners exhibited considerable coolness, and one of them occasionally indulged in a species of grim pantomime when waited upon by the warders. He was in the habit of raising his hand and holding up as many fingers as he and his companions had days to live, giving his head at the same time a jerk to the side to intimate the manner in which they were to "shuffle off this mortal coil." This morning the unfortunate men were asleep till the arrival of the clergymen, but were wakened then for the purpose of receiving spiritual consolation. They listened in a very becoming manner to what the priests said, and were even so far softened under their influence that they acknowledged to them the justice of the sentence which had been passed upon them. They even confessed the share that each of them had taken in the murders, and from what they said it would appear that their victims had not been struck by Peters, his resolution having fai[illegible] at the last [illegible]. Some differences [illegible] the prisoners since their [illegible], but by this time these were all adjusted, and they frequently interchanged remarks with one another. They did not take any refreshment in the morning, though of course they would have got anything—in a reasonable way—they might have asked for. Between six and seven o'clock the sacrament was administered to them. After this they sat together on a bench, still with their fetters on, and passing remarks occasionally amongst themselves. Perhaps the one most affected at this time—judging from appearance—was Apostole, who showed very considerable agitation, and whose eye had a wild expression in it and seemed at times to appeal for mercy. That Peters, also, was greatly affected appeared plainly by his serious thoughtful look and swelling throat; but he seemed to be trying to subdue any appearance of emotion. Wilson, who had always been regarded as the most hardened of this miserable band, retained this reputation to the last. There seemed to be an utter want of feeling in him, and the calm *outward* look of his eye showed that he was not troubled by any reflections on his fearful fate. The other man (Nicolas) seemed equally thoughtless, but his indifference partook more of levity than did that of Wilson, for all along he appeared much more disposed to chat than any of the others, and frequently he was even observed laughing.

About seven o'clock the gate of the Jail was opened for the admission of persons who had obtained tickets from the Marshall. Mr. Lake we believe had had an immense number of applications for admission, but could comply of course with only a few; and the number of European gentlemen who were admitted into the Jail to witness the execution was altogether about twenty-five or thirty. They formed a group for a short time in front of the place where the condemned men were sitting, and watched their every movement with intense interest. Some astonishment was naturally expressed at seeing the prisoners—one and all—smoking cigarettes at this time, but in the case of men of their class and country perhaps this does not necessarily indicate any indifference, and undoubtedly two of the men who were smoking were very much dejected. About half-past seven the unfortunate men joined again in prayer with the Roman Catholic clergymen, kneeling the while and conducting themselves—as they seemed always to do before the priests—in a becoming manner. On the prayer being finished they kissed the image of Christ which was presented to them. Shortly afterwards they were taken into their own cells to be pinioned. The process of pinioning, although simple, requires to be done in a careful and systematic manner. The prisoners' arms, from the shoulders to the elbows, were bound to the body, and the hands brought forward and tightly tied, the appearance altogether being that of a man in an attitude of supplication. The fetters of the prisoners were struck off at this time, and a white cap, shaped like a night cap, was put on the head of each of them. We were informed that Peters while he was being pinioned said—"There are four of us, but there ought to be a fifth."

On the prisoners being again brought out of their cells the Sheriff, accompanied by his Deputy, the [illegible] Jail, the Marshall, and other offic[illegible] rants, four [illegible] as follows, except that in the case of Peters the crime of "abetment of murder" is named in place of that of murder :—

"Bombay to wit.

To the Sheriff of Bombay, and the Keeper of Her Majesty's Jail there.

Whereas on the eighth day of February, instant, at a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery and Admiralty Sessions holden at Bombay on and for the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof and the factories subordinate thereto and dependent thereon, on Saturday the 2nd day of February instant, and continued by adjournment until the said eighth day of February instant, *(here occurs the name)* received the sentence of death for the crime of murder in the charge against him in that behalf mentioned: now it is hereby ordered that the execution of the said sentence be made and done upon the said *(here the name is repeated)* on Friday the 1st day of March next between the hours of seven and eleven in the forenoon of the same day. Given under my hand and seal this sixteenth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven."

Judge's Signature,
Seal.

"Clerk of the Crown's Signature."

After the warrants had been read the Sheriff issued his instructions and the procession was formed. The Roman Catholic clergymen led the way to the scaffold, and the prisoners under a guard followed, the Sheriff and other officials, together with the visitors, bringing up the rear.

It is almost unnecessary to state that the place of execution was a centre of attraction to the lower classes of the native population. At an early hour in the morning, crowds of people began to assemble in the vicinity of the scaffold. For two hours before the time fixed for the final act, the hum of a vast multitude filled the air. The crowd increased till towards eight o'clock, when expectation became so intense as to still every sound. Every available position round the jail was covered with spectators; the roofs of the houses had men, women, and children perched upon them, and even the branches of the trees were thickly covered with human beings. Till yesterday an idea was prevalent in the bazaars that the sentence would not be executed, some industrious but not very intelligent people having circulated a report to the effect that the British Government never hanged Europeans. Yesterday, however, this idea was effectually dissipated, on the people seeing the preparations which were going on at the scaffold. This morning, of course, a large body of police was present in front of the place of execution to keep order amongst the multitude.

Punctually at eight o'clock, the hour fixed for the execution, the condemned men appeared on the scaffold; and immediately a loud and long-continued cry rose from the crowd in front. Father Ciampi walked about on the scaffold addressing words of consolation to each of the men, but what he said at this moment did not seem to be so much heeded as before, for already the fatal noose was being formed round the neck of each. Most of the men—Wilson and Apostole in particular—addressed some angry words to the natives who were putting the rope upon their necks, apparently because it was being pulled a little tighter than was necessary at that moment. In fact the ropes were too short, and two or three minutes were taken up in having them lengthened from the top of the scaffold. Peters also complained a little, but more quietly than the others. Apostole was the only one who was heard speaking aloud to those in front of the scaffold. After he had taken up his place he cried out in a clear merry tone and with a laugh upon his countenance,—"Goodbye, Charlie, Goodbye, Sir;" and again, just as the white cap was being drawn over his face, he said—"Goodbye, Sirs," and when his face was covered he repeated this farewell by gesticulating with his pinioned hands. While in this position, also, he was heard saying—still with a clear voice—"Padre, addio!" In a second or two more the hangman (a native of a low caste) had drawn the bolt, and the four men were helplessly suspended. The one who struggled most was Peters, who appeared to be a man of a strong constitution. The struggles of the others were very faint, but after two minutes or three not a symptom of remaining life was visible on the bodies of any of them. The corpses remained suspended for about an hour, when they were taken down and placed in coffins, before being taken for interment to the Roman Catholic Cemetery of Dabool at Girgaum, where graves had been prepared for them.

The hangman and his assistants were natives, but we may mention as an incident connected with the spectacle that a European offered to perform the work and seemed very much hurt when Mr. Lake declined his services. His impression was that only Europeans ought to be permitted to hang Europeans; and he broadly stated that Britons had no chance affording them in the country for displaying their abilities.

More than a quarter of a century has passed away since a European was hanged in Bombay, the last execution having taken place in the year 1833. It is, therefore, not at all astonishing that the lower classes of the native community should have felt a few doubts about the infliction of the extreme penalty of the law in this instance.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES BY LADY FRERE TO NATIVE GIRLS.

A DISTRIBUTION of prizes to native girls belonging to the schools of the Students' Literary and Scientific Society took place on Wednesday afternoon in the house of Mr. Venayekrao Jugonathjee Sunkersett in Girgaum Road, before a large number of European ladies and gentlemen and of native gentlemen. H. E. Sir Bartle Frere, Lady Frere, and the Misses Frere were present.

Mr. Vishwanath Narayen Mundlick (the secretary) read the following report:—

"May it please your Excellency,—On the 1st of April, 1865, you had done us the honor of presiding at the annual meeting for the distribution of prizes to the pupils of our girls' schools, so the present report embraces a period of nearly two years. Meanwhile Bombay has passed through a moral and economical crucible, and has been denuded of a good deal of that unnatural glow of health which had for a time as it were paralysed the normal functions of the social body. The change in the circumstances of this city has left this society, perhaps, apparently somewhat weaker in its pecuniary resources than might have been expected; but I venture to say that we are otherwise stronger, richer in the lessons of experience, and more hopeful of our cause, than before. Our schools have now entered their eighteenth year. The history of their foundation and progress has been given to your Excellency on former occasions. We have still the same number of Marathi schools, viz., three, containing in all 230 pupils. Their progress has been steady and, on the whole, very fair. The first school endowed by the society, with the assistance of the European and Native public of Bombay and the interior in the name of our President, Dr. Bhau Daji, still continues to occupy the foremost place. The next school, called the Jagannath Sankersett Girls' School, is supported by our host, Mr. Venayekrao Jagannathji Sunkersett. It has done pretty fairly during the year. The third Marathi school has also done pretty well, but has not attained the rank it did last year. It was till the end of 1866 supported by Sett Bhagvandas Purshottamdas; but that source failing, a new and promising friend of the society, Mr. Narayan Vasudeoji, has undertaken to help us to carry it on during the current year. The result of the examination for scholarships connected with these schools shows that our pupils are, at least, as highly educated as those from similar Government boys, schools in the presidency. This is certainly not much by itself, but if the disadvantages under which our schools labor are taken into account, it will, I think, be conceded that we have done our best under the circumstances. At the exhibition for 1865 I had announced the contemplated doubling of the annual donation by the Honorable Mr. Mangaldas Nathubhai. The conditions under which the increased assistance was offered were such as the society could not accede to, and the only Guzarathi school which we had last year being left unsupported has been transferred to Mr. Mangaldass Nathubhai, who has undertaken to conduct it independently of this society. The failure of Mr. Premchund Roychund has also deprived us of the promised grant of a lac and fifty thousand rupees with which we had hoped to build and endow a superior girls' school, probably under the supervision of an experienced European mistress. Your Excellency's Gov[illegible] a free site on the [illegible] Esplanade, but the sinews of [illegible] insufficient, the project has fallen through. This is the last occasion on which your Excellency will have presided at our public exhibition, and the managing committee have desired me to express their warmest and most respectful thanks for the honor which your Excellency and Lady Frere have done us by condescending to grace the meeting on this interesting occasion. The expenses of this day's exhibition have been defrayed by our host, Mr. V. J. Sunkersett, who besides obligingly placing his splendid family mansion at our disposal has contributed books for prizes. Another friend whose name I am not at liberty to mention has given Rs. 100, Mr Tricumji Velji Rs. 50, and Mr. Balkrishna Sazba a quantity of philosophical toys and Rs. 10; besides contributions in books by the President and other members.

A good number of the girls were then examined (in the vernacular of course) and they seemed to give much satisfaction to those who were able to judge of their merits. The examination in Geography was particularly interesting, and it was gratifying to see that special attention was devoted to this interesting branch of study. The girls also favoured the ladies and gentlemen who were present with a Marathi song.

At the close of the examination, Dr. Bhau Daji (the President of the Society) read the following address to His Excellency :—

To His Excellency, SIR HENRY BARTLE EDWARD FRERE, G. C. S. I., K. C. B., Governor of Bombay.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,—We, the members of the Students' Literary and Scientific Society, beg to tender your Excellency this expression of our heartfelt thanks for the zealous interest your Excellency has taken in promoting the cause of native female education in this Presidency, and of our deep regret at your Excellency's approaching departure from the scene of your labours amongst us.

Although indigenous to the country, female education had by long neglect become so nearly extinct, as to demand on its restoration the care, the anxiety, and the patronage needful for an exotic.

We felt that, however pure our cause, and however great our interest, we could not in the present state of native feeling anticipate the success which has rewarded our exertions, without the countenance and encouragement of those who hold the reins of Government. This encouragement has been fully afforded to us by your Excellency, while the active sympathy evinced by Lady Frere in promoting a movement in which the moral elevation of the people of India so essentially depends, cannot fail to be remembered by us without lasting gratitude. The expectations that we had indulged in on behalf of female education from your Excellency's rule in this Presidency have been fully realized. We have found your Excellency ever ready to use your best efforts in aiding both the pupils in our schools as well as ourselves, by presiding at the annual exhibitions and by publicly recognizing our humble attempts to ameliorate the condition of the women of India and thus stamping these efforts with your Excellency's approval.

We would also take this opportunity of expressing our unfeigned gratitude for your Excellency's active interest in the cause of native education generally. That cause so dear to every well wisher of this great country has received no common encouragement by the liberal policy of your Excellency in raising educated native gentlemen to posts of responsibility and honour, while the blessings of education have been extended to every remote corner of this Presidency. So general has been the spread of education during your Excellency's administration that the educational institutions of the Presidency have doubled in that period, a fact which speaks for itself.

Deep as is our regret at losing in your Excellency a friend of native education and a sincere well-wisher of this country, it is to some extent moderated by the hope that your Excellency will still be able to render important service to this country in your exalted position as an adviser to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

As a small tribute of our esteem and regard for your Excellency, we beg to be permitted to found a scholarship in your Excellency's name, as well as another in that of Lady Frere, in connexion with the girls' schools under our management.

We desire, in conclusion, to offer to your Excellency our sincere wishes that your Excellency, Lady Frere, and the members of your family may be blessed with all happiness and prosperity on your retirement to your native land.

And we beg to subscribe ourselves, your Excellency's most faithful servants.

Bombay, 27th Feb. 1867. (Here follow the signatures).

His Excellency replied as follows : Mr. President,—I beg to express to you and the other members of your Society my very sincere thanks for the address which you have just read. It has been a matter of very great satisfaction to me to be able to redeem the promise which I made you a great many months ago, that I would, if possible, meet you again at another annual examination of these schools; and what you have read to us to-day in the Report has satisfied me that, notwithstanding the gloomy period through which we have lately passed, the work which the students of Bombay so well undertook when many of them were very young men is, by the blessing of God, in a state of satisfactory progress. You have referred in the Report which you read to some deductions which must be made from what when we last met in this room we were able to congratulate you on in the measure of the success you had attained. I cannot look altogether at what has happened in the way of a division of your labours as otherwise than a cause of satisfaction. I recollect that when you first began, as very young men, to work towards female education among your own females in this city, you were obliged to collect from every portion of the native community all the educated young men who would agree with you upon this most important subject, before you could present yourselves to the public of your native city as possessing such a body as would enable you to take the lead in female education. Since that time you have thrown off from your parent-body a very healthy offshoot in the shape of the Parsee schools, which I am very glad to know are prospering under the care of the educated gentlemen of that community; and I think you have judged wisely in agreeing to a division of your labours by making over to the gentlemen of the Guzerati community those schools which are chiefly frequented by girls of that class of society. I think you will find that you have enough and more than enough before you in looking after the schools of the great Mahratta community of this capital; and when I look at what you have achieved during the past two years, instead of being discouraged, I feel that you are on the way to permanent success. Th[illegible] have been able to say there has been [illegible]ntial loss of ground is in itself under [illegible] and I hope that the time will come when the edu[illegible] young men of other parts of the Mahratta country will join with you in the work that you have in hand. We have had lately in Poona and in other parts of the Presidency the most satisfactory evidence that there is no backwardness on the part of the chiefs of your nation and the nobles of your race to give you effectual support in this matter in other cities than Bombay. The importance of the object is a point on which I need not dilate in your presence. You began these schools in all the ardour of early youth, when the eldest of you was in truth a student; and now that you are grown to mature age and are taking your part not only in the management of your own families, but some of you a very large part in the government of the country, I feel certain that every day will strengthen your view of the paramount importance of this particular branch of education, because it is the education not only of your wives and sisters and daughters, but it is to a great extent the education of your own sons. I very lately had occasion to refer to a Report written by an officer who is well known to you as one of the oldest and best friends of natives of this country—General Le Grand Jacob. He was speaking of the difficulties which beset the administration of the great province of Kattiawar, and he said that of all the difficulties he had met with there was nothing so serious to his mind as the absence—the almost total absence, of good female education among the highest classes. He described how the very blessings which education brought to this country in the shape of peace and good government had acted to the deterioration of the nobles of the land by taking from them almost their only stimulus to active exertion, which they used to find in the internal dissensions of the country. He said that he found that in a great majority of cases, as the possession of large estates fell to young men who from the want of education were daily losing the best qualities of the noble races from which they sprung, the management of their estates passed into the hands of their wives and mothers, who being uneducated were totally unable to discharge the duties of the position which they had to fill. It was true they were not all addicted to some of the vices—such as opium eating—from which the young men suffered so much; but on the other hand, from their total want of education, and their total want of capacity to deal with the men who ordinarily took the administration of their estates, they and their families and their estates were all going to ruin. And he spoke of female education among the upper classes of Kattiawar (this was several years ago) as the one [illegible] that was needful in his opinion to prevent th[illegible] of [illegible] ruin [illegible]sured [illegible]ressed at that time [illegible]orrespondence have [illegible] to your minds in the [illegible] that in the ma[illegible] before you, and which you have [illegible] discouragements ed by the feeling that [illegible] have been sustained [illegible] of your own class, though [illegible] educating the young be a large or numerous one [illegible] class might not great nation to which you [illegible]pared with the [illegible] were doing your part towards a gr[illegible] national [illegible] still you service. I thank you very sincerely for what you have said regarding the [illegible] that Lady Frere and I have been able to do in promoting this great work. You know that it bears a very small proportion to what we would have done had we had the power. We carry with us this satisfaction that the work you have undertaken is in a state of daily progress towards that time when I hope you will be able to say that you have not only all the ladies of your own families under tuition but that they are being taught by ladies competent to the task. This you know is the one great desideratum at this present moment. It is this that prevents many who are less enlightened or more prejudiced than yourselves from taking advantage of what you are able to offer their daughters in the shape of education; and it is this which makes the education itself so short and imperfect. I trust that we see many symptoms around us that the educated Hindoo gentlemen of Bombay are not going to let it always be said—as is said at present while the education of their daughters is necessarily entrusted to men—that that education ceases about the time when the education of women in our own country becomes most important. I hope, gentlemen, that I may meet many of you hereafter in my own country, and I feel assured that whether there or here this subject will be foremost in your minds. I heartily trust that the blessing of God may go with you in your work; and on behalf of myself and of Lady Frere I thank you most cordially for the address you have read us and the manner—a manner most congenial to our feelings—in which you purpose to connect us with the excellent work you have in hand. (Applause.)

Lady Frere then distributed a large number of prizes, and the company afterwards broke up.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

A MEETING of the Legislative Council was held on Thursday in the Durbar Room of the Town Hall, His Excellency Sir Bartle Frere, K.C.B., and G.S.I., presiding. The members of the Council present were His Excellency Sir Robert Napier; the Hon'ble Mr. Ellis; the Hon'ble Mr. Erskine; the Hon'ble the Advocate General; the Hon'ble Mr. Foggo; the Hon'ble Mr. Munguldass Nathoobhoy; the Hon'ble Mr. Hunter; the Hon'ble Meer Mahomed Khan, Talpore; the Hon'ble Framjee Nusserwanjee Patel and the Hon'ble Colonel Marriott.

TOWN DUES BILL.

The following Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider the Bill for the levy of Town Dues was presented to the Council :—

1. Your Committee have carefully considered the Bill for the levy of Town Dues, and, having made such alterations as they deemed necessary, they beg leave to lay the amended Bill before the Honorable Council in the form in which they recommend that it should be passed.

2. Your Committee, being fully alive to the objections to which taxes, of this description are open, first considered whether money might not be raised by an increase to existing taxes. But it was considered by the Committee that Bombay cannot at present bear any increase in direct taxation; that no modification of the License Tax could possibly meet the amount of deficiency; that the necessities of the Municipality can be supplied only by raising a loan; that the ordinary Municipal income, even if the License Tax were modified, is insufficient to provide for the interest and gradual repayment of the loan, and that it is therefore advisable to revert to Town Duties in a modified form.

3. The majority of the members of the Town Duty Committee appointed by the Justices was opposed to a revival of the duties upon any of the articles mentioned in the schedule annexed to Act XXV. of 1858, except ghee and timber. In this opinion your Committee entirely concur.

4. A tax upon cows, sheep, and other animals yielding food would be unproductive. A tax upon grain would press heavily on the poorer classes, and for the same reason firewood should remain untaxed. The yield from chunam, bricks, and tiles would be small, and the re-imposition of duty on these is therefore not proposed.

5. There being a difference of opinion respecting cotton and opium, it has been determined to leave these articles in the schedule without alteration, dissenting members reserving a right to express their opinions before the Council.

6. As to opium, it is recommended that a reference be made to the Government of India, in order to ascertain whether, if a Municipal Tax not exceeding Rupees 5 per chest be found to be in accordance with the views of a majority of the Council, its imposition would be objected to by the Governor General in Council.

7. With regard to metals, excepting iron and steel, there is likewise a difference of opinion, and this item has also been reserved for discussion in the Council.

8. Iron and steel, coal, and piece goods should not, in the opinion of your Committee, be taxed for local purposes.

9. The proceeds of the local duty on tobacco have lately been resigned by Government to the Municipality.

10. Your Committee recommend a duty of two annas per gallon, equal to four annas per dozen, upon wines and spirits, and propose that six pies per gallon, or one anna per dozen be raised upon beer.

11. Sugar and ghee will bear a somewhat higher duty than that proposed in the original draft of the Bill. Your Committee have decided to fix the tax on ghee at the same rate as it formerly paid in Bombay, and now pays in Ahmedabad.

12. Timber, exclusive of railway sleepers, might be taxed at the rates proposed, being half the rate which was until recently, levied under the old Town Duties Act.

13. In conclusion your Committee offer an amended schedule for the consideration of the Council, giving an estimated revenue of about 7½ lakhs, but the items in italics are as above noted, objected to by some of the members :—

	Rs.
Cotton, 1,000,000 bales, at 1 anna per cwt.	2,18,700
Opium, 35,000 chests, at Rs. 5	1,75,000
Metals, except iron and steel, at ¼ per cent	45,000
Wines and spirits, 337,000 gallons, at 2 annas per gallon	42,000
Beer, 384,519 gallons, at 6 pies per gallon	12,000
Sugar, including molasses, jagree, and goor, at 1 per cent on 80 lakhs	80,000
Ghee, 280,000 maunds, at 6 annas per maund	1,05,000
Timber, excluding railway sleepers, 2½ per cent. on 40 lakhs	1,00,000
	7,77,700

14. This Report and the amended Bill should be translated into Marathi and Gujarati.

MUNGULDASS NATHOOBHOY.
B. H. ELLIS.
L. H. BAYLEY.
A. J. HUNTER.
FRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE.

I was averse to taxing ghee, which is a necessary of life to some classes, but have deferred to the unanimous opinion of my colleagues.

MUNGULDASS NATHOOBHOY.

Mr. Munguldass Nathoobhoy moved that the further progress of the Bill be deferred for one month, in order that a translation of the Report into Guzeratti and Marathi may be published to give the non-English reading section of the community an opportunity of considering its recommendations.

The motion was agreed [illegible]

THE BANK OF [illegible]MBAY BILL.

The following is the Bill [illegible] of the capital of the Bank to reduce the amount [illegible] shares thereon, and to am[illegible] Bombay and of the Act XV fo 1866. [illegible] Act X. of 1863, and

Whereas the capital of the [illegible] Pr[illegible] Bank of Bombay now [illegible] divi[illegible] consists of Rupees [illegible] (two crores and nine thousand nine hundred) fully paid up, [illegible] into 20,900 (twenty [illegible]) shares, of the nominal value of Rs. 1,000 (one thousand) [illegible] it has been considered expedient th[illegible] shares, of the said capital and of the shares there[illegible] each, and whereas [illegible] the amount [illegible] should be reduced, it is enacted as follows :—

The Capital—to be divided into shares of 500 Rupees each.

I. From and after the passing of [illegible] of the B[illegible] re-incorp[illegible] this Act the capital tuted u[illegible] Bank of Bombay, as shall be [illegible] rated and re-constituted of the [illegible] under Act X. of 1863, 1,04,50,000 (one crore four lacs and [illegible]) and shall be deemed to shall be and shall be deemed to be [illegible] amount of Rupees Rupees 500 (five hundred) each, fu[illegible] fifty thousand), and shares shall continue to bear the [illegible] divided into shares of shares of the said Bank bore previously paid up, and such this Act, and the shares which at the same numbers as the of this Act shall be registered in [illegible] to the passing of [illegible] vernor in Council of Bombay, or of any [illegible] time of the passing sons, shall continue so registered until the name of the Go[illegible] other person or persons, according to [illegible] other person or persons transferred to some said recited Act, or other the provisions of the behalf; but each of such shares shall [illegible] ns in force in this share of the nominal value of Rs. 5[illegible] be deemed to be a fully paid up, in the capital of the said [illegible] 00 (five hundred), the capital of the said Bank shall at [illegible] Bank, and in case passing of this Act be increased by virtue [illegible] any time after the of the provisions of the said recited [illegible] and in pursuance provisions in force in this behalf, the [illegible] Act, or other the capital so created shall in like manner [illegible] new or additional shares of Rs. 500 (five hundred) each, [illegible] be divided into shall be numbered in continuation of the [illegible] then existing shares, and no separate interest or share in or of the said capital of less amount than Rs. 500 (five hundred) shall be created or held by any proprietor, nor shall any proprietor or other person be entitled to claim a share of such new or additional capital of less amount than Rs. 500 (five hundred) each.

Certificate of Shares.

II. All certificates of shares of the said Bank, which shall be issued after the passing of this Act under the provisions of the said recited Act, or other the provisions in force in this behalf, either in exchange or substitution for certificates theretofore issued; or in respect of additional capital, shall purport to be certificates of one or more shares of Rs. 500 (five hundred) each, fully paid up, and not of shares of Rs. 1,000 (one thousand) each, as heretofore.

Amendment of Section 2 of Act XV. of 1866.

III. No person shall be capable of serving as a director of the said Bank by election of the proprietors who shall not be proprietor in his own right of 24 unencumbered shares of the capital of the said Bank, or who shall be a director, provisional director, or promoter of any other Bank having or advertised as about to have a place of business within the town or island of Bombay. And in case of more than one member of any mercantile firm or company (being other than a joint stock company) being elected directors, or where any director shall become a member of [illegible] firm or company, there being already a member of [illegible] one of such members [illegible] the same firm a director, only [illegible] shall act as a director.

Amended scale for voting at general meetings.

IV. At all [illegible] general meetings of the proprietors of the said Bank, the proprietors having a right to vote at such meeting, shall vote according to the following scale:—

The proprietor of—

4	Shares of Rs. 500 each	shall be entitled to	1	vote.
20	do.	do.	2	votes
40	do.	do.	3	votes
60	do.	do.	4	votes
80	do.	do.	5	votes
120	do.	do.	6	votes
160	do.	do.	7	votes

and no proprietor shall be entitled to more than 7 votes.

Reserve Fund.

V. All moneys and assets of the said Bank which, but for this Act, would have been deemed to be part of or to belong to the capital of the said Bank as fixed by the said recited Act, or since created, shall, after setting apart and providing for the amount of capital as fixed by this Act, or any additional capital hereafter to be created, be applicable to the formation or increase of the reserve fund provided for by Section XXXVI. of the said recited Act.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ellis, in moving the first reading of the Bill, did not propose to detain the Council with any lengthened observations, for whatever difference there might be in regard to the past management or future management of the Bank, it did not appear necessary to discuss the question here, inasmuch as there was a quite universal agreement as to the necessity of the measure which he was now laying before the Council. It had been admitted by the shareholders, it had been admitted by the Government of this Presidency and by the Government of India and by Her Majesty's Secretary of State that, owing to the errors of the past management of the Bank, there was estimated—and with reason, he was sorry to say—there was estimated to be a loss out of the whole capital of one half. And even if, as some gentlemen insisted was the case, there was to be a loss of more than one half, there could not be the least harm in passing the Bill which he now laid before the Council and of which the necessity was admitted by them all, because one half of the capital at least was gone, and so long as the continuance of this nominal capital was allowed, no possible hope of a dividend could be entertained. If, on the other hand, as some few sanguine people were inclined to hope, the loss of half the capital was an over-estimate, no harm would occur in passing the Bill, because it was in the power of the Bank to recover any amount from those who were due to it. Under these circumstances it would seem to require no argument from him to press upon the Council the necessity there was for the speedy passing of this Bill. No doubt it would have been passed but for some untoward circumstances, [illegible] in order to avoid any unnecessary delay, he would, if the Bill passed a first time, proceed to move a suspension of the standing orders in order that it might be carried through all its other stages at once. There was one point on which he might be permitted to make a digression because the point was closely connected with the present Bill and the Bill which was passed last year in reference to the Bank of Bombay. It would be recollected by the Council that one result of the disastrous management of the Bank was the conviction that the words in the 32 clause of Act X. of 1863 "and other companies" giving power to the Bank to advance and lend money on shares in any public company in India, which were entered for the first time in that Act, had been productive of very great mischief and that measures should be immediately taken for their removal from the Act. When that conviction arose there was considerable discussion as to how these words had got into the Act, and a great deal of blame was attributed to those who were in charge of the Bill in Council for not having more prominently brought under the notice of the Council the fact that these words would be inserted in the new measure. At that time Mr. Robertson, who had charge of the original Bill, was away from Bombay, and enquiries were not instituted until his return when Government referred to him to ascertain the reason for these words being inserted in the Act of 1863. Mr. Robertson had supplied Government with very full and ample information on the subject, and he (Mr. Ellis) thought it due to Mr. Robertson to explain how these words were inserted. Mr. Robertson had shown that the original draft of the Bill of 1863, in which the words were inserted, was first prepared by the solicitors of the Bank, and after being revised by the Advocate General and by the officers of the Government of India and subsequently by the Secretary of State, it was not until the provision had met with the approval of the Secretary of State that the Bill was presented to the Council. In the draft submitted by the law officers of the Bank, it appears the phraseology of the Joint Stock Companies' Act was closely followed, and Mr. Robertson pointed out that it was preferable to adopt the Act of the Bank of Bengal, but this opinion was not concurred in by the law officers, and on their shewing that the wording of the Joint Stock Companies' Act was in every respect superior to the wording of the Bank of Bengal these words were adopted. There was no blame attachable to Mr. Robertson and though the effect of the words had escaped the notice of Government, it was from no speculative tendency on the part of any member of Council that they found their way into this Act; but it was simply owing to the fact that the wording of the general Act was preferred to the wording of the Bank Act on the other side of India. He deemed it necessary to trouble the Council with these explanations now, because when the Act was last before the Council it was not possible to give the Council any information as to the manner in which the words had been introduced into the Act of 1863. He concluded by moving that the Bill be now read a first time.

The motion was unanimously agreed to and the Bill was read a first time.

The honourable gentleman then moved the suspension of the standing orders that the Bill might be read a second and third time and passed.

The standing orders were suspended and on the Bill being considered in detail,

Mr. Foggo said he was not quite sure that he correctly understood the wording or tenor of the fifth section. Its primary object, he concluded, was the formation of a reserve fund as indicated in the margin. The section provided that "all moneys and assets of the said Bank which but for this Act, would have been deemed to be part of or to belong to the capital of the said Bank as fixed by the said recited Act"—that meant the original capital of 50 lacs—"or since created"—which meant the amount since increased up to two crores—"shall after setting apart and providing for the amount of capital as fixed by this Act or any additional capital hereafter to be created be applicable to the formation or increase of the reserve fund provided for by Section XXXVI. of the said recited Act." It appeared to him that if the words "any additional capital hereafter to be created" were retained that would not leave room for creating a reserve fund. The case would be this. Supposing an amount beyond the crore of capital fixed by this Act were to be recovered, it would be in the power of the Directors of the Bank to create additional capital. Now that might be a good object, but it [illegible] the same as making a reserve fund. It was not [illegible] him it would be better to leave out [illegible] appeared to [illegible] and then if it was practicable to form these words, a[illegible] it would be easy to state additional capi[illegible] the reserve fund should be. [illegible] in another Act what [illegible] point. If a considerable [illegible] There was another [illegible] would it not be amount was to be reco[illegible] would not be worthy of consideration whether it [illegible] better not to bind the Bank to apply the sum recovered beyond the amount of the capital to the purposes of a reserve fund, but to take into consideration the claims of the shareholders in England and here. They had been without a dividend for twelve months, and that fell very severely indeed on many of them, and although it was quite true that a reserve fund enhanced the value of the shares, it happened that a great many of the shares were held by trustees who could not sell their shares. He would submit, therefore, that it should not be made imperative on the Bank to apply these recoveries to a reserve fund. It appeared to him that it would be better to substitute for the words "any additional capital to be afterwards created," some such words as these : "Provided always that it shall not be incumbent on the Directors of this Bank to provide a reserve fund bearing a larger proportion to the paid up capital as fixed by this Act or to any additional capital to be hereafter created than of the said paid up and additional capital." He submitted [illegible] these words to the Council with [illegible] deference, for, although he wa[illegible] acquainted with the subject [illegible] that clauses drawn up by [illegible] sometimes exceedingly [illegible] difficult to ascertain what [illegible] be. With reference to [illegible] had mentioned he thought of [illegible] which he had directed the [illegible] Council were retained, the object [illegible] would be defeated.

Colonel Marriott presumed the meaning of the words provided that if there was a surplus more than was expected it might go to increase the capital or to make a reserve fund. If it was found desirable that the surplus should be available for distribution the words seemed to be unnecessary.

Mr. Hunter quite agreed that the surplus should be distributed as a bonus among the shareholders, because many of the shareholders have been without dividend for a long time. If there was found to be a surplus, which he was afraid was not very likely, it should be applied as a bonus.

Mr. Ellis consented to the omission of the words "or any additional capital hereafter to be created." He did not think it necessary to retain them. As to the other amendment he was sure the Directors would hail with delight Mr. Foggo's accession to the ranks of those sanguine people who believed that there would be a surplus recovered beyond the half of the Bank's capital. He himself thought there was so little hope of it that that no possible good would result from giving the Bank the power of forming a reserve fund out of the surplus. If Mr. Foggo was so sanguine that the shareholders in England would receive a very large portion of the lost capital which was to be recovered by the exertions of the present officers of the Bank, he (Mr. Ellis) should say there would be good reason for dividing it as a bonus and he would rejoice to see it done. But as they knew very well and the public believed, that there was very little chance of a balance being recovered or carried to the reserve fund of the Bank. If the reserve fund was strengthened by these recoveries it would be quite possible for the Directors to declare a larger dividend, because they would not be obliged to apply the profits to the formation of a reserve fund, so that the shareholders would be in quite as good a position.

M. Foggo could assure the honourable member, in reply to the somewhat satirical tone of his remarks, that he had no wish to take a captious objection to the clause. His only object was to consider what was best for the shareholders under every contingency. He concluded from the section that the words would somewhat affect any dividend which the directors would have it in their power to make.

Colonel Marriott quite agreed with the remarks of the Hon'ble Mr. Ellis that, if the words were omitted, the clause would answer all purposes, because there was not the least chance of raising any additional capital. If there was a chance he did not think it was proper that the capital should be greater than one million sterling. The misfortunes of the Bank had arisen from its having more capital than it required for the proper purposes of trade, and from the Directors thinking there was no objection to lending it in the way they had done. There was very little chance of the Bank having a million sterling of capital after recovering what it could, and he believed that the shareholders would be content if half the capital was recovered.

Mr. Erskine pointed out that the discussion seemed to raise the question whether the power of increasing the capital of the Bank should be expressly continued. That power was continued by the first section of the Bill, and if it was the intention of the Council that the power should be so continued it seemed to him th[illegible] should such [illegible] any additional capital, [illegible] V. be put created, should by [illegible] the same footing as the existing [illegible] respect to the reserve fund. His impression was that so long as the Act allowed the Bank to raise additional capital beyond the sum which was now to form their capital some words similar to those inserted in the fifth section could not be avoided, as there would be no security for the future capital with regard to the reserve fund.

Mr. Ellis said this section referred only to the recovery of moneys included in the lost capital; and he did not see how the Hon'ble Mr. Erskine's objection applied. It was not at all necessary that additional capital should be raised, or that the moneys recovered from the lost capital should be applied to increasing the capital, and he was therefore disposed to agree with Mr. Foggo.

The Advocate General thought there was great force in the observations that had fallen from Mr. Erskine. The case appeared to him to stand thus. The first section provided for having an increased capital after the passing of this Bill, and the fifth section of the Bill carried the case up to the passing of this Act, but it did not meet what might very likely happen after this Act was passed, and some such words as those suggested by the Hon'ble Mr. Erskine were very desirable.

Colonel Marriott said it would be rather a complicated transaction to issue new shares with a portion of the old capital, and he could not understand that the person who drafted the clause did mean that any surplus over the now fixed capital of the Bank should be applied to provide new capital. New capital could be provided independently of that. If the words were taken out there would be no doubt about the clause, if they remained in they would.

The question of the omission or insertion of the words was then put and the Council resolved that the words be omitted.

Mr. Foggo did not press the other point to which he had adverted.

The Bill was then read a third time and passed.

ADMINISTRATION OF MILITARY CANTONMENTS BILL.

The following Bill to make provision for the administration of military cantonments in the Bombay Presidency stood among the Bills and orders of the day for the first reading :—

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to make provision for regulating the administration of Civil and Criminal Justice and the superintendence of Police and Conservancy, for protecting the public health within the limits of military cantonments, and for laying down local rules and regulations to be enforced within such limits; it is enacted as follows :—

Parts of certain regulation repealed.

I. The parts of the regulation in the schedule hereunto annexed set forth, are hereby repealed to the extent in the said schedule declared.

Criminal Jurisdiction of a Cantonment Magistrate.

II. When any person shall be invested by the Government under the provisions of Section XXIII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with the powers of a magistrate within the limits of any military cantonment, such person shall be styled the Cantonment Magistrate, and within the limits of such cantonment shall, subject to the control of the Magistrate of the District in which such cantonment is situate exercise the powers of a magistrate as defined in the said Code, for the purpose of disposing of all cases arising within such cantonment which the Magistrate of the District might dispose of, and for the commitment for trial before the Court of Session of the District or place in which such cantonment is situate, of any person charged with any offence triable before the Court of Session, or for which the person charged shall appear to deserve a more severe sentence than a magistrate is competent under the said Code of Criminal Procedure to award.

Cantonment Magistrate to exercise the powers of a Magistrate.

III. The Cantonment Magistrate shall exercise the powers of a magistrate within the meaning and for the purposes of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Assistant Cantonment Magistrates.

IV. When any person shall be invested by the Government under the provisions of Section XXIV. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with the powers of a subordinate magistrate of the 1st or 2nd class within the limits of any military cantonment, such person shall be styled the Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, and shall be subject to the rules laid down for subordinate magistrates in the said Code.

The police force in a cantonment to be part of the general police force of the Bombay Presidency and regulations applicable for the time being.

V. The police force employed in any military cantonment shall be deemed to be part of the general police force of the Bombay Presidency, and subject to all laws and regulations applicable to such general police force for the time being.

Administration of police within cantonments.

The administration of the police within the limits of any cantonment in which there shall be a cantonment magistrate shall be vested in the District Superintendent, subject to the general control and direction of the commanding officer of such cantonment.

Service and execution, through Cantonment Magistrate, of process issued by commanding officer of a cantonment.

VI. The commanding officer of a cantonment may send any process requiring service or execution by any means not immediately at his disposal, to the chief police officer in the cantonment for service or execution through the cantonment police, and it shall be the duty of the said chief police officer to serve or execute such process in the same manner as if it had been issued by the Cantonment Magistrate, and subject to the same rules.

Government may make rules and regulations to provide for certain matters hereinafter mentioned; the same to be general or special.

VII. The Government shall have power to make rules and regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or of any other law in force, to provide within the limits of any military cantonment, for the matters hereinafter mentioned, and from time to time to repeal, or alter, such rules and regulations. The rules and regulations made under this section may be general for all military cantonments in the territories under the Government making the same, or special for any one or more of such cantonments, according as the Government shall direct.

Rules and Regulations to be confirmed by Governor General in Council.

VIII. No rule or regulation made or altered under the last preceding section shall have effect until the same shall have been confirmed by the Governor General of India in Council. A copy of every such rule and regulation when so confirmed, in English and in the vernacular language chiefly in use, shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate, or in such other place as the Government or the commanding officer may direct.

For what matters rules and regulations may provide.

IX. The Rules and Regulations made under section VII. of this Act may provide :—

1st.—For regulating [illegible] cases in which the land within the limits of the cantonment is [illegible] the property of Government, and the occupation and use of which [illegible] by private persons is only permissive, the conditions under which such occupation or use shall be allowed, and under which the Government may resume possession of such land, and under which compensation shall be given to persons occupying or using the land so resumed.

2nd.—For maintaining proper registers of immoveable property within the limits of the cantonment, and for providing for the registration of transfers of such property.

3rd.—For regulating the manner in which houses within the limits of the cantonment shall be claimable for purchase or hire when necessary, for the accommodation of military officers.

4th.—For regulating the management and expenditure of any funds made available by law, or by the Government for the purpose of public improvements within the limits of the cantonment, or for carrying out any rules and regulations passed under this section, and the appointment of the necessary servants and establishments.

5th.—For the definition and prohibition of public nuisances.

6th.—For the maintenance generally of the cantonment in a proper sanitary condition; for the prevention and cure of disease; for the management and regulation of the public roads, of conservancy, and drainage; for the regulation and inspection of public and private necessaries, urinals, cess-pools, drains, and all places in which filth or rubbish is deposited; of slaughter houses, public markets, burials and burning grounds, and all offensive or dangerous trades and occupations.

7th.—For inspecting and controlling houses of ill-fame, and for preventing the spread of veneral disease.

8th.—For the supervision and regulation of public wells, tanks, springs, or other sources from which water is or may be made available for public use.

9th.—For the execution and promotion of works of public utility and convenience.

10th.—For the registration of deaths, and for making and recording observations and facts important for the public health and interests.

11th.—For the imposition of penalties on persons convicted of the breach of any rule of regulation made under section VII. of this Act, and for declaring what persons shall make the preliminary inquiry into, or take cognizance of any breach of such rules and regulations, and the manner in which the investigation shall be conducted, provided that no penalty so imposed shall exceed a fine of fifty rupees, or imprisonment for eight days with or without labour.

Trial of breaches of rules and regulations.

X. Breaches of any rule or regulation made under section VII. of this Act shall be triable by the Cantonment Magistrate when there is such an officer; but the local Government may invest any Assistant Cantonment Magistrate or any other person, with powers to try such breaches, and may authorize such person to exercise such powers independently of the Cantonment Magistrate. The Magistrate of the District shall have no control over the Cantonment Magistrate, or over any Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, or any other person invested with such powers as herein aforesaid.

Amount of fine imposed how to be levied.

XI. In every case in which an offender is sen[illegible] a fine for the br[illegible] of any rule or regulati[illegible] under section VII[illegible], the [illegible] non-[illegible]eable [illegible] the payment be levied by d[illegible] property of the offend[illegible] limits of the canton[illegible]

XII. If no such [illegible]nt of the [illegible] to be [illegible] for [illegible] one

Imprisonment in cas[illegible] of amount not bein[illegible] levied.

XIII. The imp[illegible]

Place of impri[illegible]

[illegible] be, if [illegible] civil [illegible], in the criminal jai[illegible]

XIV. Nothing [illegible]ula- [illegible] VII. [illegible] any [illegible] uted [illegible] or [illegible] ish-

Prosecutions, &c[illegible] other regulation[illegible] not barred by th[illegible]

able under this Ac[illegible] regulation or Act [illegible] punishment than [illegible] Act. Provided th[illegible] for the same offen[illegible]

XV. Whenever [illegible]

For protection [illegible] health of th[illegible] and [illegible] ch [illegible] uch [illegible] the [illegible] der clause 7 of section IX. of this Act, and to make any additional rules and regulations under the said clause, and to define the limits around such cantonment within which such rules and regulations or additional rules and regulations shall be in force.

How penalties may be imposed and enforced for breach of rules and regulations in extended limits.

XVI. When such rules and regulations, with any additional rules or regulations made as above, shall be extended under the last preceding section to any place outside the limits of such cantonment, it shall be lawful for the Governor of Bombay in Council to provide, in the manner described in clause 11. of section IX. of this Act, for the imposition of penalties for the breach of such Rules and regulations and for prescribing the manner in which, and the persons by whom breaches of such rules and regulations shall be inquired into or be cognizable.

Courts, &c., to take judicial notice of rules and regulations made under this Act.

XVII. All courts and magistrates shall take judicial notice of all rules and regulations made under the section VII. or section XV. of this Act.

Effect of rules, &c., made under section IX. of this Act in respect of regulations, &c., previously in force.

XVIII. Whenever, in any military cantonment, rules and regulations have been made under section VII. of this Act, so much of any regulation or Act as may be held to empower the commanding officer to make local regulations regarding matters other than military, shall cease to have any effect in such cantonment, and all local regulations for any military cantonment which may have been made before the promulgation of the rules and regulations for such cantonment made under said section VII. shall cease to have any effect.

Provisio.

Provided that nothing in this section shall be held to interfere with any military authority vested in the said commanding officer under the Articles of War.

Penalty for the unauthorized sale of spirituous liquor, &c., to certain persons in Cantonments.

XIX. If within any military cantonment, or within any limits around such cantonment prescribed by the local Government, any person not amenable to the Articles of War, or any sutler, or camp-follower shall knowingly barter, sell, or supply, or offer or attempt to barter, sell, or supply any spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug to, or for the use of, any European soldier, or to or for the use of any European or Eurasian being a camp-follower or a soldier's wife, without a written license from the Officer Commanding, or from some person having sufficient authority from the Officer Commanding to grant such licence, the person so bartering, selling, or supplying, or offering, or attempting to barter, sell, or supply such spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug as aforesaid, shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees, or in the discretion of the Magistrate to imprisonment with or without hard labour, for any period not exceeding three months, or in lieu of such fine or imprisonment to the punishment of whipping, as prescribed for offences under Section II. of Act VI. of 1864 (*to authorize the punishment of whipping in certain cases*), subject to all the provisions of that Act.

Spirituous liquor, &c., to be confiscated in certain cases.

XX. If any person convicted of an offence under the last preceding Section shall be again convicted of an offence under that Section, any spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug within such Cantonment or limits, which at the time of the commission of such subsequent offence shall belong to or be in the possession of such person, shall without further proof, be deemed to be in the possession of such person for the purpose of being supplied to European Soldiers contrary to the provisions of this Act, and shall be liable to be seized and confiscated.

Penalty on certain persons having in their possession within Cantonments more than a certain quantity of spirituous liquor, &c., without a permit.

XXI. If any Camp-follower or Military Pensioner, or the wife or the widow of any Soldier, Camp-follower, or Military Pensioner shall, within such Cantonment or limits remove, convey, or have, in his or her possession any quantity of spirituous liquor or wine exceeding one seer or quart, without a permit to be signed by the officer in Command, or such other officer as may be appointed by him to grant permits under this Act, every such person shall be liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and for any subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or to imprisonment, with, or without hard labour for any term not exceeding three calender months: provided that nothing in this Section contained shall apply to any liquor brought into a Cantonment for the private use of any Commissioned Officer.

Arrest of persons committing offence under Section XX. or Section XXI. and seizure of spirituous liquor, &c., in their possession.

XXII. If any person subject to the provisions of this Act shall be found committing any offence contrary to Section XX. or Section XXI. of this Act, any Police Officer may immediately without warrant arrest such person, and also seize any spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug, together with any vessel containing the same, and any thing used for the purpose of removing, conveying, or concealing the same, which may be found in his possession, and shall thereupon without delay take such person, together with the things so seized, before the Cantonment Magistrate or other officer having jurisdiction to punish the offender.

Confiscation of intoxicating liquor, &c., in respect of which there may be a conviction, or which may be in possession of the party convicted.

XXIII. In case of a conviction for any offence under Section XX. or Section XXI. of this Act, the Cantonment Magistrate, or other officer, may adjudge any liquor, wine, or [illegible] in respect of which the party shall be convicted, and any other spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug which shall be found in his possession at the time of committing the offence, and any vessel containing the same, together with anything used for the purpose of conveying, removing or concealing the same or any part thereof, to be confiscated; and such Magistrate may order the whole or any part or parts of any fine imposed under this Act to be paid as soon as the same shall be realized, to the person upon whose information such conviction shall take place, or to the officer who shall have apprehended the offender, or seized any of the goods adjudged to be confiscated.

Property seized under this Act may be detained until party charged with offence is convicted or acquitted.

XXIV. Anything seized under section XXII. in respect of which any person shall be charged with an offence, may be ordered to be detained until the person in whose possession the same shall have been seized shall be convicted or acquitted of the offence charged. If the person shall be acquitted, anything so seized shall be restored if he shall be convicted, such of the things only, if any, as shall not be adjudged by the cantonment magistrate or other officer to be confiscated, shall be restored; the remainder shall be dealt with as confiscated.

How to be disposed of.

Saving of articles sold or supplied for medicinal purposes.

XXV. The foregoing Section shall not apply to the sale or supply of any article for medicinal purposes [illegible]

Certain acts done by Cantonment Joint Magistrates, &c., before the passing of this Act confirmed.

XXVI. All acts done by [illegible] Cantonment [illegible] before the passing of this Act [illegible] vernment, are hereby confirmed and made valid; and such officers and persons [illegible] fied and discharged from [illegible]

Regulations and Acts inconsistent with this Act, when to cease to have effect in a Cantonment.

XXVII. From the date on which any Cantonment [illegible] force in such Cantonment, all Regulations and Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act shall cease to have effect in such Cantonment.

SCHEDULE.

Number and date of Regulation.	What Code.	Title.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulat ion XXII. 1827.	Bombay Code.	A Regulation to declare and define Military Authority in its relation to the Civil Power, and to the community at large.	Section 48 with the exception of the Clauses 1, Sections 49, 51, Clause 2, 3 and 4 of Section 52, and Section 54.

Colonel Marriott in moving the first reading, said that the objects as stated in the "Objects and Reasons" for the Bill were the complete establishment of the Ordinary Civil Jurisdiction within Cantonments, and the introduction and enforcement of such peculiar local regulations as the circumstances of Troops and Cantonments require for order, for preservation of the Soldiers' health, for general sanitary purposes, for ruling the [illegible] Houses, and [illegible] those in force in the Cantonments under the immediate government of the Governor General of India in Council. The reasons are that the intended uniformity will simplify legislative judicial and administrative action, and that there are now no direct means for legally enforcing the needful regulative measures [illegible] cantonment [illegible], and that, although Act XXII. of 1864, passed by the Governor General of India in Council, [illegible] Act in great part corresponds, contains provision for its extension to the Bombay Presidency, if desired, yet this cannot conveniently be done because of the dependence of Act XXII. for part of its operation on other Acts not in force in the Bombay Presidency. The effect of the Bill would be that henceforth none of the [illegible] would be liable to the exceptional jurisdiction stated in the Articles of War. They would be tried for non-military offences by the ordinary courts, and all classes who were not directly subject to the Articles of War and all other suits and offences would be tried by the ordinary courts. The inconvenience that had attended the existing state of things had been very great, and the Hon'ble the Advocate General would bear him out as to the number of cases that had arisen in which doubts and conflicts of jurisdiction had arisen. He himself could call to memory several cases which had occurred lately. There was one case in which the Hon'ble the Advocate General was called upon to give an opinion [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] reason [illegible] consequence [illegible] favour [illegible] jurisdiction [illegible] very large towns [illegible] poses [illegible] towns [illegible]

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a municipal constitution. There were other purposes, such as the restricting of manufactures. There was a necessity of controlling houses of ill fame and there were peculiar provisions required regarding the control of house property in cantonments. There were no direct means of enforcing regulations, and hitherto they had been enforced by turning people out of the cantonments. An Act had been passed by the Governor General in Council which was applicable to the other presidencies. Uniform legislation was desired, and the present Bill had been drafted as nearly as possible to the Act to which he referred. In some of the sections there was an ambiguity, but though the words were copied from Act XXII. just alluded to the ambiguity seemed to him so very serious that it would be necessary to modify the expression. In others some alterations would be required when the Bill was being considered in detail.

The Bill was then read a first time and referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble the Advocate General, the Hon'ble Mr. Ellis, and the Mover, with instructions to report to the next meeting of Council.

The Commander-in-Chief remarked that the necessity for the Bill was very urgent.

THE QUARANTINE BILL AND MUNICIPAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

Mr. Ellis moved the extension of the time for presenting the reports of the Select Committees on these Bills. In the case of the Quarantine Bill the Committee had under consideration the propriety of a reference to the Sanitary Commission and also the Government of India to divide the questions involved in the original scheme into two parts, one of which they considered might be better dealt with in the Bill before the Government of India regarding shipping generally, and the other to form part of the amended Act II. of 1865, which was the other Bill before the Council. The reason why the latter Bill has not been considered in Committee was that the Committee had waited to receive from the Municipal Commissioner the resolutions of the Justices in reference to this Bill. It was of course necessary that the Committee should be in possession of the views of the Justices before they committed themselves to any expression of opinion on a matter relating to the interests of the inhabitants and the Justices. The resolutions had, however, just been put into his hands, and he would move the postponement of the time for presenting the reports until the first meeting of Council after 15th March. By that time the whole of the questions will be matured and the Committee would be able to present them both in a shape in which they might recommend the Bills to be passed.

The motion was agreed to and the Council adjourned.

BENGAL AND MADRAS FAMINE RELIEF FUNDS.

The following additional subscriptions to the Relief Funds have been made :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Contributions collected by the Mamlutdar, of Talooka Koreegaum, in the Sattara Collectorate, and remitted per Deputy Collector of Sattara	111	10	0
Subscription received from Lodge Concord, per Mr. J. Thomas	50	0	0
Subscription received from the *Bombay Gazette* Office	80	0	0
Subscriptions collected in the Establishment of the Executive Engineer B. & K., Belgaum	20	0	0
Subscription received from the Proprietor of the *Native Opinion* Press :—			
From E. R.	10	0	0
Do. A Hindoo	20	0	0
Amount previously acknowledged	2,72,588	14	3
Total	2,72,880	8	3

JAMES TAYLOR,
V. J. SUNKERSETT,
Hon. Secretaries.

Bombay, 1st March 1867.

FORT POLICE COURT.—1st MARCH.

(BEFORE R. B. BARTON, ESQ.)

AN UNGRATEFUL SON.—Vyc[illegible] merchant residing in Goontghur Sumbhooghur, a [illegible] Bhipeewadda, laid an information before His Worship charging his adopted son, Mugtion before His Worship chad and silver ornaments, of gunghur, with the theft of gold and applied for a warrant the aggregate value of Rs. 354; for his apprehension.

The prosecutor stated that, about seven months ago, one Deewalee, woman, and her husband went to his house and agreed to give him their son, aged about thirteen years, in charity. An agreement on stamped paper was entered into between the parties, and the prosecutor on his part, covenanted to adopt and protect the boy as his son. A ceremony was performed, according to Hindoo law, to render the adoption valid, and the young man received the name of Mugguughur on the occasion. Since then, the prosecutor provided him with food, clothes, and jewels, and placed him in a school to learn Gujeratee. At noon on the 26th ult., prosecutor went out leaving the boy in the house; but on his return home at 6 p. m. the boy was nowhere to be found. The matter was reported to the police; but he has not yet been taken up.

His Worship, on the information being sworn to, granted a summons against the defendant.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE MISMANAGEMENT OF THE EXECUTION.

To the Editor of the Bombay Gazette.

SIR,—It is to be hoped that the Austrian Consul will bring to the notice of His Excellency the Governor the disgraceful neglect on the part of the Jail officials in connection with to-day's execution. The entire business having been entrusted to natives, the consequence was that when the doomed men arrived on the scaffold it was found that three ropes out of the four were too short or rather not long enough to reach the men's necks. One would have thought that when this was discovered the ropes would have been lengthened first and adjusted afterwards; but the reverse was the case. More than ten minutes elapsed before these preliminary arrangements were completed. All this while the unfortunate men were subjected to a deal of unpleasant handling and tightening. Now, if the Jail officials (fat and easy livers) are not responsible for this cruel mismanagement, then who is? except it be the Sheriff.

A. B.

"WHEN DOCTORS DISAGREE."

SIR,—A very interesting correspondence was published in Bombay a few weeks ago, headed "For private circulation only," which appears to have been intended for the special entertainment of the friends of a brace of native graduates of medicine whose glory it is that they are full fledged "University men," and I think the University must be proud of them. When these disputants went to the expense of printing the correspondence in order that it might be plainly read by a good many people, I think they should have tried to accomplish their purpose better by sending a copy to your journal, when it is probable the University examiners (who see the *Gazette*) would feel no little pride in these representatives of "a higher educational civilization."

I shall not consider myself guilty of a breach of confidence by quoting a small portion from the concluding letter in this correspondence, for the paper was placed in my hands for the purpose of "edification." May your readers be edified also!—The writer says :—

"As one who wishes to see the reputation of "medical graduates very high, I beg to point "out to you, in a private manner, that your first "letter to me contains one error in spelling and "another in grammar: 'regretted' is spelt with "only one *t*, and when you meant to say 'the "case having struck me' you have written 'the "case having struck to me.'"

"I shall be charitable enough to suppose the "blunders were the result of haste. But I have "deemed it proper to take this liberty of draw-"ing your attention to them, for if such errors "were seen by eminent Europeans, you would "be set down as an illiterate snob."

"Excuse the freedom of expression, for I really wish you good."—Your's truly,

Knowing nothing about the disputants or the subject of their controversy, I am not in a position to say whether the wrangling has ended with this volley of point blank eloquence. But if the "reputation" so feelingly spoken [illegible] writer means anything, the *friends* of [illegible] troversialists may soon expect a very [illegible] addition to this interesting correspondence. The writer of the letter of the 30th of January, who thinks he has the best of it, should be taken to task by him of the 29th. If the friends of these Doctors can afford to do without a little more scientific discussion of a similar kind, I am sure your readers have no desire to be deprived of the pleasure of seeing them fight it out like true "Kilkenny cats."

1st of March. MERRIMAN.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.—*Incorporated by National Decrees of 7th and 8th March 1848 and by Imperial Decree of 25th July 1854.* Recognised by Act No. VIII. of 1864, of the Legislative Council of India. PAID-UP CAPITAL—Francs 40,000,000 (£1,600,000). RESERVE FUND—Francs 10,000,000 (£400,000.)

Head Office.—14, Rue Bergere Paris. Agencies at Bombay, Calcutta Hongkong, Shanghai, Bourbon (Reunion), and Saigon.

London Bankers.

UNION BANK OF LONDON; GENERAL CREDIT AND FINANCE CO OF LONDON, (Limited); and MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO AND SON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
OFFICES.—No. 9, RAMPART ROW.

This Agency grants Drafts and Letters of Credit and purchases collects Bills.

On London.
- " France and the Continent of Europe.
- " Egypt.
- " Calcutta.
- " Madras and Pondicherry.
- " Hongkong, Shanghae, and Cochin-China.
- " Bourbon (Reunion) and Mauritius.
- " Sydney and Melbourne.
- " Singapore and Java.

At current rates.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

These will be made up to the 30th June and 31st of December in each year, and if the balance shall not any time during the half year have been below Rs. 1,000, Interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum will be allowed on the minimum monthly balances. No interest will be allowed above one lac.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

3 months' notice	3 per cent. per annum.	
6 ditto	4	do
12 ditto	5	do.

DISCOUNTS, LOANS, &c.

The Agency discounts approved Local Bills, grants Loans on Government Paper, Bullion, Bank Stock, and approved Shares and other Securities.

Any further information as to rates of business &c. may be had at the Office, or on application by letter to the undersigned, to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Bombay, 15th February 1867. OTTO MULLER, Manager.

INSURANCES.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.—AGENTS in Bombay for the FIRE BRANCH FINLAY, CLARK & Co.
Church Gate Street

THE MARITIME INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED).—*Capital—One Million Pounds Sterling.* HEAD OFFICE IN LIVERPOOL. AGENTS in Bombay, Church Gate Street. FINLAY, CLARK & Co.

ENGLISH AND SCOTTISH MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED).—Subscribed Capital, One Million Pounds Sterling. Agents in Bombay FINLAY, CLARK & Co.
Church Gate Street.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Policies of Insurance against Fire, upon Dwelling Houses and other Buildings in both the European and Native parts of the island of Bombay, continue to be issued by the undersigned on behalf of the above Company.
RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital £2,000,000 sterling. Funds in hand exceed £1,000,000.

FIRE BRANCH.

		£	s.	d.
Fire Premiums	1862	300,690	15	5
Do.	1863	341,668	3	2
Do.	1864	406,403	13	1
Showing an increase over 1863 of		64,735	10	0

Policies covering risks on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay continue to be granted by the above Company through their Agents. DETACHED BUNGALOWS AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE insured on very favourable terms.

LIFE BRANCH.

		£	s.	d.
Life Premiums for	1860	[illegible]		
Do.	1862	73,150	18	6
Do.	186[illegible]	105,703	1	11
	[illegible]	152,159	2	0

The undersigned, under instructions from the Head Office, are prepared to receive Proposals for Life Assurance with the above Company from Residents in India, and will be happy to afford every information regarding Rates of Premium, Participation in Profits, &c., to intending applicants for Insurance.

CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

Bombay, 16th September 1864.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.—HEAD OFFICE, QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS, LIVERPOOL. CAPITAL—£2,000,000.

TRUSTEES.—Thomas Edwards Moss, Esq.; Christopher Bushell, Esq., and Edward Heath, Esq.

DIRECTOR.

Bernard Hall, Esq.	William Hickman, Esq.
William Hind, Esq.	W. Thompson Hill, Esq.
Patrick Hunter, Esq.	R. W. Kelley, Esq.
Henry Fowler, Esq.	George B. Kerferd, Esq.
Lewis J. M. Mason, Esq.	Joseph Kitchen, Esq.
William Aikin, Esq.	Peter M'Lagan, Esq.
H. G. Ashhurst, Esq.	Dadabhai Naorojee, Esq.
John Bateson, Esq.	John T. Pagan, Esq.
John Bingham, Esq.	R. Barclay Reynolds, Esq.
William Bottomley, Esq.	John Sharp, Esq.
T. Ridgway Bridson, Esq.	Thomas Simpson, Esq.
Thomas Cardwell, Esq.	Francis Tothill, Esq.
Alfred H. Cowie, Esq.	J. B. Thomson, Esq.
Henry Duckworth, Esq.	H. C. Tunnicliffe, Esq.
Andrew Galbraith, Esq.	Rogers Waterhouse, Esq.
Charlton R. Hall, Esq.	

ACTUARY & GENERAL MANAGER.—J. Moncrieff Wilson, Esq.

SECRETARY.—John Elphick Leyland, Esq.

The Rates of Premium will be found as moderate as those of other first class offices. For further information and particulars apply to LAWRENCE & Co.,
Agents in Bombay.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCES COMPANY.

Established 1825.

With which is now united

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
COLONIAL AND FOREIGN ASSURANCES.

An Amalgamation having been formed between the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY and the COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, the business of the United Companies will henceforth be conducted under the title of the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

The Annual Revenue of the Standard Company is now upwards of £650,000, and the Accumulated Funds amount to upwards of £3,500,000 Sterling. The New Business transacted during the past year amounted to the large sum of £1,375,000 Sterling, the corresponding Premiums amounting to £45,337 per annum.

MODERATE RATES charged for residence in the Colonies, India, and other places abroad.

LOCAL BOARDS AND AGENCIES in India and in all the British Colonies, where every facility will be afforded in the transaction of business, and where Premiums may be received and Claims paid.

Immediate reduction of Premium on return to Europe, or other temperate climate, without Medical Certificate.

PROFITS divided every five years.

The New Colonial and foreign Prospectus may be had on application at the Chief Offices of the Company, or to the Agents at home or abroad.

WILL[illegible]
THOS. THOMSON,
Manager and Actuary.
D. CLUNIE GREGOR,
Colonial and Foreign Secretary.
Bombay Board.
H. PRENTIS, Esq.
H. SOMERVILLE, Esq.
C. M. KEIR, Esq.
A. STEWART, Esq.
Agents at Bombay.
THE LONDON, ASIATIC, AND AMERICAN COMPANY (Ld.)
11th July 1866.

NOTICES.

TIFFINS are always ready at the BYCULLA HOTEL between the hours of 12 and 4 o'clock daily. This arrangement will be found most convenient for Travellers proceeding by the Midday Trains.
W. PARTRIDGE, Manager.
Byculla Hotel, 18th Nov. 1866.

BYCULLA HOTEL.—The Manager of this Hotel begs to inform the Public that DINNERS can be provided for large or small Parties at two hours' notice.

Gentleman or Parties can be so accommodated with DINNERS, either in the Dining Hall or in Private Rooms.
W. PARTRIDGE, Manager.
Byculla Hotel, 18th Nov. 1866.

BYCULLA HOTEL, at the junction of the Bellasis and Clare Roads, Byculla.

This Hotel is fitted up and furnished in the most complete manner; no expense has been spared to render it the most commodious and comfortable Establishment both for Gentlemen and Families to be found in Bombay. The Sleeping Apartments and Sitting Rooms are replete with every convenience and the strictest regard is paid to cleanliness throughout the premises.

The Table is abundantly supplied with viands of unrivalled excellence, and the Culinary Department is under the immediate supervision of the Manager.

The Wines, Liquors and Beer are of the very best description, supplied direct from the most celebrated houses in the London and Continental markets.

The Manager confidently recommends this Establishment to the patronage of Travellers and Residents, all of whom may be here accommodated with the comforts of a home at moderate charges.

The Hotel is pleasantly situated and within five minute's drive of both the Railway Stations, and may be reached in a short time from the Bunders.
W. PARTRIDGE, Manager.
Byculla Hotel, 18th Nov. 1866.

L'EXTINCTEUR, a new Patent Portable FIRE ENGINE. Price from Rs. 60 to Rs. 140. No Merchant's Office, Bank, or Godown should be without one of these useful inventions.

They can [illegible]seen in operation on a day's notice.

The und[illegible] beg to intimate that their new season's stock is n[illegible] comprising—
Bar and [illegible]
Steel, [illegible] [illegible]ctors' Tools.
Cast Ir[illegible] [illegible]iping.
Boiler [illegible] [illegible]Cocks.
Steam [illegible]
Steam [illegible]
Galvan[illegible]
Price [illegible] [illegible]orwarded on application to [illegible]nd MITCHELL,
Metal [illegible] 1866.

SO[illegible] [illegible]TURE
FOR[illegible] [illegible]NIES.

are Ma[illegible] [illegible]USE IN EXTREME[illegible], which is entirely fr[illegible]

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[illegible] climates.
[illegible]LONIES,
[illegible]sent Free

BEDST[illegible]
196, [illegible]
L[illegible]

NOTICES.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS, &c.,
(FREE FROM ADULTERATION,)
MANUFACTURED BY
CROSSE & BLACKWELL,
Purveyors to the Queen,
SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Renowned first-class Manufactures are obtainable from every respectable Provision Dealer in the World.

Purchasers should see that they are supplied with C. and B.'s genuine goods, and that inferior articles are not substituted for them.

To insure thorough wholesomeness, their Pickles are all prepared in Pure Malt Vinegar, boiled in Oak Vats, by means of PLATINUM STEAM COILS; and are precisely similar in quality to those supplied by them for use at HER MAJESTY'S TABLE.

C. and B. are AGENTS for LEA and PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, and are Manufacturers of every description of Oilmen's Stores of the highest quality.

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

GENTLEMEN proceeding Home should procure their requirements at BADHAM'S, the Goods will be found suited to the climate and of the most modern style.

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE VOYAGE.

½ Dozen Silk and Wool Shirts.	1 Scarf Ring.
2 " Linen Collars.	1 Walking Stick.
½ " Under-Vest.	1 Umbrella.
1 " Fine White Cotton Socks.	1 Binocular Glass.
	1 Rug with Strap.
1 " Fine Colored do.	1 Dressing Bag.
1 " White Cambric Handkerchiefs.	1 Hand Portmanteau.
	2 Overland Trunks.
1 " Colored do. do.	1 Clothes Bag.
1 (one) Overland Suit.	1 Opera Hat.
2 (two) Sleeping Suits.	1 Travelling Hat.
2 (two) Pairs Kid Gloves.	1 Courier Bag.
6 (six) Scarfs and Ties.	1 Easy Chair.

Apollo House. BADHAM & Co.

CORRESPONDING FIRM
BADHAM BROTHERS.

SELECTED BORDEAUX CLARETS.—The undersigned are now la[illegible] their quarterly shipments of Finest Clarets :—

		per dozen.
Chateaux Margaux		at 34 0
Leoville	Dinner	at 28 0
St. Julien	Wines	at 22 0
Medoc Best		at 16 0
Do. (in pints)		
Medoc Petit, for breakfast or cup		at 9 0
(in quarts only)		at 12 0

N. B.—[illegible] TREACHER & Co. (Limited.)

Monthly—Less 10 per cent. for Cash in original cases —Monthly settlement 5 per cent.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—TREACHER & Co. (LIMITED) beg to announce to Amateur and Professional Photographers, that they keep an extensive and well selected stock of Apparatus and Chemicals, and every other Article required in the Art of PHOTOGRAPHY, including Cameras of every description, and of the best construction.

Lenses by Ross, Dallmeyer, and others.
Glass Baths, mounted and unmounted.
Glass Dishes, Porcelain Baths and Dishes.
Glass and Porcelain Dippers, Ebonite Baths and Dishes.
Camera Stands, Printing Frames, Scales and Weights.
Stoppered and Graduated Collodion Bottles.
Graduated Glass Measures, Argentometers.
Glass and Wedgwood Funnels, Pestles and Mortars.
Patent Plate Glasses, Plate Boxes, and Plate Holders.
Vignette Glasses, Cutting or Shaping Plates.
Developing Glasses, Levelling Stands.
Head Rests, Rolling Presses.
Card Mounts, Albums, Stereoscopes.
Stills in Tin and Copper.
Collodions by Thomas, Mawson, Ponting and Blanchard.
Albumenized Paper by the best Makers.
Works on Photography, &c. &c.

JUST RECEIVED,

Sarony's Patent Poseing Apparatus, or Universal Rest with Chair, and Ornamental Cabinet.

This recent invention is now being introduced into the principal Studios at Home, and will be found a most valuable aid to the Photographic Artist.

How's Photographic Tent,—one of the lightest and most complete hitherto introduced.

PHOTOGRAPHIC DEPOT, BYCULLA.

NAPIER FOUNDRY AND ENGINE WORKS,
FORAS ROAD, BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

D. T. STEWART & Co. beg to notify that they are now prepared to execute all manner of Iron and Brass Castings, to undertake repairs of Marine and other Engines, and to furnish Estimates for the supply of Hydraulic Presses, Pumps, and every description of Machinery.

All Ship work and up-country requirements will receive prompt attention.

Communications to be addressed to the Works, as above, or directed to care of Messrs. JOHN TANNER & Co., No. 12, Meadow Street.

Bombay, 1st June 1866.

R. FELL & SON, AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.

AUCTION SALE of HEERABAUGH ESTATE, postponed till TUESDAY, the 19th March, 1867, at 12 o'clock, by order of the Mortgagee.

Messrs. R. FELL & SON, AUCTIONEERS, will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 19th March, (proximo,) unless previously disposed of by private contract, all that valuable Landed Estate, known as the "HEERABAUGH," situated in the Village of Parbutty, in the Haveelee Pergunnah of the Poona Collectorate, which Garden bears Revenue Survey No. 17, and contains twelve acres and twenty-seven gaut Land and pays a total annual assessment of rupees forty-five to Government; together with the Bungalows and Outhouses standing thereon.

A deposit of 25 per cent to be paid down at the time of Sale, and the balance within fifteen (15) days.

For particulars and conditions of Sale apply at Poona to R. FELL & SON; at Bombay, to Mr. RIMINGTON, Solicitor, and Messrs. KELLY & Co., Solicitors.

R. FELL & SON,
Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
Poona, 21st February 1867.

FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.—TREACHER & Co. (LIMITED) beg to announce that they receive by each Overland Mail a fresh supply of the following :—

DR. HASSALS'S FLOUR OF BEEF, for the speedy preparation of BEEF TEA.

N. B.—One pound of this Beef is warranted to contain [illegible]tritive constituents of 4 pounds of English-fed [illegible] and Savory, all the [illegible] [illegible] food Beef.

BARON LEIBEG'S FOO[illegible] and Moore), is an excellent su[illegible] of Infants.

BARON LEIBEG'S EXTRA[illegible] tum Carnis) for the immediate p[illegible]

PURE ESSENCE OF BEEF, MU[illegible] —These will be found both excellen[illegible] of great prostration and debility, [illegible] the stomach when most things else a[illegible]

BROWN AND POLSON'S Corn [illegible]
KINGSFORD'S Oswego do.
HARD'S FARINACEOUS FOOD.

DR. RIDGE'S "PATENT FOOD," being thoroughly looked beforehand in its preparation, it is easily digested, while its composition adapts it to all conditions of the stomach.

FINEST BERMUDA ARROWROOT.
SPEED'S CALCUTTA Do.
ROBINSON'S BARLEY AND GROATS.
ROBB'S CELEBRATED NURSERY BISCUITS.
PEPSINE, AND PEPSINE LOZENGES, &c. &c.

THE PATENT SYPHON CORK SCREW, which enables Invalids not requiring the whole contents of a bottle of Soda Water or Champagne, to draw off any quantity without drawing the Cork or injury to the remainder.

SWEET MILK and DESICATED DITTO, for the reproduction of Milk as pure as when taken from the Cow.

SURGICAL ELASTIC KNEE CAPS, Stockings, Ankets, &c. &c.

MOC MAIN TRUSSES, and an assortment of others.

COCOAS.
HEADLAND'S Homœopathic Cocoa.
EPP'S do. do.
TAILOR AND DUNN'S Cocoa Nibs.
DUNN'S Essence of Turkey Coffee.
Do. Cocoa and Milk Paste.
Do. Chocolate and Milk do.

SCHWEITZER'S COCOATINA or Anti-Dyspeptic Cocoa, a preparation which has had all the fatty matter removed from the Cocoa Beans, and is consequently most suitable for delicate stomachs.

A large assortment of flavoured Chocolate for eating.

VICHY, POTASH, LITHIA AND SODA WATERS.
TONIC OR QUININE WATER.

The Medical Hall, Byculla, Fort, and Poona.

HOUSES, &c., TO LET.

TO LET, a large commodious and airy First and Second Floor. Also three GODOWNS and three STABLES for Horses and Carriages in Armenian Lane. Apply to RUTTONJEE NUSSERWANJEE WOONWALLA in Armenian Lane, Fort.

TO LET, on Mahableshwar 20 BUNGALOWS, all furnished and ready for entry. For Rent and other particulars apply to ROGERS, COHEN & Co.

TO LET, several BUNGALOWS in different parts of Bombay, large and small. For Rent and other particulars apply to ROGERS, COHEN & Co.
No. 7 Forbes Street.

TO LET, the FIRST STOREY of a very large and airy HOUSE in Hornby Row, No. 9. Apply to 7 Forbes Street. ROGERS, COHEN & Co.

TO LET, the OFFICE PREMISES in Church Lane, lately occupied by us. Apply to RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.
1st November 1866.

TO LET, two large GODOWNS in Church Lane. Apply to RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.
1st November 1866.

NOTICE.—The Bombay Reclamation Company have SEVERAL HOUSES on Malabar Hill and below the Hill TO LET. The Company's numbers are Nos. 5, 6, 7, 10, 13 and 38, the Rents being Rs. 150, 80, 80, 150, 20, and Rs. 50 respectively. Any of these can be seen on application to MR. R. PROCTOR SIMS, Chowpatty. GEORGE WHITLEY, for Liquidators.
Bombay, 21st February 1867.

TO LET, for the season, at Matheran, BARR'S COTTAGE, furnished, beautifully situated near the Bund, which is a great convenience. Apply to VIEGAS & Co., No. 6, Bombay Green, opposite the Bank of Bombay.

TO LET, a large, dry, and conveniently situated GODOWN, in the Fort. For particulars apply to JAMES W. WRIGHT & Co.

[illegible]E LET, as Offices, [illegible]ly, the FIRST [illegible] of the Buildings [illegible]the Elphinstone Circle, [illegible]d Bank of [illegible]dia, Australia, and China, [illegible] Ground and First Floor. For [illegible]th the G. B. & A. HORMARJEE on [illegible] Messrs[illegible]

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.,

J. & C. WHITE & CO.'s WINES as follows :—Sherry, quarts, in 2 dozen Cases.
Port, quarts, in 2 dozen Cases.
Port, pints, in 4 dozen Cases.
Apply to GEORGE S. KING & Co.

KEYL & Co., Bordeaux.—Messrs. GADDUM & Co., Agents for the above Firm, have just received a fresh supply of the following carefully selected WINES and BRANDIES :—

		p. doz.
CLARET	Médoc	Rs. 6 8 pts.
	Do.	" 12 0 qts.
	Chateau Beltasse	20
CHAMPAGNE	Moët & Chandon's Sillery—qualité supérieure	29
	Roederer Carte Blanche	38
COGNAC	Vieux Pale	18
	Tres-Vieux	25
	Tres-Vieux Champagne	35

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned, CLARETS.—

	Eshenauer Benecke—		
Do.	St. Estephe	at Rs. 12	per doz
Do.	Do. St. Julien	" 15	"
Do.	Do. Pauillac	" 18	"
Brandy, Aef de Do.	Pontet Canet	" 25	"
Champagne, Lelauze—	Gold Ring	" 18	"
	[illegible]rd	" 25	"

Cursetjee Furd[illegible] JULES SIEGFRIED & Co.,
Bombay, 16th Nov.[illegible] [illegible]ee's Building, Elphinstone Circle.
[illegible]866.

TENNANT'S BEER, CAPSULED.—TREACHER & Co. (Limited) have just landed a shipment (direct) from Tennant) of BEER which is considered too r[illegible] and therefore to forward to their up-country constituents, Rs 5-0 [illegible]re, to make a speedy sale, offer it at quarts or net [illegible]per dozen, pints Rs. 3-0 per dozen, for cash only, to those who pay monthly accounts.

MORICE COX'S BEER ON SALE at Rs. 4½ per dozen. A reduction made for 100 dozen for Cash payment. Agents, THE LONDON, ASIATIC & AMERICAN COMPANY (LIMITED).
Bombay, 19th January 1867.

ALLSOPP'S BEER IN WOOD, expected to arrive in March. Orders registered by the Agents, THE LONDON, ASIATIC, and AMERICAN COMPANY (LIMITED.)
Bombay, 29th January 1867.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned, Messrs. Thomas Dunkin & Sons' BRANDIES.

Champagne Cognac in 1 and 3 doz. cases, at Rs.	22	0	p. doz.
Vieux	" Do.	"	18	0	"
Cognac	" Do.	"	16	0	"

Mr. Ayala Albrecht's Chateau D'AY Champagne,
Quarts, 1 doz. in each case Rs. 30 per case.
Pints, 2 do. do. " 32 "
RENNIE, SCOVELL & Co.
Church Lane, 25th Oct. 1866.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned, the following WINES, shipped by Messrs. FREDERICK GIESLER & Co., London :—

CHAMPAGNE	Quarts	in Case of	1	doz. each.
Do.	Pints	do.	3	"
MOSELLE	Quarts	do.	1	"
Do.	Pints	do.	3	"
HOCK	(Hockheimer) Quarts	do.	1	"
Do.	(Marcobrunner) Qts.	do.	1	"
Do.	(Johannisberg) Qts.	do.	1	"
BRANDY			1	"
CLARET	(St. Julien)		3	"
Do.	(Larose)		3	"

EAU DE COLOGNE 6 Bottles in a Case.
W. NICOL & Co.

FOR SALE, at the GODOWNS of the undersigned:

Champagne—Jules Mumms		Rs. 38	per dozen.
Moselle	Sparkling Muskatel	" 35	"
Do.	Do. Schazzburg.	" 40	"
Claret	Fine	" 20	"
Do.	do.	" 18	"
Sherry		" 25	"
Do.	Fine	" 28	"
Do.	do.	" 30	"
Do.	Superior Amontillado.	" 32	"
Do.	Fine Red Seal	" 32	"
Do.	Amontillado Yellow Seal.	" 32	"
Do.	Very superior Green Seal.	" 36	"
Allsopp's Ale, quarts		" 5-8	"
Will. Younger's Ale do.		" 5	"

SILLAR & Co.

NOTICE.—"MUMM'S CHAMPAGNE."—The undersigned have been appointed by Messrs. G. H. Mumm & Co. of Rheims, Sole Agents for Western India, for the sale of their justly celebrated "CARTE BLANCHE" CAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints, at Rs. 36 and Rs. 38 per case respectively. PASSMORE & Co

"ALEXANDRA MOSELLE." "To arrive." The undersigned have been appointed Sole Agents for Western India for the sale of this celebrated Wine. Orders are now being registered.
PASSMORE & Co.

THE "PRINCE OF WALES' MESS [illegible]" [illegible]ive." The undersigned have been appointed, by Provereau Sonneville, Esq., of Bordeaux, Sole Agents for Western India for the sale of this superior Brandy, in 1 Dozen cases, Orders for which can now be registered. PASSMORE & Co.

"CROWN SHERRIES."—The undersigned have been appointed by Messrs. E. J. Brand & Co. of London, Agents for the sale of these well known Wines. Orders now being registered.

[illegible] Margaux Claret Rs. [illegible] per [illegible]. Cha[illegible] La Tour Gneyraud Rs. [illegible] per dozen, and following RHINE WINES to arrive: NIERSTEIN, HOCKHEIM, RUDESHEIM, STEINWEIN (Bocksbeutal) SPARKLING HOCK, &c. &c.
PASSMORE & Co.
Br[illegible] Lane, Bombay, 18th February 1867.

MESSRS. CUTLER, PALMER & Co's WINES, &c.—Messrs. ROGERS & Co. have pleasure in announcing the arrival of fresh shipments of the above. In addition to those mentioned in former Advertisements, a Notice of the following WINES will be hailed by all old Constituents of the House :—

BURGUNDIES. Rich and persuasive ; of full body and surpassing perfume.

Chambertin	Rs. 48	per dozen.
Nuits	" 36	"
Macon	" 24	"

The following are already firmly established in public favour :—

STILL MOSELLE and HOCK. Equal, if not superior in bouquet and flavour to those which were so rapidly consumed last year.

Forster Traminer	Rs. 33	per dozen.
Rudesheimer	" 26	"
Hochheimer	" 26	"
Brauneberger Moselle	" 26	"
CHAMPAGNE.		
Best Dry, a super[illegible] beverage	" 38	"
Do. pints	" 20	"
SHERRIES.		
Amontillado	" 36	"
Amoroso, [illegible] and full flavoured	" 30	"
Green Seal, golden full bodied	" 28	"
Yellow Seal, a pale Wine of a remarkably fine character	" 24	"
BRANDY.		
No. 1 Black Capsule, Bouquet very enticing	" 33	"
WHISKEY.		
Scotch and Irish	" 21	"

Rum, Gin, Geneva, and Liquors.
Price Lists on application. ROGERS & Co.,
Bombay and Poona.

AERATED WATERS.—MESSRS. ROGERS & Co. are, as is well known, for many years devoted their closest attention as Chemists to the manufacture of the above necessaries of life. Their long and intimate experience of the systems of Charcoal filtration has enabled them to construct Filters vastly superior to the much vaunted and advertised Charcoal Block, a medium which no Chemist can use without soon discovering its defects.

The use of Steam Power has enabled them to dispense with native or animal labour in aerating the water, and thus to produce a beverage of unsurpassable excellence: [illegible] as, for nearly quarter of a century they have been agents for the most celebrated Soda Water Machinists in England—Messrs. Hayward, Tyler & Co.—they have been able to test experimentally every improvement in Soda Water Machinery during that long period.

The following are the principal WATERS manufactured by Rogers & Co. :—

W[illegible] [illegible]ree from excess of Alkali, and therefrom that soapy taste characterising bazaar and [illegible] Waters.

by Ro[illegible] [illegible]DE.

SODA WATER, a delicious assuagant which, as manufactured by Rogers & Co., cannot be imitated.

LEMONADE.
TONIC WATER.
[illegible] factured [illegible]TER.
GINGER [illegible]
POTASH [illegible] (Alterative and Alkaline.)
LITHIA WA[illegible] (chalybeate).
SELTZER WA[illegible] collection of Analyses in their possession [illegible] can prepare numerous other Mineral
VICHY WATER [illegible]curacy.
OREZZA WATER
From the complete [illegible]
ston Messrs. R. & Co[illegible]
Waters with great a[illegible]

SYRUPS.

[illegible]ER (name registered). An excellent [illegible] a Water, in Faintness or Dejection, [illegible] would otherwise be had to Alcoholic

TONIC REFRESH[illegible] addition to So[illegible] when recourse [illegible] stimulants.

[illegible]nds.

LEMON.
TONIC LEMON.
GINGER.
FRUIT of various ki[illegible]

[illegible]ns for the unpacking and preserwhich Messrs. R. & Co. issued [illegible] twelve months ago, and wh[illegible] adopted by a neighbouring [illegible]

The printed instructio[illegible] vation of Soda Water [illegible] their mofussil constituen[illegible] they perceive, have been a[illegible] run as follows :—It is impor[illegible] received should be at once u[illegible] on their sides (the liquid c[illegible] straw between. If this precau[illegible] very probable that the conte[illegible] ullaged and bad.

[illegible]tant that the Soda W[illegible] [illegible]ch, packed, and the b[illegible] house, [illegible]vering the cork [illegible]ter when [illegible]ion be not at[illegible] [illegible]ttles laid [illegible]s will aft[illegible] [illegible]s) with dry [illegible]tended to, it is [illegible]macer[illegible] [illegible]erwards be found

ROGERS & Co., Pha[illegible]tical Chemists, Bombay and Poona.

LEIBIG'S EXTRACT of MEAT—Solid, as imported, in jars Rs. [illegible]3, Rs. 6, Rs. 12, and Rs. 24. EXTRACT Liquid, prepared LEIBIG'S NUTRITIVE [illegible]rd to the quality of the [illegible] by ourselves. A due [illegible]y competition in price with other does not permit of a[illegible] the Meat in the Extract can only houses, as the quality [illegible] effects on the Invalid, and not by be distinguished by it[illegible] taste and appearance.

[illegible] the sensible qualities [illegible] its effects has more than justified the Our prep[illegible] [illegible] upon the Extract by the great Chemist encomium[illegible] himself. [illegible]es Rs. 3, Rs. 6, Rs. 10, Rs. 32.—Special terms

In both[illegible] with Hospitals.

ROGERS & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists,
Bombay and Poona.

CARBOLIC ACID.—Macdougall's preparation of this Acid have been universally adopted by Government and Municipal authorities in this country as the best disinfectants extant.

The experiments of Mr. Crookes F. R. S. in connection with the Cattle Plague have proved their excellence beyond a doubt. No one in town or country ought to be without the Powder who has a regard for his health or those of household.

In Stables and Dog Kennels the powder is as essential to cleanliness as soap is in a bath-room.

The Ointment is infallible in the removal of Mange.

For Cesspools or Drains the Liquid is the best preparation. Powder Rs. [illegible] per cwt., 12 as. per bottle. Ointment per pots, 8 as., Rs. 1, [illegible] Rs. 2. Liquid per bottle 12 as., and Rs. 1-4 or Rs. 6 and Rs. [illegible] per dozen,

Agents for Western India,
ROGERS & Co., Bombay and Poona.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOD-HEATLY & Co.
(LATE R. TODD & JAMES.)
ADELPHI, LONDON.

THE LONDON, ASIATIC & AMERICAN COMPANY LIMITED, Agents for the above well-known firm, have on sale at their Godowns the following WINES, &c. :—

Champagne, Brand Tod-Heatly & Co. Magnum.	Per doz.	Rs. 90
Do. " Do.		40
Do. " a Crown		30
Do. " Tod-Heatly & Co. Pints		21
Mosselle, Sparkling Extra, 1st quality		40
Do. do. Pints		21
Moselle, Sup. Sparkling Brand Tod-Heatly & Co.		36
Do. Fine " Brand a Crown		30
Do. Fine " Brand a Crown Pints		16
Hock, Sparkling Brand Tod-Heatly & Co		36
Do. Spakling Brand a Crown		
Do. Fine Still Red Seal		18
Do. Fine Still Blue Seal		30
Do. Superior Still Green Seal		40
Sherry Pale, Blue Seal		23
Do. Do. Yellow Seal		29
Do. Golden, Do.		29
Do. Green Seal		33
Do. Vino Fino		29
Do. Red Seal		37
Do. Amontillado, Black Seal		35
Claret Light Capsule		15
Do. do. Pints		8
Do. Yellow Seal		23
Do. Red Do. Pints		17
Do. Do. Do. Quarts		32
Port Black Seal		26
Brandy, Vieux Cognac		34
Do. Brand a Crown		24
Old Tom, Red Seal		18
Dry Gin, Black Seal		18
Orange Wine Bitters, Quarts		36
Do. Pints		19
Curacoa, Sweet or Dry		42
Maraschino		48

N. N.—Messrs. TOD-HEATLY & Co. are prepared to execute direct orders as usual.
1st January 1866.

SELECTED SHERRIES.—TREACHER & COMPANY (LIMITED) strongly recommend their Sherries at present on hand, consisting of

Finest Amontillados (a choice dry wine)	Rs. 42
Black Seal (a superior dinner sherry)	" 33
White Seal (a good dinner wine)	" 28
Bronze Seal (a full bodied sherry)	" 28

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE.

			Rs.
Sillery Ernest Irroy and Co.			36
Sup. Champagne "La Perle," shipped by Titus Newhouse			30
Sup. Champagne "Rubis"	do.		28
Champagne	do.		22
Champagne	do.		18
Aux Armes de Reims, Gust Gibert, quarts			25
Do.	do.	pints	25
Aux deux Eccussons	do.	quarts	28
Do.	do.	pints	20
Aux Médailles	do.	quarts	30
Do.	do.	pints	32

SPARKLING MOSELLE AND HOCK.

Sparkling Schwarzhofberg choice F. Kehrmann		34
" Hock	do.	22
" Moselle Muscatel	do.	24
" Moselle No. 1 quarts, shipped by T. Newhouse		30
" do. No. 1 pints		31
" do. No. 2 quarts		22
" do. No. 2 pints		22

STILL HOCK.

Still Hock 1857. L. Meyer Bass	20
Super. Liebfrauenmilch Gebr Schmitz	20
Do. Marcobrunner do.	85
Lambenheimer G. M. Papstmann Sohn	10
Liebfrauenmilch	10
Steinwein Boxbeutel	20
Sup. Marcobrunner	63
Best Hochheim Queen Victoria's Wineyard	42

CLARETS.

Best old Bordeaux, F. Montbeuil		28
Bourgogne Baume, H. and C. Balaresque		24
Chateau Larose, Hy. Hernozant and Co.		24
Chateau Leoville	do.	17
Chateau Bellevue	do.	19
St. Estephe Medoc	do.	15
St. Emillion	do.	11
Claret, shipped by T. Newhouse		12
Volnay Claret, A. Dremel and Co.		24
Breakfast Claret in 4 dozen cases for		48
Chateau Milon		7

SUNDRY WINES AND BRANDIES.

Sherry No. 2, shipped by T. Newhouse		18
Sherry No. 3	do.	22
Sherry No. 4	do.	26
Ginger Wine	do.	17
Old Jamaica Rum	do.	20
Boukamp of Maag Bitter		Rs. 6 to 12
Port Wine, No. 1, shipped by T. Newhouse		18
Do. 2 do.		23
Do. 3 do.		30
Cognac Champagne, H. and C. Balaresque		22
Braudy		14

BEER AND STOUT.

Sound London Beer in quarts, shipped by T. Newhouse	5
Best Double Stout in quarts, Barclay and Perkins	5
Do. in pints do.	3½

Bombay, 1st January 1867 VOLKART BROTHERS.

Established in Bombay 1842.
Established in London, and Bordeaux 1815.

MESSRS. CUTLER, PALMER & Co. solicit that orders for their well known Wines, Spirits, and Cordials, from their friends in India, may be sent

In BOMBAY	from Messes and private consumers to Messrs. Rogers & Co.		
" "	from Native Shopkeepers to Eduljee Pallonjee Bottlewalla.		
" POONA	to Messrs. Rogers & Co.		
" Secunderabad Saugor			
" Kamptee &c.			
" Mhow	"	"	Merwanjee Cooverjee & Co.
" Ahmedabad	"	"	Jehangeer Pestonjee & Co.
" Kurrachee	"	"	Budgett and Hughes.
" Calicut	"	"	Hirjee & Co.
" Madras	"	"	Binny & Co.
" Calcutta	"	"	Folkard & Co.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s SPARKLING CHAMPAGNES specially prepared for India, shipped in quarts and pints :—in three qualities and four styles. These Wines are of the very best procurable.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s SHERRIES are selected with the greatest care and especially for a tropical climate: they comprise six qualities and styles.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s CLARETS are Pure Wines of the Choicest Vintages and Chateaux. These are shipped direct from their Bordeaux Cellars in six qualities, in quarts and pints.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s PORTS in quarts and pints, are Vintage Wines of two qualities only.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s MOSELLE AND HOCK, (in quarts and pints) either Sparkling or Still, are from the best known Houses in Germany. These Wines are confidently recommended as being inferior to none shipped to India.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s OLD PALE COGNAC, (protected by a Trade Mark on capsule and label). This well known old Brandy is highly recommended.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s BEST LONDON OLD TOM, and OLD JAMAICA RUM, need only be compared with similarly named spirits shipped to India to be preferred to them (protected by Trade Mark on capsule and label.)

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s IRISH AND SCOTCH WHISKEY from the most approved Distilleries (protected by Trade Mark.)

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s CORDIALS are Luxardo, Wynaud Fockink, and Heerings, shippers well known, and who excel all others in the manufacture of them. Cheap imitations should be avoided.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co. RESPECTFULLY notify that the selling prices of their Wines are fixed by their friends above named, to whom enquiries should be addressed for terms, &c.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
WHOLESALE LONDON HOUSE, 44, Mark Lane.
RETAIL LONDON HOUSE, Charing Cross Railway Arches.
BORDEAUX HOUSE Place, du Champs de Mars.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, at the Office of this Paper—Price Rs. [illegible]—Rules relating [illegible] Joint Stock Companies, made by [illegible] Bombay, pursuant to Secti[illegible] Act 1866.

FOR SALE, BOIL[illegible] ING, DRUMS, GI[illegible] ING for a complete Facto[illegible] [illegible]RS with ROOF. Private offers will be rece[illegible] [illegible]00 Gins. not sold privately it will be [illegible] and if the Machinery be in a few days. [illegible] up to PUBLIC AUCTION For further particulars [illegible] apply to LEX. C. BRICE & Co.
19th Sept. 1866.

FOR SALE [illegible] 83 [illegible] new IRON BARGES, measuring [illegible] in length, 20 feet beam, 6 feet in depth, and [illegible] with 2 inch Singapore teak—each BARGE will carry 35 Tons of Coal.
GEORGE WHITLEY, For Liquidators,
Bombay Reclamation Company.
Bombay, 4th January 1867.

FOR SALE, the two powerful STEAM TUGS, "ELEPHANTA" and RULANNER," built by the Thames Iron Ship Building Company, with Engines by John Stewart of Blackwall. Tonnage of each 125 Tons, horse-power (nominal) 70 Horses. These Steamers are quite new, and are in perfect order.
GEORGE WHITLEY, For Liquidators,
Bombay Reclamation Company.
Bombay, 4th January 1867.

FOR SALE, STEAM ENGINES, both Portable and Horizontal, of from 7 to 40 horse power. Apply to RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.

FOR SALE, at Matheran, the HOUSE called "THE BYKE," the Property of DR. LEITH. Apply to MESSRS. VURJEEVUNDASS MADOWDASS & Co., Graham's Buildings.

FOR SALE, at the GODOWNS of the undersigned —

Europe CANVASS and CORDAGE.
Messrs. Westley Richards & Co.'s

CARTRIDGES		Rs. 55 per 1,000
Do.	CAPS	" 6 " 1,000
One Breach-loading RIFLE		" 120.

EWART, LATHAM & Co

VALUABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE.—The LANDED PROPERTY of BOMANJEE FRAMJEE CAMA, situated at the Mount and Tank Bunder, principally consisting of the very LARGE BUNGALOW lately used as the Elphinstone Hotel with the Ground attached, to it say about 73,000 (seventy-three thousand) square yards; and the valuable land lying between that and Tank Bunder, comprising about 50,000 (fifty thousand) square yards. It can be divided into lots to suit purchasers.

Plans can be seen at the Office of the undersigned, where also full particulars as to Title &c. can be obtained.
T. F. PUNNETT,
Manager to the Trustees of B. F. Cama.
6 Rampart Row, Bombay, 23rd February 1867.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, a large quantity of the best WOULDHAM PORTLAND CEMENT. Apply to RITCHIE, STEUART, & Co.
Bombay, 18th December 1866.

DEALS.—FOR SALE, a quantity of DEALS, now lying on the Elphinstone Bunder Apply to ROPER, PRICE & Co.

FOR SALE.—One Vertical High pressure Steam Engine 9-inch Cylinder 10-inch Stock complete with shafting, drums, and strapping for driving a circular saw, lathes, gins &c.

One independent double geared drilling Machine, can drill holes up to 6 inches diameter.

One Ten-inch slide and screw cutting lathe 18 feet broad Apply to Messrs. ALEX. C. BRICE & Co. 27 Meadow Street.

Bombay, 14th January 1867.

SALES BY AUCTION.

RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE, No. 19, Meadow Street.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

A Mail Phaeton and Pair of well-bred Australian Horses. Price Rs. 2,500.

A Double-seated Brougham by Laurie and Marner, (nearly new). Price Rs. 1,800.

A Miniature Brougham by McNaught and Smith, in good order. Price Rs. 800.

The property of a Gentleman not longer requiring them.

The above can be seen on application to RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE, Auctioneer,

Bombay, 2nd March 1867. No. 19, Meadow Street, Fort.

G. B. GLADDING will sell by Public Auction.

On SATURDAY, 2nd inst., G. B. GLADDING will sell by Public Auction at a godown in Armenian Lane, a quantity of Office Furniture consisting of Shroffs Counters, Desks, Tables, Chairs, Screens, &c.

One single-seated Brougham.

On TUESDAY, 5th instant, G. B. GLADDING is instructed by the Sheriff of Bombay, to submit to Public Auction at a Godown near the Synagogue, (next door to Ramtolla Sullaman & Co.,) Byculla.

A Billiard Table (by Thurston), with Lamps, Carpets, &c., complete, Dining and other Tables, Screens, Brussels Carpets, four and two branch and single Argand Lamps, 50 Globe Lamps, Sets of Dinner and Breakfast Services, Cut Glassware, Cutlery and Electro-plated Ware, 33 Washhand Stands, and Toilet Sets, Blackwood Clothes Presses, Bathing Tubs, Foot Baths, a quantity of Beer, Champagne, Sherry, Whisky, and Sundry other Wines and Spirits, a large quantity of Cooking Utensils, Moulds, &c.

4 Bay and 2 Grey Horses, 1 Shigram, and 5 Sets Harness.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

One Brougham. G. B. GLADDING.

Bombay, 2nd March 1867.

CRAWFORD & Co., 3, Marine Street, Bombay.

SALE OF FIRST CLASS TEAK SCANTLINGS.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 2nd March, at 2 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tank Bunder, a quantity of First Class Teak Scantlings.

N. B.—Catalogues are published.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 4th March, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, the following :—

- 6 Bales Grey Jacconets.
- 5 " " Madapollams.
- 9 " " T. Cloths.
- 10 " " Shirtings.
- 7 " " Grey and White Dhotees.
- A few Cases T. Red Scarfs.
- 3 " " Mulls.
- 4 " " Cotton Handkerchiefs.
- A few Silver Watches.
- 10 Cases Glace Thread on Paper Cards.

A few Malabar Teak made Window Frames, Venetian Windows, Sashes, Fanlights, &c. By order of Weljee Dhurumsey, on account of Moolji Hurjeewun :—

41 Cases Green Tea.

By order of Thuckersey Mooljee, on account of the first purchaser Hurribhoy Motceram :—

10 Bales, 500 Pieces, Grey Shirtings.

SALE OF AN IRON COTTON SCREW AT CARNAC BUNDER.

On TUESDAY, the 5th March, at 2 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will submit to Public Auction, at Carnac Bunder, on account of whom it may concern, a strong and moveable Iron Cotton Screw complete that could be worked both by hand as well as steam.

25 per cent. deposit will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT SURAT.

If not previously disposed of privately.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the Estate of Mr. Cursetjee Furdonjee, the undersigned will submit the following properties for sale by Public Auction at their Rooms, in Marine Street, at 3 o'clock [illegible] 1867. WEDNESDAY, the 6th March [illegible]

LOT [illegible]

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with a large and a small bungalow, out-houses and stables, standing thereon, situate in the [illegible] street, called Nahanpoora, in the city of Surat, formerly belonging to Peroshaw Shapoorjee Furdonjee, registered under No. 406, in page 185, of the second volume of the Registrar of Title Deeds and bounded as follows:—on the [illegible] West and East [illegible]th by the Oart of by public road, on or towards the [illegible] the North by the Vurjdass Wejbhookhandas Executor of the late Andearoo Dosabhoy Pestonjee Jamasjee.

LOT 2.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with a newly built bungalow, out-houses and stable, standing thereon, situate in the European locality, near Moola Khudkee, in the city of Surat, formerly belonging to Pestonjee Burjorjee Etty, registered under No. 402 in page 79 of the second volume of the Registrar of Title Deeds.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT TARDEO.

Under instructions from the Liquidators of the Eastern Financial Association, the undersigned will submit to Public Auction on the premises, the following property :—

TARDEO.

On THURSDAY, the 7th March at 4 P.M., all that piece or parcel of Batty Ground, with the upper-storied Bungalow, stable, &c., standing thereon, situate, lying, and being at or near Tardeo, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 320, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 20, which said ground contains by admeasurement 687 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows :—on the East by Foras Road, on the West and South by Foras ground, the property of Motteebye, widow of Manockjee Nowrojee Wadia, and on the North by the property of Luxumon Jadowjee.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN FORT, AT 4 P. M., ON THE PREMISES.

On SATURDAY, the 9th March, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, (unless previously disposed of by private contract) by order of the Trustees of Messrs. DOSSABHOY MERWANJEE & Co., the range of Shops in No. 40, Borah Bazar Street, opposite to the Gunbawa well, bounded on the North by Gunbawa Street, on the South by the house of Dada Framroze, on the East by the property of Buchoobye, widow of Sorabjee Framjee Wadia, and on the West by Borah Bazar Street, measuring 118-3/9 square yards or thereabouts.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. DOSSABHOY MERWANJEE & Co., No. 7, Parsee Bazar Street, or to the Auctioneers.

SALE OF FURNITURE, CARRIAGES, HORSES, &c., AT KETVILLE LANDS, END ROAD, MALABAR HILL.

On SATURDAY, the 9th March, sale commencing at noon, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will submit to Public Auction at the abovenamed place, the following Valuable Articles of Household Furniture, the property of DUNCAN FLETCHER, Esq., namely, Cut Glassware, Neat Dinner, Dessert and Breakfast Sets, Plated Dish Covers, Hotwater, Curry Dishes, Tea Set, Salver, Spoons and Forks, Candlesticks, Blackwood Furniture, such as Tables, Chairs, Couches, Sideboard, Screens, Teapoys, Whatnots, Chiffoniers, Wardrobe, Gown and Clothes Presses, Chests of Drawers, Dressing and Washing Tables, Toilet Glasses, Cutlery, &c.; a few fine Chromolithographs, Oil Paintings and Engravings, selected with great taste, which are strongly recommended to notice, two very Handsome Brass Spring Bedstead fitted with Musquito Curtains which project two feet beyond all round to allow of freedom of ventilation and for the convenience of attendance in cases of sickness, seldom to be had.

AT 1 O'CLOCK.

A nearly new magnificent Barouche by Messenger, London.

A pair of Stylish Bay Horses with Harness complete.

VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the Estate of Mr. Jumnadass Kooshaldass, and [illegible] Mortgagee, Mes[illegible] Publi[illegible]

[illegible] Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will submit to Public Auction on the premises at 4 P. M., on TUESDAY, [illegible]2th March next.

DONGREE COOLEY STREET.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Sat Tar Mandavie Road, otherwise called Dongrey Cooley Street, without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and thirty-three square yards or thereabouts, 97½ square yards or thereabouts, of such one hundred and thirty-three and one half square yards being of fazendaree tenure, whereof Jeewajee Manockjee is or lately was the fazendar, and bounded on the east by that Sat Tar Mandavie Road, otherwise Dongree Cooley Street, on the west by a public passage for sweepers and by the house now or lately belonging to Bhaoo Merjee Kharara, on the north by the house now or lately belonging to Meya Husson Saled, otherwise Mahomed Husson Chorgay, and on the south by a messuage and premises now or lately belonging to Meya Fuzloodin Surwut, which said piece of ground and premises lastly hereinbefore described are registered in the Collector's rent roll under No. 770, and by the fazendar under No. 44, and are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 130.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY, SITUATED AT KALBADAVIE ROAD.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction by order of the Assignees of the Estates of CANDASS NARRANDASS an Insolvent, and with the consent of the Mortgagees.

LOT. 2.

On THURSDAY, the 14th instant, at 4 P. M., on the premises, all that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate in Kalbadavie Road, without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 244 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the North by the Public Road called Kalbadavie Road, on the South by the property of the Trustees of the Pinjrapore Fund, on the East by the property of Vurjeevendass Vulubhdass, and on the West by the property of Purmand Thuver, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 101, and by the Collector of Land Revenue under No.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

A delightful Bungalow at Mahableshwur, situated at the upper part of Clifton, possessing a well wooded compound, of a little more than 8 acres in extent, bounded on one side by a stream of delicious drinking water, and on the remaining three by a stone wall. The garden is well stocked with plants and produces, and excellent potatoes The Bungalow is pucka built, in good repair, and completely furnished. A plan of the House and a list of the furniture may be seen at the Rooms of the undersigned.

FOR PRIVATE SALE—PORT WINE.

Old, Mellow and Fruity, strongly recommended. Rs. 24 per case of one Jozen. Sample bottles may be obtained on payment of Rs. 2.

TO LET.—Office Premises in Marine Street, with a spacious Godown. Apply to the undersigned.

Bombay, 2nd March 1867. CRAWFORD & Co.

SALES BY AUCTION.

NOTICE TO MESS AND UP-COUNTRY CONSTITUENTS.—MESSRS. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. have to announce the arrival of fresh batch of their new Oilmanstores received ex-*Belpore*, consisting of Crosse and Blackwell's Ham, Bacon, Cheese, Pickles, Sauces, Salad Oil, Mustard, Asparagus, Flavouring Essence, Oxford, Bologna Sausages, Pate d fois gras and other Pates, Mince-meat, Potted Paste, Oyster and Lobster, Salted Salmon and Herrings, Sardines, Yarmouth Bloater, Herring a la Sardine, Cocoa Paste and Nibs, Green Peas, Preserved and stewed Mushroom, Fruit in Syrup assorted, Crystallized Fruit Confectionery, Jelly in variety, Fruit in Noyeau, French Plums and Prunes, fresh batch of Gillon's celebrated preserved Provision. Also, Just to hand, fresh batch of China Tea, and Trichonopoly Cheroots. Messrs. M. J. & Co. have now on hand cut fresh Cheeses which will be sold cheap to ensure quick sale. Less than a pound will not be sold; inspection invited.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, nd2 March 1867.

DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co., Nos. 12 and 13, Apollo Street.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 2nd instant, Messrs. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, at 12 o'clock noon, Household Furniture, such as Couches, Camp Cots, Tables, Chairs, Teapoys, Cupboards, &c. &c, also 2 Sets of Plated Mounted Double Harness, 25 Sets of Plated and Brass Mounted Harness, Furniture, 4 Pairs Glass Pedestal Table Argand Lamps, complete, 2 Plated Tea Kettles, 1 Tea Set, Pickle and Cruet Frames, Cake Basket, Sugar Pot, 2 Sets of Electro-plated Spoons and Forks, 4 Boxes of Children's Spoons, Forks, and Knives, 2 Steam Gauges, 12 Marine Compasses of sizes, a few Silver Pencil Cases, large Musical Boxes, a few dozen Pepsin's Medicine, &c. &c.

Also, a lot of Grey Piece Goods, such as Grey Shirting, Jacconets, Madapollams, &c. &c.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY.

MESSRS. DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th March 1867, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, by order of Abdool Rahiman Bukshabhoy, the mortgagee of the said premises, under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in an Indenture of mortgage bearing date the 18th day of November 1865, and made between Boodunkhan Esmailkhan of the one part, and Moola Abdool Rahim Bukshabhoy of the other part; all that piece or parcel of land, or Fuzendaree ground belonging to the Church of N. Sra de Esperance, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at the Dan Tarr, 1st Row, or called Garray Moola Mohulla, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 49, and registered in the Fuzendaree books under No. 15, containing by admeasurement 12¼ feet in breadth, and 70 feet in length, together with out-houses, building, yard, compound, well, &c. &c., and bounded as follows :—that is to say, on or towards the East by the sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by the said Dan Tarr, 1st Row, or called Garray Moola Mohulla, on or towards the North by the house of Parsee Jamsetjee Bhajeekhow, and on towards the South by the house of Syed Abdool Rahiman.

For particulars, reference may be made to the undersigned.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

One very light single Horse Brougham by "Startin."
One Palanquin shaped Office Shigram (in good order.)
Best Port Wine, Sherry, Beer, &c.

DINSHAW HORMUSJEE & Co.

Bombay, 2nd March 1867.

BENNETT & Co.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 2nd instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of Grey and other Piece Goods, Twist, &c.

Also, Carved Blackwood Furniture, such as Chiffoniers, Tables, Chairs, Couches, Cots, Presses, Chests of Drawers, Teapoys, Screens, Sideboard, Pianoforte, Lamps, Pictures, Carpets, Dinner Service, Breakfast and Tea do., Glass Ware, Plated Articles, &c.

By order of the Official Assignee :—
1 French Treasure Chest.
1 Sawing Machine.
1 Fire Proof Safe, by Price.

AT 1 P. M.

An excellent light, nearly new, Palanquin-shaped Office Shigram, with a large Grey Arab Horse, 15 hands high, and Harness complete, the property of an Officer going to England, and any other Carriages and Horses offering.

On account of the concerned, ex-*Royal Alfred* :—

H M & Co. 1 bale Horrock's Grey Long Cloth, 50
F 3407 pieces, damaged.

In Re Ismailjee Alleybhoy and others :—

Some cases of French Glass for windows.

A first-rate Dog Cart with Horse and Harness complete, the property of a gentleman proceeding to Europe.

SALE OF SHIP "SOOLTANA."—[illegible]tant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. w[illegible] next, the [illegible] Auction at their Rooms, by order of Haje[illegible] [illegible]lisky, and by the consent of the Agent in Calcutta, Aga Mearja Abdool Currim Seerajee, and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor :—

Ship *Sooltana* with her mast, sails, &c.

She now lies at Boree Bunder, 502 tons, and can now be inspected by intending purchasers.

SALE OF COPERAS.

On MONDAY next, the 4th instant, at 2 P. M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at a Godown of, and by order of Hadjee Joseph Noor Mahomed, at Musjid Bunder, Khan Bazaar, on account and at the risk of the first purchasers, Gachee Russool Meetha & Co. About 400 or 450 Mooras or Robbins of Coperas.

AUCTION SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PLATED, GLASS AND QUEEN'S WARE, PIANO, BILLIARD TABLE, &c., AT THE MAZAGON POLICE OFFICE.

On MONDAY next, the 4th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Mazagon Police Office, the elegant household Furniture, Plated Glass and Queen's Ware, a square Piano, a Miniature Billiard Table, &c., of Major HENDERSON leaving Bombay, the same comprising Cut Glass Ware, Neat Dinner, Dessert and Breakfast Sets, Plated Dish Covers, Hotwater Curry Dishes, Tea Set, Salver, Spoons and Forks, Candlesticks, Salvers, Blackwood Furniture, such as Tables, Chairs, Couches, Sideboard, Screens, Teapoys, Whatnots, Chiffoniers, Bedstead, Wardrobe, Gown and Clothes Presses, Chests of Drawers, Dressing and Washing Tables, Toilet Glasses, Cutlery, Copper Cooking Utensils, Dispense Articles, &c.

No Catalogues, and the Property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY AND MACHINERY OF THE BOMBAY OIL PRESSING COMPANY (LIMITED), AT THE ELPHINSTONE BUNDER.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed by G. R. WILSON, Esq., Official Liquidator of the Bombay Oil Pressing Company (Limited), to submit to Public Auction on the premises, early in March next, at 2 o'clock P M., the valuable Leasehold Property and Machinery of the Bombay Oil Pressing Company (Limited), in separate Lots.

Full particulars will be given hereafter, and Catalogues to be published.

No. 5, Forbes Street, BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 2nd March 1867.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.

FOR Thirty Years the Medical Profession have approved of this pure solution as the best remedy for *Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Gout, and Indigestion.*

And as a mild Aperient for delicate constitutions, especially adapted for ladies and children. When combined with their ACIDULATD LEMON SYRUP

It forms a most agreeable effervescing draught, which is both a gentle aperient and grateful febrifuge.

In hot seasons and hot climates the regular use of this simple remedy has been found highly beneficial.

IT IS PREPARED BY
DINNEFORD & Co.
CHEMISTS, &c.,
172, NEW BOND STREET, LONDON.

Sold by all respectable Chemists throughout the World.

CAUTION.—See that "DINNEFORD & Co." is on each bottle and red label over the cork.

DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, FEVER, AGUE, ETC.
CHLORODYNE.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a certain cure in Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colics, &c.

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Extract from the General Board of Health, London, as to its efficacy in Cholera.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." From A. Montgomery, Esq., late Inspector of Hospitals, Bombay.—"Chlorodyne is a most valuable remedy in Neuralgia, Asthma, and Dysentery. To it I fairly [illegible]

[illegible] restora[illegible]ring, and [illegible]

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—CAUTION.—None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government Stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole Manufacturer, J. T. Davenport, 33, Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. The immense demand enables the proprietors to reduce the price; it is now sold in bottles, 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s.

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—See *The Times*, July 13, 1864.

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport, that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne.—See *Lancet*, Dec. 31, 1864.

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Extract from *Medical Times*, Jan. 12, 1866—"Is prescribed by scores of orthodox medical practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not 'supply a want and fill a place.'"

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the best and most certain remedy in Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, &c.

Agents—CALCUTTA : SCOTT, THOMPSON & Co.; W. J. PETTAR, 74, Olive-street; NEW MEDICAL HALL COMPANY. BOMBAY : TREACHER & Co. HONGKONG : Mr. A. S. WATSON.

J. T. DAVENPORT, 33, Great Russell-street,
London, W.C.

☞ Be not deceived by any piracy, imitation, or substitution of the word CHLORODYNE, a name exclusively adopted by Dr. BROWNE for his wonderful remedy, the great success of which has given rise to various subterfuges.

Holloway's Pills.—Stomach, Liver, and Bowels.—There is nothing hurtful in the composition of these purifying Pills, nothing that can injure the most delicate constitution. They improve the appetite, quicken the energies of of the stomach and liver, and regulate the bowels. They thus become the surest safeguards against indigestion, and the safest promoters of the body's growth and the mind's development. Holloway's Pills exert a wholesome alterative and tonic action on every internal organ, and they regulate every disordered or debilitated function. They are natural, and therefore efficient, purifiers and correctives. Few unhealthy conditions of the stomach or digestive apparatus can withstand the accumulative healthy influence obtained over the whole frame when these Pills are judiciously and perseveringly taken by invalids.

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